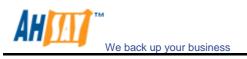


Administrator's Guide

Ahsay Systems Corporation Limited

October 17, 2013



Ahsay Universal Backup System Administrator's Guide

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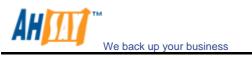
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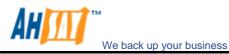
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	8.2.1.4 Proxy	Туро
	8.2.1.5 SSHD	Туро
	8.2.1.6 UPS	New
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_	8.2.1.6.3 Device List	New
	8.2.1.7 SNMP	New
	8.2.1.7.1 SNMP Settings	New
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	Appendix K SNMP OID List	New
	Appendix L - MIB Browser	New
27 Jun 2012	4.3 Installer Deployment	Modified
	6.1 Pre-Installation	Modified
	8.4.2.2 Create Additional Storage	Туро
	Appendix M – VMware Tools Support	New
31 Jul 2012	1.1 Notes	Modified



	4.1 Backup System Requirements	Modified
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04 Oct 2012	Copyright Notice	Modified
12 Oct 2012	1.1 Notes	Modified
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19 Mar 2013	1.1 Notes	Modified
24 Apr 2013	1.1 Notes	Modified
05 Aug 2013	1.1 Notes	Modified
07 Oct 2013	1.1 Notes	Modified

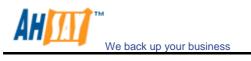
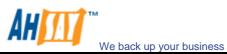


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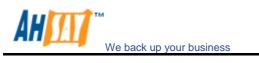
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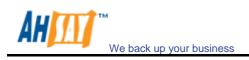
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1. Release Announcement

1.1 Notes

- 1. AhsayUBS v2.15.0.0 is bundled with AhsayOBSR v6.15.0.0.
- 2. AhsayUBS v2.9.0.0 is based on a new FreeBSD 8.3 release.
- 3. AhsayUBS v2.7.0.0 supports backup/restore of user home data to tape drive.
- 4. AhsayUBS v2.7.0.0 supports the migration of additional user storage volumes.
- 5. The maximum total number of supported processor cores has been increased from 16 to 32. Please refer to <u>Chapter 4.1.1</u> for more details.
- 6. The minimum memory requirement for AhsayUBS v2.5.2.0 or above is 2GB RAM, if the AhsayUBS installer detects the machine has less than 2GB RAM it will not proceed with the installation or upgrade.
- 7. For machines installed with 64bit CPU, AhsayUBS will now only run in 64 bit mode. The option to switch to 32bit mode has been removed from the AhsayUBS "System Management Console (64bit)" menu.
- 8. For machines installed with 32bit CPU. The option to switch to 64bit mode has been removed from the AhsayUBS "System Management Console (32bit)" menu.
- 9. Existing AhsayUBS installations on 64bit machines, which were running in 32bit mode prior to upgrade. Will automatically boot up in 64bit mode after upgrading to AhsayUBS v2.5.2.0 or above.
- 10.AhsayUBS is not supported running as a guest O/S under Microsoft Hyper-V as FreeBSD 8.2-stable release is not a supported Hyper-V guest O/S.
- 11. Supports the upgrade of AhsayUBS installations from v1.1.0.0 onwards.
- 12. The upgrade of AhsayUBS installations running on both the UFS storage model and the previous ZFS storage model.
- 13. Supports both iSCSI and Additional Storage features.
- 14.Branding of AhsayUBS is supported on the Ahsay Customization Portal. Please refer to the <u>Chapter 8.8</u> and the <u>Ahsay Customization Portal User's</u> <u>Guide</u> for details.



1.2 The UFS storage model

For backwards compatibility with older AhsayUBS versions, the UFS storage model is also supported. After upgrading, the 'geom_concat.ko', 'geom_stripe.ko', and 'geom_raid5.ko' module will be loaded by the FreeBSD to support the UFS storage model. To check if these kernel modules have been loaded correctly you can run the "kldstat" command, which will return the following output.

ahs	savubs	:~# kldstat		
		Address	Size	Name
1	12	0x80400000	a25a60	kernel .
2	1	0x80e26000	5594	vesa.ko
3		0x80eec000		geom_concat.ko
4		0x80ef3000		geom_mirror.ko
5		0x80f0a000		geom_stripe.ko
6		0x85f12000		geom_raid5.ko
7		0x8981e000		zfs.ko
8		0x89941000		opensolaris.ko
9		0x8a8ab000		iscsi_initiator.ko
10	1	0x8a89c000	3000	splash_bmp.ko

The 'Master Storage Device' on AhsayUBS v2.3.0.0 is preserved in UFS format which is mounted on '/ubs/mnt/eslsfw' upon system boot time. The following example shows a UFS filesystem mount as '/ubs/mnt/eslsfw'.

ahsayubs:~# df -h				territoria de la composición de la comp	
Filesystem	Size	Used	Avail	Capacity	Mounted on
/dev/md0	77M	63M	15M	81%	/
devfs	1.0K	1.0K	OB	100%	/dev
/dev/mirror/40CF97AFxesfmfw	739M	219M	461M	32%	/ubs/mnt/esfmfw
/dev/raid5/40CF97AFxes1sfw	5.6G	1.3G	3.9G	25%	/ubs/mnt/eslsfw
/dev/mirror/40CF97AFxesosfw	186M	64M	107M	38%	/ubs/mnt/esosfw

The Optional Labelled Device in the old AhsayUBS will migrated in this version of AhsayUBS which is one of the storage types called "Optional Storage" inside the "Additional Storage". Volume status and UFS filesystem integrity checking (fsck) are also available in this AhsayUBS version. For details, please refer to the section [Storage].



1.3 The ZFS storage model

AhsayUBS v2.5.2.0 is implemented with ZFS v5 and ZPOOL v28. The existing ZPOOL(s) will not be upgraded and only newly created ZPOOL will be applied with the ZIL. As the ZFS storage model is based on a GMIRROR and ZFS design, therefore the 'geom_mirror.ko', 'opensolaris.ko', and 'zfs.ko' kernel modules will be loaded by the FreeBSD. The GEOM kernel modules used previously for UFS support 'geom_concat.ko', 'geom_stripe.ko', and 'geom_raid5.ko' will also be loaded. To check if these kernel modules have been loaded correctly you can run the "kldstat" command, which will return the following output.

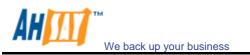
abe	avuba	:~# kldstat		
Τd	Rets	Address	Size	Name
1	12	0x80400000	a25a60	kernel
2	1	0x80e26000	5594	vesa.ko
3	1	0x80eec000	6124	geom_concat.ko
4	1	0x80ef3000	163c0	geom_mirror.ko
5	1	0x80f0a000	776c	geom_stripe.ko
6	1	0x85f12000	17204	geom_raid5.ko
7	1	0x8981e000	123000	zfs.ko
8		0x89941000		opensolaris.ko
9	1	0x8a8ab000	11000	iscsi_initiator.ko
10	1	0x8a89c000	3000	splash_bmp.ko

The 'Master Storage Device' on AhsayUBS is configured as a ZPOOL with the following pool name 'eslsfwx{UID}' format. The ZFS pool will be mounted on '/ubs/mnt/eslsfw' upon system boot time. The following example shows a zpool volume of size 191GB "eslsfwx839830C2" mount as '/ubs/mnt/eslsfw'

ahsayubs:~# df -h					
Filesystem	Size	Used	Avail	Capacity	Mounted on
/dev/md0	77M	65M	12M	84%	/
devfs	1.OK	1.OK	OB	100%	/dev
/dev/mirror/839830C2xesfmfw	739M	638M	42M	94%	/ubs/mnt/esfmfw
es1sfwx839830C2	191G	276M	191G	0%	/ubs/mnt/eslsfw
/dev/mirror/839830C2xesosfw	186M	61M	110M	36%	/ubs/mnt/esosfw
ahsayubs:~# 🧧					

For volume status and ZFS filesystem integrity checking, please refer to the section [Storage] for details

pool: state:	s:~# zpool status eslsfwx839830C2 ONLINE scrub completed after Oh	Om with O	errors	3 on Si	ın Apr	3 00:00:15 2011	
	NAME	STATE	READ	WRITE	CKSUM		
	es1sfwx839830C2	ONLINE	0	0	0		
	labe1/839830C2xd00p04	ONLINE	0	0	0		
errors: ahsayub	No known data errors s:~# <mark>-</mark>						



The other "esgpbt", "esosfw", and "esfmfw" System Firmware Devices are still mounted from the /etc/fstab file.

ahsayubs:~# cat /etc/fstab /dev/md0 / ufs rw 0 0 /dev/mirror/839830C2xesosfw /ubs/mnt/esosfw ufs ro 1 1 /dev/mirror/839830C2xesfmfw /ubs/mnt/esfmfw ufs ro 1 1 ahsayubs:~#

The ZFS storage model is used for the following AhsayOBSR locations:

- i. %USER_HOME%
- ii. %SYSTEM_HOME%
- iii. %POLICY_HOME%
- iv. %CONF_HOME%
- v. %WEBAPPS_HOME%
- vi. %RECEIVER_HOME%

The other "System Firmware Devices" such as "esgpbt", "esosfw", and "esfmfw" will remain unchanged as GEOM MIRROR based UFS volumes. The GEOM device names are in the following formats:

- i. GPT Boot {UID}xesgpbt
- ii. Operating System Framework {UID}xesosfw
- iii. Firmware Module Framework {UID}xesfmfw

Note:

For production AhsayUBS servers configured with ZFS volume(s). It is strongly recommended to install at least 4 GB RAM, as ZFS volumes require relatively large amount of memory to run. The amount of memory required is dependent on the size of the ZFS volume and the amount of I/O activity.



1.4 ZFS Integrity Checking

In order to safeguard the data integrity of the files on the ZFS volume, a weekly "zpool scrub" (zpool volume data integrity check) is performed starting at 00:00 every Sunday morning. To verify the checksums of all the data in the specified ZFS pools are correct. The scheduled started time of the "zpool scrub" is currently not user configurable and it cannot be disabled in this version of AhsayUBS. Once the "zpool scrub" job has started it is not possible to stop it.

To check the status of the "zpool scrub", you can use the "zpool status" command which will return the following output. For the following example the "zpool scrub" has checked 56.33% of the pool: eslsfwx839830C2

```
ahsayubs:~# zpool status
 pool: eslsfwx839830C2
state: ONLINE
scrub: scrub in progress for OhOm, 56.33% done, OhOm to go
config:
       NAME
                                            READ WRITE CKSUM
                                 STATE
        es1sfwx839830C2
                                 ONLINE
                                                     Ο
                                                           Ο
                                                     Ο
          labe1/839830C2xd00p04 ONLINE
errors: No known data errors
ahsayubs:~# 🛛
```

If an additional data integrity check is required in between the scheduled weekly checks. It is possible to initiate a manual "zpool scrub" using the "zpool scrub {% POOL_NAME%}" command. As with the weekly "zpool scrub", the AhsayOBSR service and backup/restore operations can continue to run as normal.

Note:

There may be some performance overhead associated with a "zpool scrub", i.e. CPU utilization, memory, and increased I/O activity. The performance overhead is proportional to the amount of data on the ZFS volume.



1.5 FreeBSD and ZFS Implementation

The ZFS version 5 and ZPOOL v28 on AhsayUBS has undergone an extended period of intensive performance and load testing, which has consistently delivered superior performance and data integrity results in comparison to UFS.

daO: 204800MB (419430400 512 byte sectors: 255H 63S/T 26108C)
da1 at mpt0 bus 0 target 1 lun 0
da1: <vmware 1.0="" disk="" virtual=""> Fixed Direct Access SCSI-2 device</vmware>
da1: 320.000MB/s transfers (160.000MHz, offset 127, 16bit)
dal: Command Queueing Enabled
da1: 102400MB (209715200 512 byte sectors: 255H 63S/T 13054C)
SMP: AP CPU #3 Launched!
SMP: AP CPU #1 Launched!
SMP: AP CPU #2 Launched!
GEOM_MIRROR: Device mirror/839830C2xesgpbt launched (1/1).
GEOM_MIRROR: Device mirror/839830C2xesosfw launched (1/1).
GEOM_MIRROR: Device mirror/839830C2xesfmfw launched (1/1).
Trying to mount root from ufs:/dev/md0
This module (opensolaris) contains code covered by the
Common Development and Distribution License (CDDL)
see http://opensolaris.org/os/licensing/opensolaris_license/
WARNING: ZFS is considered to be an experimental feature in FreeBSD.
ZFS filesystem version 3
ZFS storage pool version 13

1.6 Storage Model Migration

For existing AhsayUBS customers who wish to migrate from UFS to ZFS storage model, only a manual migration method is available.

The migration process will involve:

- i. Copying the existing user data from AhsayUBS server to another storage device.
- ii. Use the latest AhsayUBS installer to install a new version of AhsayUBS on the existing machine, **which will overwrite all existing data**.
- iii. Copy the user data from the storage device back to the AhsayUBS server.

2. Overview

The process to setup Ahsay Universal Backup System (AhsayUBS) firmware on a machine is divided into 4 stages:

1. Installer Image Deployment Deploys Ahsay Universal Backup System Installer image on removable storage devices / CD-ROM / DVD-ROM

2. Firmware Installation/Upgrade Install / upgrade Ahsay Universal Backup System Firmware into a machine.

3. Ahsay Universal Backup System Configuration Configures the Ahsay Universal Backup System Firmware.

4. Backup Server Configuration Configures the Backup Server and Replication Server (AhsayOBS and AhsayRPS)

There are different software/hardware requirements for each stage. Please ensure that all the requirements are met before deploying the Ahsay^M Universal Backup System to the machine. For information on the software/hardware requirements, please refer to <u>Chapter 4 System Requirements</u> of this document.

2.1 Ahsay Universal Backup System Firmware

AhsayUBS Firmware is a customized FreeNAS firmware with AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS bundled and it is optimized to run AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS. Apart from AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS, it also contains some basic features that system administrator require, e.g. SSH and system monitor.

2.1.1 AhsayUBS Storage Concepts

The AhsayUBS installer will automatically detect all available local hard disk(s) during the installation progress. The selected hard disk(s) will be partitioned to form "Systsem Storage". Several RAID devices will be created on the "System Storage":

i. GPT Boot (GPBT)

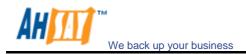
ii. Operating System Framework (OSFW)

iii. Firmware Module Framework (FMFW)

iv. Logical Storage Framework (LSFW)

The GPBT, OSFW and FMFW volume are configured as RAID1 in UFS file system to form the core system. The LSFW RAID device: - Supports JBOD, RAID0, RAID1 and RAID5 in UFS format for old version of

AhsayUBS.



- Supports RAIDO, RAID1 and RAIDZ in ZFS format for the new version of AhsayUBS (The raid type depends on the number of hard disks installed and selected during AhsayUBS installation, for RAID0 the minimum number of disks is required is 1, for RAID1 and RAIDZ the minimum number of disks required is 2).

These volumes are named "System Storage". The OSFW, FMFW devices will be created on the Unix File System (UFS). The firmware configuration files will be stored on OSFW and the AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS configuration files and backup data will be stored on LSFW.

If the LSFW file system runs out of disk space, extra storage can be added to the system by either:

- i. Adding a new block device to the system hardware.
- ii. Creating an iSCSI connection to a remote storage server.

The added block devices will be partitioned and formatted to form "Modular Storage (ZFS + ZIL)". The previously suported additional storage 'Modular Storage (ZFS)', 'Expandable Storage (ZFS)' and 'Optional Storage (UFS)' will also be listed in the summary page. However, only removal of those additional storage is allowed. Expandable Storage volumes (ZFS) can no longer be created.

There are three types of Additional Storage:

i. Modular Storage (ZFS / ZFS+ZIL)

- can be created by one or more local block device to form a volume either in RAID0, RAID1 or RAIDZ (is dependent on the number of hard disks used to form the volume). Since this AhsayUBS version, the underlying ZPOOL will be added with a ZIL layer.

ii. Expandable Storage (ZFS)

- created in the former AhsayUBS versions with a hardware raid volume or an iSCSI initiator session connected to this AhsayUBS machine. A RAIDO ZFS filesystem will be formed for each of the Expandable Storage. It is for supporting the old migrated AhsayUBS only and cannot be created in this version of AhsayUBS.

iii. Optional Storage (UFS)

- called "Optional Labelled Device" on earlier AhsayUBS versions. It is for supporting the older migrated AhsayUBS installations only and cannot be created in this version of AhsayUBS.

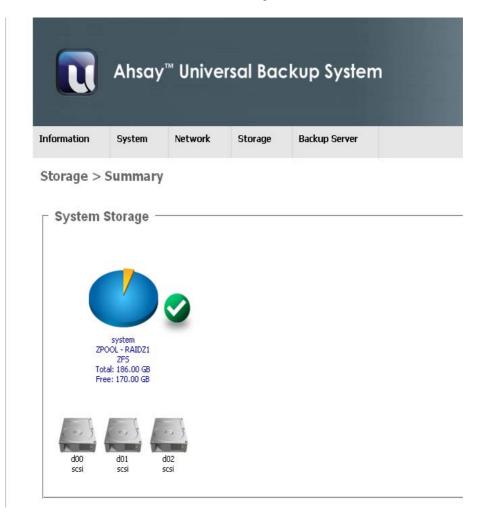
By configuring the AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS, the "Additional Storage" can be used as additional storage for storing server configuration files and backup data.

Note:



Minimum size 100GB is required for the AhsayUBS Backup System block devices (i.e. System Storage and Additional Storage). Otherwise, the added block device will not be allowed for fail disk replacement and additional storage.

The AhsayUBS WebAdmin page, under [Storage] > [Summary] will show the overview of the volumes created on AhsayUBS.





3. Important Notice

The Ahsay[™] Universal Backup System provides console access to the "System Management Console" by connecting a keyboard and a VGA monitor to the machine. To prevent unauthorized access to the AhsayUBS System Management Console, it is advised to change the AhsayUBS administrator password.



4. System Requirements

This chapter describes the system requirements for the Installer Image Deployment, Backup System firmware Installation/ Upgrade, Backup System and Backup Server Configuration.

4.1 Backup System Requirements

The selected machine must meet the following requirements:

- CPU: At least 1 CPU that is FreeBSD i386 / amd64 compatible.
- Memory Size: 2 GB minimum
- Disk Storage Space: 100GB per disk minimum
- Network interface card (NIC): At least 1 NIC that is FreeBSD i386/amd64 compatible.

If an AhsayUBS server motherboard supports Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) standard. The boot mode must set to BIOS boot manager and the AhsayUBS installed hard disk specified as the first the boot device.

If the AhsayUBS installer detects that the machine is installed with less then 2GB RAM the installation or upgrade process will be aborted.

AhsayUBS is not supported running as a guest O/S under Microsoft Hyper-V, as FreeBSD 8.2-stable release is not a supported Hyper-V guest O/S.

For production AhsayUBS servers configured with ZFS volume(s). It is strongly recommended to:

i. Install AhsayUBS on a 64bit machine.

ii. Install at least 4 GB RAM, as ZFS volumes require relatively large amount of memory to run. The amount of memory required is dependent on the size of the ZFS volume and the amount of I/O activity.

For the list of FreeBSD i386/amd64 compatible processors, please refer to Appendix A.

WARNING:

For 32bit production AhsayUBS servers configured with ZFS volumes. Due to FreeBSD kernel memory limitations on 32bit CPU's, combined with the relatively high memory usage requirements of ZFS volumes. AhsayUBS servers hosting large amounts of data can become unstable and even crash, which could result in data corruption on AhsayOBS.



4.1.1 AhsayUBS Processor Configuration

From AhsayUBS v2.5.2.0 onwards AhsayUBS supports up to a maximum of 32 virtual processors for both i386/amd64 compatible CPU's.

In order to comply with the maximum supported virtual processors limit on FreeBSD, the system administrator should verify the number of virtual processors enabled on the AhsayUBS machine and apply the correct processor setup on the machines BIOS before proceeding with AhsayUBS installation or upgrade.

The maximum number of virtual processors is calculated as:

(No. of sockets) * (No. of cores per processor) * (Hyper Threading).

The following are examples of processor configurations.

Supported Processor Configurations

- One Socket, Dual-Core Intel CPU, Hyper Threading Enabled

 (1) * (2) * (2) = 4 virtual processors
- 2. Two Sockets, 6-Core Intel CPU, Hyper Threading Enabled
 (2) * (6) * (2) = 24 virtual processors
- 3. Two Sockets, 8-Core Intel CPU, Hyper Threading Enabled
 (2) * (8) * (2) = 32 virtual processors
- 4. Four Sockets, 4-Core Intel CPU, Hyper Threading Enabled
 (4) * (4) * (2) = 32 virtual processors

Non-supported Processor Configurations and workarounds

Two Sockets, 12-Core AMD CPU, Hyper Threading Enabled
 (2) * (12) * (2) = 48 virtual processors

It is recommended the number of cores per CPU be set at 8 on the machine BIOS:

(2) * (8) * (2) = 32 virtual processors

2. Four Sockets, 8-Core Intel CPU, Hyper Threading Enabled
(4) * (8) * (2) = 64 virtual processors

It is recommended that Hyper Threading is disabled on both CPU's on the machine BIOS:

(4) * (8) * (1) = 32 virtual processors

3. Four Sockets, 10-Core Intel CPU, Hyper Threading Enabled
(4) * (10) * (2) = 80 virtual processors



It is recommended that Hyper Threading is disabled on both CPU's and the number of cores per CPU be set at 8 on the machine BIOS: (4) * (8) * (1) = 32 virtual processors

WARNING:

If AhsayUBS is installed on a machine where the number of virtual processors configured exceeds the maximum supported value of 32. This will cause FreeBSD to become unstable and crash, which could result in data corruption on AhsayOBS.

4.2 Installer Media Requirements

AhsayUBS installer is available in three different media formats. Please choose one of the methods to deploy the installer image to a machine:

- 1. USB Flash Drive: 1GB minimum
- 2. Compact Flash Card (CF Card): 1GB minimum
- 3. CD-ROM/DVD-ROM, depending on the installer ISO image size.

4.3 Installer Deployment

Please ensure the following requirements are met before deploying Ahsay[™] Universal Backup System image to a USB flash drive.

- The USB flash drive is listed in our supported hardware list. Please refer to <u>Chapter 4.2</u> for more information on the supported USB flash drives.
- The USB flash drive should meet the minimum <u>1GB</u> storage size requirements.
- Previous data stored on the USB flash drive should be backed up properly. Once the deployment process begins, all data on the USB flash drive will be OVERWRITTEN.
- The AhsayUBS Deployment Utility must be run on a Windows XP computer.
- To avoid selecting the incorrect drive for deployment, it is advised to remove all other USB storage devices such as USB portable hard disk and other USB flash drive.

Note: When you reinstall AhsayUBS, please refer to the following link to perform <u>user storage migration</u>.

AhsayUBS Firmware Installation / Upgrade

Please ensure the following requirements are met before installing / upgrading AhsayUBS Firmware:

- Connect a VGA Monitor and a keyboard to the target machine.
- Make sure that there are local block devices (e.g. "ide", "scsi") installed in the machine.
- The installation process will destroy all the data in the local block devices installed in the machine. To protect the data in some of the local block devices, it is recommended to remove them before the installation of AhsayUBS Firmware.
- The upgrade process requires the existing RAID storage configuration to be healthy. The upgrade process will not be able to continue on system configuration with one or more DEGRADED RAID devices.

4.4 AhsayUBS and Backup Server Configuration

The following requirements must be met before setting up the network in the AhsayUBS console:

- Configure the firewall of your computer to enable traffic for the following ports:
 - a. Port 22 (For SSH and SFTP)
 - b. Port 8080 (For accessing AhsayUBS WebAdmin).
 - c. Port 80 and 443 (For accessing AhsayOBS/AhsayRPS web console)



5. Installer Image Deployment

This chapter describes how to prepare the installer source to deploy AhsayUBS.

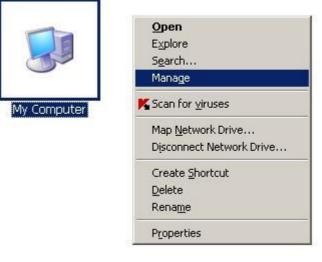
5.1 Removable Storage Device

WARNING: Please backup any data stored in the removable storage device before deploying the Ahsay UBS Installer image to it. Otherwise, all the data in the storage device will be <u>DESTROYED</u>.

5.1.1 Step 1 Preparation

Please follow the instructions below to view the current disk configuration from [Computer Management] Console:

Right click on [My Computer] on desktop and select [Manage].





Click on [Disk Management] from the [Computer Management] MMC console. All connected storage device(s) will be listed and marked as [Disk *].

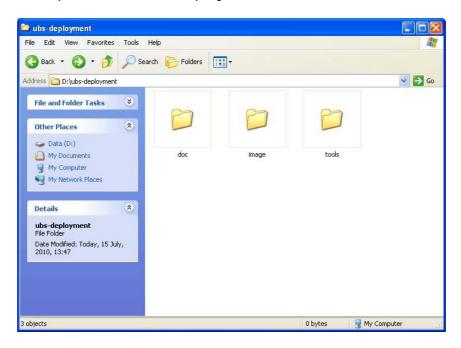
Attach the removable device to your computer and refresh the [Disk Management] console. This can be done by pressing the [F5] button on your keyboard. The new disk should be shown in the [Computer Management] console. In our example. It is shown as [Disk 1] with a drive letter "F".

🗜 Computer Management 📰 🗖 🔀										
📕 File Action View Window H	B File Action View Window Help									
Computer Management (Local)	Volume L	Partition Partition	Basic Basic	File System FAT NTFS	Status Healthy (EISA Configuration) Healthy Healthy	1.91 GB	Free Space 31 MB 1.91 GB 823 MB	% Free 79 % 100 % 1 %	Fault Tolerance No No No	Overhead 0% 0% 0%
Cocal Users and Groups More and Alert: Device Manager Storage More Alert: More Alert:	■OS (C:) P	Partition	Basic	NTFS	Healthy (System)	20.00 GB	801 MB	3%	No	0%
Disk Defragmenter	<									>
B Services and Applications	Contract of the second	(F 1.9 Hea	MB FAT althy (EI 11 GB althy		C) IGB NTFS iv y (System)		Data (D:) 48.32 GB N Healthy			
< >	Primary parti	tion 📕 E	xtended	partition 📘	Logical drive					



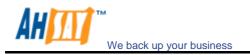
5.1.2 Step 2 Deploy the Installer image with "AhsayUBS Deployment Utility"

Download the AhsayUBS deployment bundle from our website. Extract all files from the bundle to a temporary directory. In this example, it is d:\ubs-deployment.



The deployment program is stored in DeploymentUtility folder under %UBS_DEPLOYMENT_DIR%\tools\. In this example, the path for the deployment utility is d:\ubs-deployment\tools\DeploymentUtility. Double click the "DeploymentUtil.exe" icon to launch the utility.

DeploymentUtility e Edit View Favorites Too	ols Help			1
🕽 Back 🝷 🕥 - 🏂 🔎	Search 🎼 Folders	•		
dress 🛅 D:\ubs-deployment\tools	\DeploymentUtility			💌 🄁 🤇
File and Folder Tasks 🛛 😵				
Other Places		8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9		
Cols Cols My Documents Computer	DeploymentUtil.exe	GPL-2	LGPL-2.1	
My Network Places		1	-	
DeploymentUtil.exe Application				
Date Modified: Yesterday, 14 July, 2010, 17:08 Size: 193 KB	LICENSE	mingwm10.dll	QtCore4.dll	
JIC6, 173 NU	1			



After launching the DeploymentUtil software, click on the 'E' from the [Image File] to select the image file to copy.

S
Exit

In the popup windows, select the AhsayUBS installer image, ahsayubsinstaller-*.img from %UBS_DEPLOYMENT_DIR%\image, i.e. d:\ubsdeployment\image.

👺 AhsayUBS Deployment Utility 🛛 🔀	Select a UBS Installer image file	? 🗙
Instaler Image	Look in: 🎓 DeploymentUtility 💽 🔶 🖆 📰 •	
Removable Device	My Recent Documents Desktop	
Progress	My Documents	
Deploy Cancel Exit	My Computer	
	Places	oen ncel

Select the target drive in the [Removable Device] drop down panel (i.e. drive F in our case).

👺 AhsayUBS Deployment Utility	
Installer Image	
D:\ubs-deployment\image\ahsayubs-installer-1013.img	
Removable Device	
[F]	5
(F)	
Progress	
Deploy Cancel Ex	dt



Click on the [Write] button to write the AhsayUBS installer image to the selected device.

	AhsayUBS Deployment Utility
3	Installer Image
	D:\ubs-deployment\image\ahsayubs-installer-1013.img
	Removable Device
	Progress
	Deploy & Cancel Exit

After clicking the [Deploy] button, a warning dialog window will be displayed on the screen. Click the [Yes] button to continue. However, if you have chosen wrong image file/drive, please click the [No] button to abort the process and repeat step 1-7 again.

😵 Conf	irm overwrite 🛛 🛛
1	Writing to a removable device can overwrite its data. Are you sure you want to continue?

If you click the [Yes] button in step 8, the software will start writing the AhsayUBS image to your removable storage device. The write progress percentage will be shown in the Progress Bar. Please wait until all bytes are written to the selected removable storage device.

	AhsayUBS Deployment Utility	
	Installer Image	
	D:\ubs-deployment\image\ahsayubs-installer-1013.img	
0.00	Removable Device	
	[F]	· ()
	Progress	
	8%	
	Deploy Cancel	Exit



When it has completed the writing process, the following message will be shown on the screen.



The deployment process is now completed. You may close the software by clicking the [Exit] button.

	AhsayUBS Deployment Utility 🛛 🔀
4	Installer Image
	D:\ubs-deployment\image\ahsayubs-installer-1013.img
	Removable Device
	[F]
	Progress
[Deploy Cancel

To verify the results, please go to [Computer Management] Console and select [Action] -> [Refresh] from the menu. The selected removable storage device should contain a GPT partition.

	lelp A								_8
Computer Management (Local) Komputer Management (Local) Komputer Management (Local) Komputer Management Kompu	 (F:) Data (D:) OS (C:) 	Partition Bartition Bartit	ype File Syste asic FAT asic asic NTFS asic NTFS	M Status Healthy (EISA Configuration) Healthy (GPT Protective Partition) Healthy Healthy (System)	Capacity 39 MB 920 MB 48.32 GB 20.00 GB	Free Space 31 MB 920 MB 823 MB 800 MB	% Free 79 % 100 % 1 % 3 %	Fault Tolerance No No No No	Overhea 0% 0% 0% 0%
	Contemporary Conte	(F:) 920 M	B FAT 20 hy (EISA C He	5 (C:) .00 GB NTF5 salthy (System) 101 GB unallocated	4	Data (D:) 8.32 GB NTFS lealthy			
	Online	neald	ing car i riverees						



Then remove the hardware safely by, click on the [Safely Remove Hardware] icon in the system tray (i.e. It is located in the bottom-right hand corner of Windows). If there are multiple removable devices, please select the one which has been used in the deployment (i.e. drive F in our case).



The AhsayUBS installer image has been deployed to the removable device.



5.2 CD-ROM / DVD-ROM

- 1. Download the AhsayUBS deployment bundle from our website.
- 2. Extract all files from the bundle to a temporary directory. In this example, it is d:\ubs-deployment.
- 3. Use a CD burning software to burn the ISO image located in ahsayubs-installer-*.iso.



6. Installing AhsayUBS Firmware

After the installer deployment, the AhsayUBS Installer is ready for deploying the firmware to the designated AhsayUBS machine. This chapter provides instructions on how to install AhsayUBS.

6.1 Pre-Installation

Before installing AhsayUBS on a machine, please verify if the followings tasks have been done:

- 1. Deploy the AhsayUBS image to one of the following media:
 - a. CD / DVD
 - b. USB removable storage devices
 - c. CF Card
- 2. The install media is connected to the target machine.
- 3. Shutdown the target machine.
- 4. Power on the machine and enter the BIOS settings page. (Please refer to the motherboard manual for the instruction to enter BIOS settings page.)
- 5. Configure the boot priority of the AhsayUBS machine to boot from the selected installer device, i.e. CD-ROM, DVD-ROM, or USB removable storage device.
- 6. Save the settings and exit the BIOS.
- 7. Reboot the machine and boot up from the installer device.

Note: When you reinstall AhsayUBS, please refer to the following link to perform <u>user storage migration</u>.



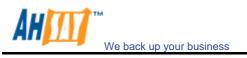
6.2 Installing AhsayUBS Firmware

1. After booting up from the installer device, the main menu will be shown. Select [1] to start the installation of the AhsayUBS firmware.

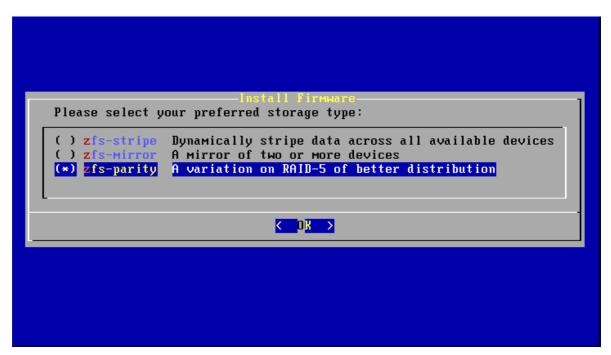
-System Deployment Console (32 bit)	
1 Install Firмware 2 Upgrade Firмware 3 Shutdown Systeм 4 Reboot Systeм	
<pre></pre>	

2. A warning message will be shown on the screen. Select [Yes] if there is no data on the disk(s) or the data can be destroyed. Otherwise, select [No] to abort the installation process.

Install Firmware	
E WARNING J	
All data on the existing disks will be destroyed!	
Do you want to continue?	
<pre></pre>	

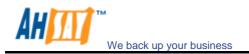


3. Select the file system type for the file system LSFW and press the [Enter] key to continue.



The file system LSFW will store the user data and the backup snapshots of AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS. For data redundancy purposes, it is highly recommended to configure this partition as a zfs-parity volume.

4. Select [Yes] to add swap partition(s) or choose [No] to skip this step. Swap Partitions act as the virtual memory in the system. If there is not enough



physical memory in the machine, the data will be swapped to the swap partition to store it temporary.

Do you want to add swap partition on each disk?	

It is strongly recommended to create a swap partition for AhsayUBS.

5. If you choose to create a swap partition in step 4, you will be asked to enter the size of the swap partition.

Install Firmware	
Enter the total swap size across all disks in MB. [HDD: 3] [RAM : 5136 MB] [MAX : 303741 MB] [0272	
< <u> 0K ></u>	

Note: The total swap file size should be at least double the size of the physical memory installed on the AhsayUBS machine.



6. After inputting the swap file size, a summary of the settings for the storage configuration will be shown. Select [Yes] to accept these settings and continue with the installation, select [No] if you would like to make any changes to the current configuration.

-Install Firmware
Embedded System Configuration [UID : FB4B5FEF]
Selected Disks [3], Swap Size [10272 MB]:
1) da0 100 GB (scsi)[VMware Virtual disk 1.0]
2) da1 100 GB (scsi)[VMware Virtual disk 1.0]
3) da2 100 GB (scsi)[VMware Virtual disk 1.0]
Do you want to create a new Embedded System with the above configuration?
<pre>Xes > < No ></pre>

7. Once the settings have been confirmed the file system will be configured.



8. AhsayUBS Firmware is now installed on the target machine.



-Install Firmware Successfully installed firmware on Embedded System. CDK >	

9. Remove the installation media and press [OK]. Then select option [3] to restart AhsayUBS.

Splect> <about></about>	System Deployment Console (32 bit) 1 Install Firmware 2 Shutdown System В Reboot System	
	<pre> Select> <about> </about></pre>	

10. After the system has restarted, logon to AhsayUBS using the default credentials; user id:admin and password:ahsayubs



Login System (32 bit)	
Login admin Password	
<login></login>	

11.Please refer to chapter 6.4 post-installation to complete the installation.



6.3 Upgrading AhsayUBS Firmware

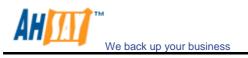
Please use the upgrade option if AhsayUBS is previously installed on the machine:

1. After booting, the main menu will appear on the screen. Select option [2] to start upgrading the AhsayUBS.

-System Deployment Console (32 bit)	
Install Firmware2 Upgrade Firmware3 Shutdown System4 Reboot System	
<mark><s<mark>elect></s<mark></mark> <about></about>	

2. Select the system UID by pressing [Space] bar. Choose [OK] to continue.

Upgrade Firmware
Select Embedded System UID:
() 5039F8A8 da0 da1 da2 [da3][da4 da5]
Cancel>



3. If your system is running in 32bit mode. AhsayUBS will automatically switch the system to 64 bit mode if your platform supports 'Long Mode' after an upgrade.

we are larger	er to provide the best system stability and performance, going to upgrade this appliance as 64-bit system for its address space and better performance on 64-bit variables, are used extensively by ZFS.
32-bit	systems are supported though, with sufficient and careful to avoid panics from memory exhaustion in the kernel.
	<mark>< DK ></mark>

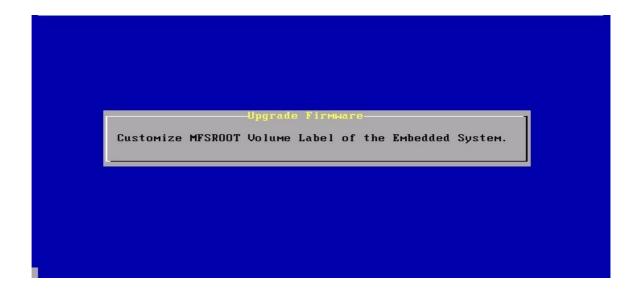
4. When the following message is shown, choose [Yes] to start the upgrade and [No] to abort.

	de Firmmare upgrade the Embedded System
UID : 5039F8A8	apgraad the Indoaada dyotor
Disks : da0 da1 da2 [d	a3][da4 da5 da6 da7]
< Yes >	< No >

30

5. Wait until the upgrade is completed.





6. The message "Successfully upgraded the Embedded System" is shown when the upgrade is completed successfully. Please choose [OK] to go back to the main menu.

Upgrade Firmware Successfully upgraded the Embedded System.	
K DK >	

7. Refer to <u>Chapter 6.4 Post-Installation</u> to complete the upgrade process.



Upgrade Firmware No Embedded System can be found!		
	No Embedded System can be found!	

Note: If there are no embedded systems found inside the machine, please use the option [Install] instead of [Upgrade]. For the detailed steps to install the AhsayUBS, please refer to <u>Chapter 6.2 Installing</u> <u>AhsayUBS Firmware</u>.



6.4 Post-installation

Please perform the following actions after the AhsayUBS is successfully installed / updated on the machine:

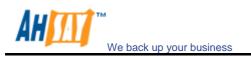
1. In the main menu, choose [3] to shutdown the system.

System Deployment Console (32 bit)	
3 Shutdown System 4 Reboot System	
Select> (About >	

2. Choose [Yes] to confirm the shutdown.

Shutdown System Do you really want to shutdown the system?
< Yes > < No >

- 3. Eject the installation media.
- 4. Power on the machine and enter BIOS settings.
- 5. Choose to boot from the local block devices.
- 6. Save and exit BIOS.
- 7. Login the System Management Console with the administrator password.
- 8. Configure AhsayUBS with your preferred network settings.



(For RAID Configuration Only)

- 9. Login the AhsayUBS Web Administration Interface with the administrator password.
- 10. Go to page [Storage] > [Summary] and wait the status of the System

Storage changes from rebuilding icon $^{\textcircled{0}}$ to the healthy icon $^{\textcircled{0}}$. 11.The Logical Storage Framework volume is healthy and the mount point is

- 11. The Logical Storage Framework volume is healthy and the mount point is ready for use.
- 12. Go to [Backup Server] to enable the AhsayOBSR service.

The installation/upgrade is now completed.

WARNING:

Please make sure the RAID build process is completed before AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS is put into production as a backup server.



7. Basic AhsayUBS Firmware Configuration

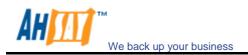
The AhsayUBS provides WebAdmin and console access. This chapter describes the basic configuration of the AhsayUBS through the console and the WebAdmin.

7.1 System Console

7.1.1 Login to System Console

Before using the functions of AhsayUBS System Console, please login using the administration username and password.

Г	Login System (32 bit) Login admin
	Password
	<login></login>



7.1.2 Configure Network Settings

In the main menu, choose [1] to configure the network.

1 2	Configure Network Reset to factory defaults
3	Shutdown System
4	Reboot System Logout Current Session
	Select> <about></about>

Choose [1] to assign a LAN IP to the device.

Assign LAN IP × Back to Main Menu < OK >	

Select the method for setting up the IP Address on the device. There are two methods:

DHCP – stands for automatic setup. It will send a request to your DHCP server to get an IP Address. You must have a DHCP server in your network to use this option.

Static – stands for manual setup. You need to enter the network settings manually.

Note: You can press the [Esc] key to go back to the main menu if you selected the wrong option.



In this step, choose [Yes] for using DHCP or [No] to configure the network manually.

Configure Network Interface Card Do you want to use DHCP for this interface?
< Yes > < No >

(Only shown when [No] is chosen in step 3) Enter the IPv4 IP address and choose [OK] to continue.



(Only shown when [No] is chosen in step 3) Enter the subnet and choose [OK] to continue.

	ibnet mask. Subnet masks are entere	d as
bit counts (as i	in CIDR notation). e.g.	
255.255.255.0 = 255.255.0 = 16		
255.0.0.0 = 8	1	
16		
	< 0X >	

(Only shown when [No] is chosen in step 3) Enter the default gateway address and choose [OK] to continue.

-Configure Network Interface Card Enter IPv4 default gateway. [10.10.0.1]		
		Enter IPv4 def
	<u>OK</u>	



(Only shown when [No] is chosen in step 3) Enter the DNS address and choose [OK] to continue.

-Configure Network Interface Card Enter DNS IPv4 address. 192.168.5.14	
<u>< 0k ></u>	

Wait for AhsayUBS Firmware to finish updating the network configuration.

Updating Firmware Network Settings	
]



Try to access the AhsayUBS WebAdmin by the following URL to verify the network settings.

The LAN IP address	: has been set to:
IPv4: 10.10.3.41/:	
You can access the http://10.10.3.41	e WebGUI using the following URI 8080
	K DK >

If the verification, choose [OK] to back to the main console menu.



7.2 WebAdmin

7.2.1 Login System

Launch your browser and type the AhsayUBS WebAdmin's IP address and AhsayUBS WebAdmin service port to the address bar. The default IP address is 192.168.1.250 and the default WebAdmin server port is 8080. The default URL address to access the AhsayUBS Web Admin would be:

http://192.168.1.250:8080

After you have connected to the WebAdmin Login page, login to the AhsayUBS Webadmin with the correct username and password.

The default login credentials for AhsayUBS WebAdmin are:

User: admin Password: ahsayubs

Ahsay [™] Universal Backup System
Language English
Login Name
Password
Login
Ahsay Universal Backup System © 2008-2010 by Ahsay Systems Corporation Limited. All rights reserved.

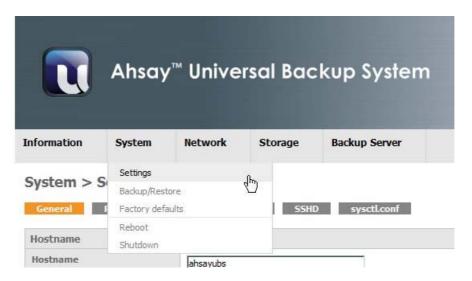
Note: AhsayUBS WebAdmin console will automatically logout after 10 minutes of inactivity.



7.2.2 System Time and Time Zone Setup

Please do the following the instructions below to configure the date and time settings of AhsayUBS:

Login to the AhsayUBS WebAdmin and go to [System] > [Settings] > [General].



You can find the [Time] settings at the bottom of the page.

Time		
Time zone	Etc/UTC Select the location closest to you.	
System time	Please use the icon to select the system time	
Enable NTP	Use the specified NTP server.	

Select the appropriate time zone from the [Time zone] drop down menu.

Time		
Time zone	Etc/UTC	
System time	^S Asia/Choibalsan Asia/Chongqing Asia/Colombo "Asia/Damascus "Asia/Dhaka	ime.
Enable NTP	Asia/Dili Asia/Dubai Asia/Dushanbe	
Save	Asia/Gaza Asia/Harbin	
	Asia/Hong_Kong Asia/Hovd	k.



You have selected the appropriate time zone. Click on the [Calendar] Icon and a small calendar will pop up. Select the current date and specify the current time.

lime	
Time zone	Asia/Hong_Kong Select the location dosest to you.
System time	Please use the icon to sele June 2010
Enable NTP	Use the specified NTF 5 M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5
- AND AND A	6 7 8 9 10 11 12
	Ahsay Universal Backo 9 21 22 3 4 25 26 27 28 29 30
Time	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 Ahsay Universal Backo 9 21 21 AM 2
Save Time Time zone	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
Time	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 Ahsay Universal Backo 9 21 AM

You have provided the appropriate time. If you prefer NTP synchronization, please checked the [Use the specified NTP Server] checkbox.

Time	
Time zone	Asia/Hong_Kong Select the location closest to you.
System time	06/07/2010 09:21
Enable NTP	Use the specified NTP server.
NTP time server	pool.ntp.org Use a space to separate multiple hosts (only one required). Reme
Time update interval	300 Minutes between network time sync.

Save



Additional options will appear.

Specify your preferred NTP URL in the [NTP time server] text field. Specify the preferred update interval in unit of minutes in the [Time update Interval] text field.

Time	
Time zone	Asia/Hong_Kong Select the location closest to you.
System time	06/07/2010 09:21
Enable NTP	$\overline{\mathbf{M}}$ Use the specified NTP server.
NTP time server	stdtime.gov.hk
Time update interval	300 Minutes between network time sync.

Finally, click the [Save] button to apply the changes.

NTP time server	stdtime.gov.hk Use a space to se
Time update interval	300
	Minutes between I



7.2.3 Change WebAdmin Password:

For security reasons, changing the default AhsayUBS WebAdmin password is recommended during the first time setup of the AhsayUBS WebAdmin.

Please follow the instructions below to change the AhsayUBS WebAdmin password:

Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
System >	Settings >	Password	1	
General	Password		roxy SSHI) sysctl.conf
General	rasswuru	LINGI	10,74 3311	Syscilloin
Password				
Password Old password				
Old password			(Confi	rmation)

Login to the AhsayUBS WebAdmin and go to [System] > [Settings] > [Password].

nformation	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
vstem >	Settings >	Password	1	
-				
General	Password	Email P	roxy SSH	D sysctl.conf
Password				
Password Old password				
		[
Old password		[rmation)

Fill in the correct values in the appropriate fields.

nformation	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
vstem >	Settings >	Password	1	
	-	-	-	
General	Password	Email P	roxy SSH	D sysctl.conf
Password			21 547.2	
Password Old password				
		[
Old password			(Confi	rmation)

Click the [Save] button to update the new password.

System > Settings > Password

Password		
Old password		
Password		
		(Confirmation)
	If you want to cha	ange the password for accessing the WebG

You can try to logout the AhsayUBS WebAdmin and re-login again using the password.

				and the second	- Logout
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server	
General	Password		roxy SSHI) syscti.conf	
Password	anges have bee	n applied succes	sfully.		
Old password					
Password		If you want to		rmation) ord for accessing the WebGUI, enter it here twice.	
Save					



7.2.4 Email Setup

The AhsayUBS is bundled with a sendmail SMTP server. It is designed for users who do not have their own mail server.

To configure the SMTP server, please do the followings:

Click [System] > [Settings] > [Email] -> [Settings] to go to the email settings page.

Enter "127.0.0.1" in the [Outgoing mail server] field if you want to use the local sendmail SMTP server. Otherwise, specify the domain name of your preferred SMTP Server in the [Outgoing mail server]. To use an external mail server, please ensure that the DNS server setting is entered correctly.

Email Proxy SSHD sysctl.conf
127.0.0.1 Outgoing SMTP mail server address, e.g. smtp.mycorp.com.
25 The default SMTP mail server port, e.g. 25 or 587.
None
Enable SMTP authentication.
admin@mycompany.com

System > Settings > Email > Settings

Save General Email Settings



Enter the sender's email address for sending system status reports in the [From email] field, e.g. admin@mycompany.com

Click [Save General Email Settings] buttons to save the settings.

After you have completed the email setup, you are advised to verify it by sending a test email:

Go to [System] > [Settings] > [Email] > [Test].

Fill in the all the fields shown in the screen.

Click the [Send test email to[admin@mycompany.com]] button to send a test email. The email subject and contents will be saved in the system.

SI	ctom	~	Settings	~	Email	~	Toct
3	stem	-	Securitys	-	CIIIdii	~	1 est

General Passw Settings Test		
Test Email Settings		
Subject	System Email Test Subject of the test email.	
Email Content	Test email.	
	Contents to be written in the test email.	//
Save test email settin	gs Send test email to [admin@mycompany.com]	



7.2.5 Backup System Configuration

Once you have completed the system configuration on the AhsayUBS WebAdmin. It is recommended to backup the AhsayUBS system configuration settings. AhsayUBS provides a feature to export the system settings to an XML file.

Click [System] > [Backup/Restore]



Click the [Download configuration] button to save the current settings as a XML file on your machine. This configuration file is useful for system upgrade and system recovery.





7.3 Backup Server Configuration

Ahsay Offsite Backup Server & Ahsay Replication Server is bundled with Ahsay UBS Firmware. However, it must be configured properly before use.

7.3.1 Startup/Stop

Please follow the instructions to startup/stop the backup server:

Login to AhsayUBS WebAdmin.

Go to [Backup Server] > [Server Status].

Click the [Start] button to startup the backup server and [Stop] button to stop it.

Once the backup server has started, you may click the [WebAdmin] button to go to the login page of it. The default IP address of the backup server is the same as the UBS system and the default server port is 80.

Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Serve	r
Backup Ser	ver > Se	rver Statu	5		
() The chan	iges have bee	en applied succes	sfully.		
Online Backup S	erver and R	eplication Serve	эг.		
Status		Running			
Http Port		80			
Https Port		443	_		
Access Server Fil	les	Share OBSR	Unshar	re OBSR	
Tools		WebAdmin	-12		
		Start		iop I	Restart

e.g. http://192.168.1.250



7.3.2 Login to AhsayOBS Backup Server

At the AhsayOBS backup server login page, you can login with correct username and password. The default username is system and the password is also system.



Troubleshooting:

Check to see if your CAPS LOCK is on. Both the login name and password are case sensitive.
 Please check to see if your system clock is correct. Cookies may not work correctly if your system clock is incorrect.



7.3.3 Configure Backup Server Email Settings

To configure the email settings of the backup server, please do the following:

 Logon to the backup server via the backup server administration page.
 Go to the page [Manage System] > [Server Configuration].
 Specify the same SMTP server setting as the AhsayUBS. E.g. "127.0.0.1" for local server or an external mail server address.
 You may use the same email account for [Report Sender] and [Administrator Contact].

Manage System <u>Manage L</u>	.og <u>Manage User</u>	Administrator's Guide Select Langu
Server Configuration Rol	utine Job Software License Replication Config Other Options	Log
System Settings		
Login Name	: system	
Password	: ••••••	
Host Name	: localhost	
System Home	: /dom/obsr/system/obsr/system	
User Homes	1. /dom/obsr/system/obsr/user	
Email System Settings	and a second	
SMTP Server	Host Name Login Name Password 1. 127.0.0.1	
Report Sender	: Name EMail BackupBox Admin admin@mycompany.com	
Administrator Contact	: Name EMail 1. BackupBox Admin admin@mycompany.com New Admin	
Language of System Reports	English	
Ilse Provy		

Please refer to the <u>AhsayOBS Administrator's Guide</u> for further information on configuring AhsayOBS.

8. Advanced Configuration for AhsayUBS Firmware

This chapter describes how to use the all the features of AhsayUBS Firmware via AhsayUBS WebAdmin.



	Ahsay	v™ Unive	rsal Bac		
					+ ∏ Logout
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server	



8.1 Information

All pages under this section provide useful information about the AhsayUBS Firmware.

When the mouse is pointed over the [Information] tag in the menu bar, the following menu will be shown:

	Ahsay	⁄™ Unive	rsal Bac	:kup System
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
System Status)	1 Status		
Help		Netwo	rk Space	Sockets Graph
About System Status	5			

The [Information] menu has been further divided in to the following sections:

- System Status (Current system status)
- System Logs (The cached system logs)
- Help (Other help resources for use)
- About (Information about this firmware)



8.1.1 System Status

This section provides information about the current system status in AhsayUBS.

8.1.1.1 System Status

information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server				
Informatio		em Status						
System Status	Proces	ses Netw	ork Soci	ckets Graph				
System Status	1							
Name		Al	isay Universal Back	ckup System				
Version		2.	2.2.0 (built on Mor	on May 23 15:42:09 HKT 2011)				
05 Version		Fr	eeBSD 7.3-RELEAS	ISE-p3 (revision 199506)				
Platform		138	86 on Intel(R) Xeor	on(R) CPU E5530 @ 2.40GHz (2393MHz)				
System UID		91	4C25B6					
Date		Tu	e May 31 17:11:37	37 HKT 2011				
Uptime		1	day, 01:07					
Last config char	nge	M	Mon May 30 16:16:35 HKT 2011					
Load averages		0.	08, 0.06, 0.01 [S	Show process information]				
CPU frequency		23	93MHz					
CPU usage		G		0%				
Memory usage				6% of 931MB				
			bs/mnt/eslsfw tal: 5.6G Used: 2					
Disk space usag	10	G	/ubs/mnt/esms00 Total: 23G Used: 128K Free: 23G					
Disk space usage	G	/ubs/mnt/esms01 0% of 9.6GB Total: 9.6G Used: 08 Free: 9.6G						
		i C	/ubs/mnt/esms02 Total: 9.6G Used: 0B Free: 9.6G 0% of 9.6GB					

The [System Information] table provides a summary about the system status. The table includes:

- Name: The name of this product. i.e. AhsayUBS
- Version: The version number and built time of this AhsayUBS Firmware.
- **OS Version:** The OS name and its version in this AhsayUBS
- Platform: Type of CPU and its speed in this AhsayUBS
- **System UID:** The ID for this AhsayUBS. The ID will be different with each installation of AhsayUBS.
- **Date: System** time and time zone on AhsayUBS. You can edit them in [System] > [Settings] > [General]
- **Uptime:** The time since last system boot.
- Last config change: The last time when you save your settings in this AhsayUBS System WebAdmin.
- Load averages: The three numbers show the average number of processes ready to run during the last 1, 5 and 15 minutes. If the load averages remain high in your production environment, it is advised to consider an upgrade in your hardware configuration or reduce the load in this AhsayUBS.
- **CPU frequency:** Actual CPU working in this AhsayUBS.
- CPU usage: Actual CPU usage now in percentage in this AhsayUBS.

55



- **Memory usage:** The percentage of memory in use with respect to the physical memory in this AhsayUBS.
- **Swap usage:** Provided swap path and its usage information in each of the swap partitions in this AhsayUBS. The swap space acts as the virtual memory, it allows this AhsayUBS to store extra data in the swap space if there are not enough physical memory exists. If the swap usage is always high, this indicates your AhsayUBS server is installed with insufficient RAM. Therefore, more RAM may be needed to improve the performance of this AhsayUBS. For more information about the usage of the swap partition, please refer to the FreeBSD Documentation.
- **Disk space usage:** Shows the disk space usage of the LSFW storage and the additional storages. For details, please refer to [Storage] section.



Processes

The table [Process information] shows the "top" command output in your AhsayUBS. It shows current running processes in your AhsayUBS. For more information about "top" command, please refer to the FreeBSD Documentation.

Informati	on Sy	stem		Netw	ork	Storage	Ba	ackup <mark>Serv</mark> e	r	
Information > System Status > Processes										
System Status Processes Network Space Sockets Graph										
Processe	Processes information									
12120-00	d: 94793; esses: 2			100000000			.25, 0	.13 up (+01:3	5:54 10:45:34
	1M Active 072M Tota					red, 128	SK Cach	e, 40M Bu	ıf, 220	6M Free
PID U	SERNAME	THR	PRI	NICE	SIZE	RES	STATE	TIME	WCPU	COMMAND
94469 r	oot	1	-8	0	17200K	12540K	piperd	0:00	0.39%	php
94629 r	oot	1	20	0	17024K	12300K	lockf	0:00	0.39%	php
94624 r	oot	1	20	0	17024K	12300K	lockf	0:00	0.39%	php
94377 r	oot	1	96	0	17200K	12636K	RUN	0:00	0.29%	php
2270 r	oot	1	4	0	5036K	2932K	kgread	0:03	0.00%	lighttpd
2350 r	oot	60	44	0	484M	84760K	ucond	0:01	0.00%	java
2361 r	oot	1	-8	0				0:00	0.00%	php
1313 r	oot	1	44	0	3212K	1080K	select	0:00	0.00%	syslogd
1594 r	oot	1	44	0	1888K	560K	select	0:00	0.00%	devd
39595 r	oot	1	44	0	4236K	1972K	select	0:00	0.00%	sendmail
2356 r	oot	1	8	0	3624K	1580K	wait	0:00	0.00%	login
39580 r	oot	1	8	0	3212K	1292K	nanslp	0:00	0.00%	cron
2358 r	oot	1	20	0	3480K	1744K	pause	0:00	0.00%	csh
2374 r	oot	1	44	0		1788K			0.00%	cdialog
2373 r	oot	1	8	0	3464K	1336K	wait	0:00	0.00%	sh
2360 r	oot	1	8	0	3464K	1388K	wait	0:00	0.00%	sh
2357 r	oot	1	5			1096K			0.00%	getty
94792 r	toot	1	8	0			-		0.00%	



8.1.1.2 Network

This page shows the [Network Information] in the AhsayUBS. Each network interfaces' information stores in each of the table. In this example, the title of the network interface refers to the network interface "LAN". If any modification of this network interface is needed, please go to [Network] > [LAN].

The following describes the information in the table:

- Name: The real name of the interface stated in the OS.
- MAC address: The physical address for this interface.
- IP address: The IP address currently set for this interface.
- **Subnet mask:** The subnet mask currently set for this interface.
- **MTU:** The maximum transfer unit currently set for this interface.
- **I/O packets:** The number of input/output packets and the size of data transferred through the interface from system uptime.
- **I/O errors:** Number of input/output errors in this interface from system uptime.
- Collisions: Number of collisions from system uptime.
- **Status:** State of this interface. Up or Down.

nformation	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server				
Informatio	n > Syste	em Status	> Network					
System Status	Proces	ses Netwo	rk Space	Sockets Graph				
LAN interface								
Name		em0	em0					
MAC address		00:0c:29:fc:a	00:0c:29:fc:a0:16					
IP address		10.10.3.41	10.10.3.41					
Subnet mask		255.255.0.0	255.255.0.0					
Gateway		10.10.0.1						
Media		1000baseTX «	1000baseTX <full-duplex></full-duplex>					
МТО		1500	1500					
I/O packets		12226/6744 (1.28 MB/3.07 MB)						
I/O errors		0/0	0/0					
Collisions		0	0					
Status		up						

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8.1.1.3 Space

This page provides the storage capacity for all mount points in the system. The information includes:

- Total Size of Corresponding File System
- Used Size of Corresponding File System
- Available Size of Corresponding File System
- Capacity Occupied in Corresponding File System

In the example below, a device name "/dev/md0" has been mounted at the root directory. It has 92MB in total and 80MB in use. The used capacity is 86% (80MB/92MB) and 13MB remains available for use.

U	Ahsay	⁄™ Unive	rsal I	Back	up Sy:	stem		
Information	System	Network	Stora	ge	Backup Ser	ver		
System Status Free disk space	s Proces			ipace	Sockets	Gra		
Filesystem /dev/md0 devfs /dev/mirror/ /dev/raid5/4 /dev/md1				Size 92M 1.0K 739M 3.6G 31M	Used 80M 1.0K 475M 273M 14K	Avai1 13M 0B 205M 3.1G 28M	86% 100% 70% 8%	Mounted on / /dev /ubs/mnt/esfmfw /ubs/mnt/eslsfw /var
:/ubs/mnt/es /dev/label/4 /dev/mirror/	1698ED5xea	1300	3.7G	365M 3.9G 186M	3.1G 4.0K 76M	10% 3.6G 95M	/var/1 0% 45%	og /ubs/mnt/esls00 /ubs/mnt/esosfw

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8.1.1.4 Sockets

This page provides the information of the [Active Internet connections] and [Active UNIX domain sockets].

U	Ahsay	™ Universo	al Back	up Sys	tem	
Information	System	Network 5	storage	Backup Serv	er	
	- Jacom		longe	Datap der		
System Statu		m Status > S es Network	ockets _{Space}	Sockets	Graph	
Sockets						
Tcpcb Pr 892191d0 tc 891dc910 tc 891dbae0 tc 891db740 tc 891db000 tc 891db1d0 tc 891dc000 tc 89076a8c ud Active UNIX	oto Recv-Q S p4 0 p4 0 p4 0 p4 0 p4 0 p4 0 p4 0 p4 0	0 localhos 0 localhos 0 localhos 0 *.https 0 *.http 0 *.8080 0 *.10000	ddress .8080 t.submissi t.smtp t.8014	10.10.0.1 *.* *.* *.* *.* *.* *.* *.*		ESTABLISHED LISTEN LISTEN LISTEN LISTEN LISTEN LISTEN
Address Ty 89078738 st 89078bd0 st 890789d8 dg 89078690 dg 89078888 dg	ream O ream O ram O ram O	0	.4 0	0	0	Addr /tmp//.java_pid2350 /var/run/devd.pipe
89078dc8 dg 89078e70 dg	ram O	0 8907233 0 8907245	ic 0	890789d8 0	ō	/var/run/logpriv /var/run/log

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8.1.1.5 Graph

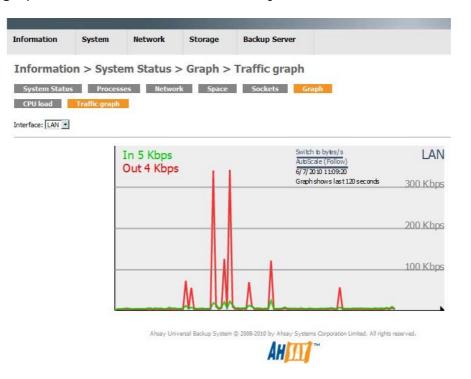
This page provides graphical information for the CPU loading and the traffic of the network interface.

- **CPU load:** This current CPU load graph will be shown. The graph will be refreshed automatically.

Ũ	Ahsay	™ Univer	sal Bac	kup Syster	n	
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server		
Informatio System Status CPU load		es Networ			raph	
		CPU load 0	%		2010 11:06:27 h shows last 120 seconds	
						50%
						25%
				^	MAN	
		Ahsay Univ	ersal Backup System	© 2006-2010 by Ahsay Syste	ms Corporation Limited. All right	s reserved,



- **Traffic graph:** Select a network interface from the top-left drop down list and the graph of input /output via the interface will be shown. The graph will be refreshed automatically.



8.1.1.6 UPS Status

When NUT (Network UPS Tools) service is enabled successfully, the UPS status will be shown here as soon as the UPS' driver established connection with the UPS. For instance,

- UPS status [Running On Line Power / On Battery]
- Battery Charging Level
- UPS current temperature
- UPS machine manufacturing information

For more information about how to configure a connected UPS, please refer to the section related to UPS settings.

Information > System Status > UPS

System Status Processes Network	Space	Sockets	Graph	UPS
UPS status				
UPS status Dattery.charge: 100 Dattery.charge.low: 10 Dattery.charge.warning: 50 Dattery.mfr.date: 2008/11/04 Dattery.runtime: 7500 Dattery.runtime.low: 120 Dattery.temperature: 21.6 Dattery.voltage.s5.4 Dattery.voltage.s5.4 Dattery.voltage.nominal: 48.0 device.mfr: American Power Conversion device.model: Smart-UPS 3000 RM device.serial: JS0845005189 device.type: ups driver.parameter.pollinterval: 2 driver.parameter.pollinterval: 2 driver.parameter.pollinterval: 2 driver.version.data: APC HID 0.95 driver.version.iternal: 0.35 input.sensitivity: high input.transfer.high: 253 input.sensitivity: high input.transfer.low: 208 linput.voltage: 217.4 Dutput.ourrent: 0.58 Dutput.voltage: 217.4 Dutput.voltage: 217.4 Dutput.voltage: 217.4 Dutput.voltage: 217.4 Dutput.voltage: 217.4 Dutput.voltage: 217.4 Dutput.sensitivity: high input.transfer.low: 208 linps.terguency: 50.0 Dutput.voltage: 217.4 Dutput.sensitivity: high Dis.firmware: 666.6.1 Dis.firmware: 666.6.1 Dis.firmware: 666.6.1 Dis.firmware: 666.6.1 Dis.firmware: 666.6.1 Dis.firmware: 666.6.1 Dis.firmware: 666.6.1 Dis.firmware: 666.6.1 Dis.firmware: 666.6.1 Dis.firmware: 660.1 Dis.firmware: 660.1				

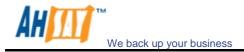
8.1.2 System Logs

These pages contain logs and the display settings of the logs.

You may go to this page by the menu [Information] > [System Logs].

Information	System	Network
System Status		Luna
System Logs		ា Logs >
Help		R.T. Da
About		
Last 10 Syste	m log entries	
Jun 7 13:28:16	root:	cron service restart
Jun 7 13:28:16	karnal	

All the logs can be cleared by clicking the [Clear] button. Apart from this, the logs can be downloaded to your local computer by clicking the [Download] button.



WARNING: The logs CANNOT BE RECOVERED after clicking the [Clear] button.



8.1.2.1 System

nformation	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
nformatio	on > Syste	m Logs >		
System	SSH S.M	.A.R.T. Da	emon Set	ttings
Last 10 Syste	m log entries			
Jun 7 13:28:16	root: c	ron service restarte	ed	
Jun 7 13:28:16	kernel:	GEOM_LABEL: Lab	el for provider mirr	or/41698ED5xesosfw is ufs/41698ED5xesosfw.
Jun 7 13:28:16	kernel:	GEOM_LABEL: Lab	el for provider mirr	or/41698ED5xesosfw is ufsid/4c098e2b324596fa
Jun 7 13:28:16	kernel:	GEOM_LABEL: Lab	el ufsid/4c098e2b3	324596fa removed.
Jun 7 13:28:16	kernel:	GEOM_LABEL: Lab	el ufs/41698ED5xe	esosfw removed.
Jun 7 13:27:44	root: c	ron service restarte	ed	
Jun 7 13:27:44	kernel:	GEOM_LABEL: Lab	el for provider mirr	or/41698ED5xesosfw is ufs/41698ED5xesosfw.
Jun 7 13:27:44	kernel:	GEOM_LABEL: Lab	el for provider mirr	or/41698ED5xesosfw is ufsid/4c098e2b324596fa
Jun 7 13:27:44	kernel:	GEOM_LABEL: Lab	el ufsid/4c098e2b3	324596fa removed.

Clear Download

8.1.2.2 SSH

This page contains the logs for all SSH traffic.

information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server	
Informatio	on > Syste	em Logs >			
System	SSH S.M	I.A.R.T. Da	emon Set	tings	
Last 10 SSH lo	og entries				
Jun 7 12:59:25	sshd[177	: SSH: Server;Ltyp	e: Kex;Remote: 10	.10.0.1-3242;Enc: aes256-ctr;MAC: hmac-sha1;C	omp: none
Jun 7 11:59:24	sshd[177	: SSH: Server;Ltyp	e: Kex;Remote: 10	.10.0.1-3242;Enc: aes256-ctr;MAC: hmac-sha1;C	omp: none
Jun 7 10:59:24	in openpa	m_dispatch(): pam_	_nologin.so: no par	_sm_setcred()	
Jun 7 10:59:24	in openpa	m_dispatch(): pam	_nologin.so: no par	_sm_setcred()	
Jun 7 10:59:24	Accepted	password for root	from 10.10.0.1 por	t 3242 ssh2	
Jun 7 10:59:24	in openpa	m_dispatch(): pam_	_nologin.so: no par	n_sm_authenticate()	
Jun 7 10:59:24	SSH: Serv	ver;Ltype: Ver <mark>s</mark> ion;F	Remote: 10.10.0.1	3242;Protocol: 2.0;Client: 1.85 sshlib: Tunnelier 4	1.31
Jun 7 10:59:16	Failed pas	ssword for root from	n 10.10.0.1 port 32	38 ssh2	
Jun 7 10:59:16	in openpa	m_dispatch(): pam_	_nologin.so: no par	_sm_authenticate()	
Jun 7 10:59:16	CCH+ Com	unul hunnu Versionul	ameter 10 10 0 1	3238;Protocol: 2.0;Client: 1.85 sshlib: Tunnelier 4	1 21

Clear Download

8.1.2.3 S.M.A.R.T.

This page contains logs from S.M.A.R.T.

8.1.2.4 Daemon

This page contains logs related to daemons.



Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
Informati	on > Syste	em Logs >		
System	SSH S.M	I.A.R.T. Da	emon Set	tings
Last 10 Daem	ion log entries			
Jun 7 17:09:58		(log.c.17	2) server started	
Jun 7 17:09:58 Jun 7 17:09:55			2) server started to 'performance'	
		changed	to 'performance'	oped by UID = 0 PID = (
Jun 7 17:09:55		changed (server.o	to 'performance'	oped by UID = 0 PID = (

8.1.2.5 Settings

Modify these settings for the log showing in the log pages described above:

- Show log entries in reverse order (newest entries on top)
- Number of log entries to show: Enter a number for a maximum number of the log entries to show or email.
- Resolve IP addresses to hostnames

The save your settings, click the [Save] button, click the menus above to view the logs again and to verify for the change of the settings.

Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
[nformation	on > Syste	em Logs >	Settings	
System	SSH S.M	I.A.R.T. Da	emon Set	ttings
Settings				
Show log entri order (newest	es in reverse entries on top)	Enable		
Number of log	entries to show	10		
Resolve IP add hostnames	resses to			esses in Ahsay Universal Backup System logs are resolved to real hostnames where possible. delay in loading the Ahsay Universal Backup System log page!

8.1.3 Help

You can find other help information about AhsayUBS in this page.

8.1.4 About

About page for the AhsayUBS.



8.2 System

This section describes how to configure the AhsayUBS settings through the AhsayUBS WebAdmin.

When the mouse cursor is pointed over the word [System] in the menu bar, the menu will be shown as below:

The [System] menu has been further divided into the following sections:

- Settings (Edit system settings)
- Backup/Restore (Backup or restore system settings as a file)
- Factory default (Restore system settings to factory defaults)
- Reboot (Reboot system now or in a schedule time)
- Shutdown (Shutdown system now or in a schedule time)

U	Ahsay'	[™] Unive	rsal Bac	:kup System
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
Information	Settings			
Information	Backup/Restor	e		
License	Factory defau	lts		
Ahsay Universal Bac	Reboot Shutdown			

8.2.1 Settings

The general system settings can be set here.

8.2.1.1 General

Hostname Table:

- **Hostname:** Sets the hostname of this AhsayUBS. It is advised to name in order to identify AhsayUBS System in the network.
- **Domain:** Sets the domain of this AhsayUBS.

DNS Settings:

- **IPv4 DNS servers:** Specify a maximum of 2 different IP addresses of DNS server for the AhsayUBS.

WebGUI:

- **Protocol:** Select WebAdmin protocol for this AhsayUBS WebAdmin. The supported protocols are HTTP/HTTPS and the default protocol is HTTP.
- **Port:** Change the WebAdmin port for this AhsayUBS WebAdmin.

67

Note: It is advised not to use the system service port 0-1023 for the WebAdmin port. Also, port 80 and port 443 has been reserved for the



backup server. Please refer to the Prerequisites section for the default port configuration.

- **Certificate (for HTTPS only):** Paste a signed certificate in X.509PEM format to the textbox provided for this AhsayUBS.
- **Private key (for HTTPS only):** Paste a private key in PEM format to the textbox provided for this AhsayUBS.

Time:

- **Timezone:** Set the time zone for this AhsayUBS.
- **System time:** Set the system time for this AhsayUBS.
- **Enable NTP:** NTP standard for Network Time Protocol. If you have a time server for synchronization of the time, it is better to enable this service for keeping the time in your AhsayUBS.
- **NTP time server (Shows only when NTP is enabled):** Enter the IP address of time server(s) for time synchronization.
- **Time update interval (Shows only when NTP is enabled):** Enter the interval in minutes for synchronization from the AhsayUBS to the server.

Information System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
System > Settings	> General		
General Password	Email Pr	oxy SSHD	ID sysctLconf
Hostname			
Hostname		nsayubs me of the NAS hos	st, without domain part e.g. <i>ahsayubs</i> .
Domain	lo e.ç	cal 1. <i>com, local</i>	
DNS settings			
IPv4 DN5 servers	Ē	92. 168. 5. 14 14 addresses	
WebGUI			
Protocol	E	TTP •	
Port	Acres 1	180 ter a custom port n	number for the WebGUI above if you want to override the default (8080 for HTTP, 8443 for HTTPS).
Time			
Time zone		sia/Hong_Kong ect the location clo	Josest to you.
System time		5/07/2010 11:30 ase use the icon to	to select the system time.
Enable NTP	v	Use the specified	ad NTP server.
NTP time server		ool.ntp.org e a space to separa	rate multiple hosts (only one required). Remember to set up at least one DNS server if you enter a host name here!
Time update interval	3 Mir	00 iutes between net	twork time sync.
Save			



8.2.1.2 Password

This page allows you to set the password for the default administrator account of the AhsayUBS (i.e. **admin**). You need to provide old password to authenticate the change in password. It is required type the new password. Then you can click the [Save] button to save your settings.

nformation	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
vstem >	Settinas >	> Password	1	
General	Password		roxy SSHi	D sysctl.conf
			adantad Alline and Andread Ada	
-				
		_		
Password Old password				
		······		
Old password			(Confi	rmation)

8.2.1.3 Email

8.2.1.3.1 Settings

A status report helps you to check the AhsayUBS status. If you want to check the AhsayUBS regularly, please setup the [Email status report settings]. Then, you may receive the status report in HTML format through email attachment regularly.

To setup the [Email status report settings], you need to setup the [General Email Settings] first.

Here are the fields that you need to enter inside the [General Email Settings] table:

Here are the fields that you need to enter inside the [General Email Settings] table:

- **Outgoing mail server:** Please enter the outgoing SMTP mail server address e.g. "smtp.mycompany.com".
- **Port:** Please enter the SMTP mail server port. The default port number for SMTP server is port **25**.
- Security: Please select the security protocol. You can choose None, SSL or TLS.



- **Authentication:** Click the checkbox for enabling the SMTP authentication.
- Login Name (for Enabling Authentication only): The login name for the SMTP name server.
- **Password (for Enabling Authentication only):** The password for the SMTP mail server.
- Authentication Method (for Enabling Authentication only): The authentication method for login the SMTP mail server. Here are the choices for the login methods:
 - Plain
 - Cram-MD5
 - Digest-MD5
 - GSSAPI

- External
 - Login NTLM
- NTLM
- Best available
- **From email:** Set the sender's email.
- **To email:** Destination email address. Multiple email address can be set. Separate email address by semi-colon.

Please click the [Save] button to save the above settings if necessary. For verifying the email settings, please refer to the below section which describes how to send a test email by using the send test email feature included in AhsayUBS firmware (i.e. [System] > [Settings] > [Email] > [Test]).

Note 1: Setup DNS Server in the page [System] > [Settings] > [General] is required to resolve the SMTP server address.

System > Settings >	Email > Settings
General Password Settings Test	Email Proxy SSHD UPS sysctLconf
General Email Settings	
Outgoing mail server	127.0.0.1 Outgoing SMTP mail server address, e.g. smtp.mycorp.com.
Port	25 The default SMTP mail server port, e.g. 25 or 587.
Security	None 💌
Authentication	Enable SMTP authentication.
From email	Your own email address.
To email	Destination email address. Separate email addresses by semi-colon.

Save General Email Settings

After settings up the [General Email Settings], you may setup the [Email Status Report Settings] now. Please check the [Enable] checkbox on the top-right hand corner to enable this function.

The following fields can be set in the table [Email Status Report Settings]:

To email: Show the status report recipients. The 'To email' settings can be set in the [General Email Settings].



- **Subject:** The email subject.
- Report: Select the reports you want to receive in the email.
- **Polling time:** Set the sending time of the email.

Please click the [Save Email Status Report Settings] button for saving the settings. Please refer to the page [System] > [Settings] > [Email] > [Test] for details to verify the settings.

Email Status Report Settings					Finable
To email	[To email] configuration can be edited in General En	ail Settinos.			
Subject	System Status Report [%d] [%h] The subject of the email. You can use the following • %d - Date • %h - Hostname				
Reports	Image: System info Image: System message buffer Image: System log (Settings) Image: SHD log (Settings)				
Poling time	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Hours 0 12.2 1 13 2 15 3 15 4 16 5 17 6 18 7 19 8 20 9 21 10 22 11.1 23.2	days Please Select: 1 13 26 3 15 27 4 16 28 5 17 29 6 18 30 7 19 31.* 8 20 9 10 22 11 12 24.* 12	Months Please Select: January Pebruary March April May June July August September October November December V	Week Days Please Select: Sunday Monday Tuesday Weeheeday Thursday Friday Saturday
	Note: Ctrl-dick (or command-dick on the Mac) to s	elect and de-select minutes, hour	rs, days, months and weekdays.		Select All:

Save Email Status Report Settings



8.2.1.3.2 Test

This page is for verifying the settings inside the page [System] > [Settings] > [Email] > [Settings].

The [Test Email Settings] table is for you to verify the settings inside the table [General Email Settings] in the page [System]> [Settings] > [Email] > [Settings]. To verify the settings, you can now send a test email to the [From email] inside the [General Email Settings] table by:

- 1. Entering the test email subject inside the [Subject] field.
- 2. Entering the test email contents inside the [Email Content] field.
- 3. Click the [Send test email to...] button to save the settings and send the test email to the email address entered in the [From email].

You may save the test email subject and contents by clicking [Save test email settings] WITHOUT sending any test email.

System > Settin	ngs > Email > Test	
General Passwo Settings Test	ord Email Proxy SSHD sysctl.conf	
Test Email Settings		
Subject	[System Email Test Subject of the test email.	
Email Content	Test email to verify the General Email Settings.	
	Contents to be written in the test email.	6
Save test email setting	gs Send test email to [admin@mycompany.com]	

You may also verify the settings inside the [Email Status Report Settings] by sending a test email to the email entered inside the [To email] field in the [Email Status Report Settings] table (i.e. [System] > [Settings] > [Email] > [Settings]).

To send a test status report email, you may click the [Send Status Report to ...] in the table [Test Send Status Report Email]. You may also click the [Status Report Email] link inside the table to set the settings.

Test Send Status Report Email
Send Status Report to [admin@mycompany.com]
Configure your Status Report Email Settings



8.2.1.4 Proxy

You may use this page to configure the HTTP proxy server if your AhsayUBS requires an outgoing proxy server. Please check the [Enable] checkbox on the top-right hand corner to enable the proxy server.

- Address: The address to the proxy server.
- **Port:** The port to access the proxy server.
- Authentication: If the proxy server is needed to login, please tick this checkbox.
- Username (for Enabling Authentication only): Enter the username for login to the proxy server.
- **Password (for Enabling Authentication only):** Enter the password for login to the proxy server.

Please click the [Save] button to save the above settings.

Note 1: Remember to configure the DNS server settings for resolving the address in the page [System] > [Settings] > [General].

Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
System >	Settings >	> Proxy		
General	Password	Email	roxy SSHI	
HTTP Proxy				🔽 Enab
Address		proxyserver.	ahsay.com	
Port		8080	1	
Authentication	1.	Enable pr	oxy authentication	j.
User		username-pr	oxyserver	
Password				
		200		

Save

Note: If the server is behind a proxy set this parameters to give local services access to the internet via proxy.



8.2.1.5 SSHD

SSHD daemon provides remote console access to the AhsayUBS. This feature is designed for troubleshooting purpose only. The root access and SSL tunneling feature will be enabled by default.

The default login account for SSH:

Username	root
Password	<the account="" admin="" ahsayubs="" of="" password="" the="" webadmin=""></the>
Here are th	e options that will be shown or can be configured in the [Secure
Shell] table	

- Status:

- i. Running: SSHD is enabled.
- ii. Stopped: SSHD is stopped.
- **TCP Port:** The port for the SSHD. Default is port 22.
- **Compression:** If the file is larger or the network is slow, the transfer of the files will be faster when enabling this option.
- **Private Key:** Paste a DSA PRIVATE KEY in PEM format.

If you want to Start/Stop/Restart SSHD in the AhsayUBS, please click the buttons under the table [Secure Shell].

When the SSHD service has been started, the options inside the [Secure Shell] table will be disabled. You need to [Stop] the SSHD in order to modify the settings.

General Passv	vord Email Proxy SSHD sysctLconf
Secure Shell	
Status	Running
TCP port	22 Alternate TCP port. Default is 22
Compression	Enable compression. Compression is worth using if your connection is slow. The efficiency of the compression depends on the type of the file, and varies widel Useful for internet transfer only.
Private Key	



8.2.1.6 UPS

UPS (Uninterrupted Power Supply) is an electrical apparatus which provides emergency power to a server when the main power source fails. UPS prevents power interruptions by supplying energy stored in its batteries. The UPS device can be connected to AhsayUBS machine through serial port or USB port. The UPS will notify the AhsayUBS machine in case of power failure events.

NUT (Network UPS Tools) is the system service which conducts communication between the AhsayUBS and the UPS device. It can:

- Initiate AhsayUBS shutdown sequence upon defined UPS power events.
- Monitoring and Log the UPS status [On Line Power / On Battery].

The port used by the NUT daemon is '3493'.

The daemon will be started once the UPS settings are saved in the page [System] > [Settings] > [UPS] > [Settings]. UPS status can be checked in the page [Information] > [System status] > [UPS status]. NUT daemon will also log the UPS triggered event in the AhsayUBS system log. The system log can be checked in the page [Information] > [System Logs].

8.2.1.6.1 UPS Settings

This is the main page for configure the connected UPS device.

Settings Driver List	Device List	
Uninterruptible Power Supply		☑ Enable
Status	Running	
Driver	usbhid-ups The driver used to communicate with your UPS. Get the list of available drivers.	
Port Device Path	/dev/ugen1.2 The serial or USB port where your UPS is connected. Get the list of available port device path.	
Auxiliary parameters	Additional parameters to the hardware-specific part of the driver.	
Description	You may enter a description here for your reference.	
Shutdown mode	UPS goes on battery Defines system shutdown condition.	
Shutdown timer	300 The time in seconds until shutdown is initiated. If the UPS happens to come back before the time is up the shutdown is cancelled.	
Email notification	✓ Enable The email will be sent to [angela.cheung@ahsay.com]. ITo email onflouration can be edited in General Email Settings.	

This configuration settings are used to generate the ups.conf configuration file which is required by the NUT UPS deterion. To get more information how to configure your UPS please check the NUT (Network UPS Tools)

 decomposition settings

Remarks:

• DO NOT connect the serial port and USB port between UPS device and AhsayUBS at the same time.



• Make sure A.C. power supply is connected to the UPS device when configuration in the AhsayUBS WebAdmin page. Otherwise, the AhsayUBS shutdown sequence will be initiated immediately once the UPS settings are saved (Shutdown mode: UPS goes on battery, Shutdown timeout: 0).

The NUT daemon can be configured by the following options:

- Enable 'checkbox': Enable / Disable the NUT daemon.
- Status: NUT daemon current status [Running / Cannot be enabled / Stopped].
- Driver: The UPS device driver name. The available driver name can be found from the [Driver List] according to the UPS manufacturer, model name and connecting port type.
- Port Device Path: The serial / USB port device path. The available serial / USB device can be found from the [Device List]. Please choose the appropriate device path by the UPS connection type.
- Auxiliary parameters (Optional): Additional hardware-specific parameters for the UPS driver which will be applied to the 'ups.conf' file. Please refer to the NUT official website (http://www.networkupstools.org) for more information.
- Description (Optional): Your customized message to describe the UPS connection.
- Shutdown mode: The AhsayUBS shutdown sequence will be trigged by one of the following UPS power events:
 - UPS reaches low battery: UPS runs on battery and the battery level is low. The low battery alert percentage is defined by the UPS driver.
 - UPS goes on battery: UPS runs on battery (i.e. A.C. power supply is disconnected in UPS) and shutdown sequence will be started after the countdown defined in 'Shutdown timeout'.
- Shutdown timeout: The countdown time (default: 300 seconds) to shutdown AhsayUBS when [UPS goes on battery]. This option is available only when the [UPS goes on battery] option is selected in the [Shutdown mode]. The timeout should NOT be larger than battery discharge time.
- Email notification: Send email to addresses defined by the [To email] in the [General Email Settings] when the UPS changes its status [On Line Power / On battery] or the UPS triggered the AhsayUBS shutdown event. Whenever the email notification is enabled or disabled, power event will always be logged to the system log in page [Information] > [System Logs].

Please click [Save and Restart] button to save the above settings.

8.2.1.6.2 UPS Driver List

This page lists the UPS drivers according to the manufacturer, model name and the connection type supported by the NUT daemon. To look for a suitable driver:

- 1. Check the UPS manufacturer, model name and the connecting port.
- 2. Search the driver in the page accordingly.



System > Settings >	UPS > Driver Li	st		
General Password	Email Proxy	SSHD UPS sysctl.conf		
Settings Driver List	Device List			
Seconds Second	Device end			
Manufacturer	Device Type	Model name	Model extra information	Driver
Ablerex	ups	MS-RT		blazer_ser
Ablerex	ups	625L	USB	blazer_usb
Ablerex	ups	Hope Office 400/600		blazer_ser
ActivePower	ups	400VA		blazer_ser
ActivePower	ups	1400VA		blazer_ser
ActivePower	ups	2000VA		blazer_ser
Advice	ups	TopGuard 2000		blazer_ser
AEC	ups	MiniGuard UPS 700	Megatec M2501 cable	genericups upstype=21
APC	ups	Back-UPS Pro		apcsmart
APC	ups	Matrix-UPS		apcsmart
APC	ups	Smart-UPS		apcsmart
APC	ups	Back-UPS Pro USB	USB	usbhid-ups
APC	ups	Back-UPS USB	USB	usbhid-ups
APC	ups	Back-UPS RS USB	USB	usbhid-ups
APC	ups	Back-UPS LS USB	USB	usbhid-ups
APC	ups	Back-UPS ES/CyberFort 350	USB	usbhid-ups
APC	ups	Back-UPS BF500	USB	usbhid-ups

8.2.1.6.3 Device List

The page lists the serial and USB device path in the system. The connected device path pattern for serial device and USB device are "/dev/ttyu*" and "/dev/ugen*.*" respectively. Since some other USB devices could be connected to the system, it is suggested to connect the system to UPS by serial port. Once the appropriate device path is found, administrator may copy the full path and fill it in the [Port Device Path] field in the [UPS settings].

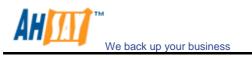
System > Settings > UPS > Device List



• Serial Port and USB Port should not be used at the same time.

8.2.1.7 SNMP

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) is a protocol defined for managing the computer devices such as servers, workstations and desktop etc. through IP networks. The software which monitors and configures the devices in the network is called NMS (Network Management Server). When a SNMP agent daemon is enabled in the AhsayUBS, the AhsayUBS administrator may monitor the system status such as performance of CPU, memory, disk and network with a proper setup NMS from a remote machine.



The AhsayUBS has been bundled with the FreeBSD SNMP agent 'bsnmpd' daemon which supports up to SNMP v2c standard. The functions of this daemon include:

- report OID object value upon SNMP query from the NMS via UDP port '161'.
- send traps to the NMS upon defined events in the AhsayUBS.

It is better for the AhsayUBS administrator to install a 'bsnmpd' supported NMS for communication.

Here are the SNMP modules bundled with the 'bsnmpd' daemon:

- MIB-II
 Implements parts of the internet standard MIB-II.
- Netgraph
 Enable remote access to FreeBSD Netgraph subsystem.
- Host resources
 Implements the HOST-RESOURCES-MIB as standardized in RFC 2790.
- UCD-SNMP-MIB Retrieve system performance information and device detail.

The SNMP daemon will be started once the settings are saved in the page [System] > [Settings] > [SNMP]. SNMP triggered event can be found in the AhsayUBS system log at page [Information] > [System Logs].

8.2.1.7.1 SNMP Settings

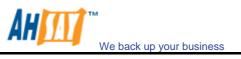
_

AhsayUBS Administrator can configure the SNMP settings and check the SNMP daemon status in the page [System] > [Settings] > [SNMP].

Simple Network Manageme	nt Protocol	✓ Enable
Status	Running	
Location	SNMP server Location information, e.g. physical location of this system: 'Floor of building, Room	хүz'.
Contact	SNMP server admin Contact information, e.g. name or email of the person responsible for this system.	
Community	public Enter read community string here.	
Traps	✓ Enable traps.	
Trap host	snmp-server.ahsayhqt.local Enter trap host name.	
Trap port	162 Enter the port to send the traps to (default 162).	
Trap string	lubs Trap string.	
SNMP Modules	Download MIB files	

Save and Restart

Please enter / select the fields below to configure the 'bsnmpd' daemon: - Enable 'checkbox': Enable / Disable the 'bsnmpd' daemon.



- Status: 'bsnmpd' daemon current status [Running / Cannot be enabled / Stopped].
- Location: The physical location of the AhsayUBS machine.
- Contact: The textual identification of the contact person for this AhsayUBS machine, together with information on how to contact this person.
- Community: The community string acts as a password to communicate with the NMS. Default is 'public'. It is better to set a value different from the default one or any dictionary words in order to prevent brute force attack. Only read-only community is supported by AhsayUBS.
- Traps: Enable traps (notifications) send from the SNMP daemon.
- Trap host [shown when 'Traps' is enabled]: Enter hostname that the trap will be sent to.
- Trap port [shown when 'Traps' is enabled]: The listening port of the trap host for receiving traps. Default is UDP port '162'.
- Trap string [shown when 'Traps' is enabled]: The passcode for the trap. It should match the one defined in the NMS.

Please click [Save and Restart] button to save the above settings and update the status of the 'bsnmpd' daemon in the AhsayUBS.

Import MIB files to the NMS which are supported by this 'bsnmpd' daemon:

After the 'bsnmpd' is enabled, please download the MIB Zip Archive from the WebAdmin page. The zip file contains all the MIB files which are supported by the 'bsnmpd' daemon. Please extract the files and import them to the NMS / MIB browser.

Trap string	ubs
	Trap-string-
SNMP Modules	Download MIB files
Save and Restart	

Browse the OID in the MIB browser to get / monitor the information:

After importing the MIB files into the MIB browser, the system information can be browsed in the MIB tree. Administrators may configure the MIB browser to monitor AhsayUBS by selective OID. Please refer to the Appendix for the OID list and the OIDs' description.

For further details of how to use MIB browser, please refer to the Appendix for MIB browser example. If you are using a MIB browser other than that stated in the Appendix, please refer to the corresponding MIB browser user guide.

8.2.1.8 Sysctl.conf

The "sysctl.conf" is located inside the "/etc" which is a configuration file for making changes of the FreeBSD (which is the OS of the AhsayUBS). This includes many advanced options of the TCP/IP stack and virtual memory

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system that can dramatically improve performance of the OS. For more information of "sysctl.conf", please refer to the FreeBSD documentation.

Here are the fields that you can set per MIB entry:

- Name: The MIB name.
- Value: The value with respect to the MIB name.
- **Comment:** Specify the human-readable description corresponding to this entry.

A screenshot of the [System] > [Settings] > [sysctl.conf] is captured below. It shows that all the MIB entries are enabled except the entry "hw.acpi.pwer_button_state".

Here are the guidelines to make change of the "sysctl.conf" file in the AhsayUBS.

nformation	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server		
System >	Settings >	sysctl.com	nf			
General	Password	Email P	roxy SSHI	D sysctl.conf		
MIB				Value	Comment	
hw.acpi.power_b	utton_state			NONE	Disable power button	99
hw.ata.to				15	ATA disk timeout vis-a-vis power-saving	P)
kern.coredump				0	Disable core dump	97
kern.ipc.maxsock	buf			524288	Maximum Socket Buffer size	8
kern.ipc.somaxco	nn			4096	Maximum opened socket	8
kern.maxvnodes				65536	Maximum opened file	99
net.inet.tcp.recv:	space			262144	Maximum Socket Receive Buffer size	P)
net.inet.tcp.send	space			262144	Maximum Socket Send Buffer size	99
						0

Note: These MIBs will be added to /etc/sysctl.conf. This allow you to make changes to a running system.

Add a MIB entry:

- 1. Click the '^Q' icon.
- 2. Fill in the required fields in the table. Check the [Enable] checkbox to enable the MID. Leave it unchecked if you do not want the MIB to be enabled after adding.

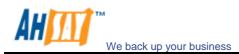
nformation	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server	
ystem >	Settings >	sysctl.com	nf > Add		
General	Password	Email P	roxy SSHE	sysctLconf	
					₽ En
Name		net.inet.tcp.sen	Ispace		
		Enter a valid sysc	d MIB name.		
		Enter a valid sysc	d MIB name.		
Value Comment		262144	value.		

Add

- 3. Click the [Add] button to add this MIB entry.
- 4. Click the [Apply Changes] button.
- 5. The MIB entry is added successfully.

Edit a MIB entry:

1. Look for the MIB entry to be edited.



- 2. Click the '^m' icon.
- 3. Edit the fields in the page.

nformation	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server	
System > S	Settings :	> sysctl.com	nf > Save		
General	Password	Email P	roxy SSHE) sysctLconf	
					🔽 Enabl
Name		net.inet.tcp.sen	dspace		
		Enter a valid sysc	tl MIB name.		
Value		262144			
		A valid systetl MIE	8 value.		
Comment		Maximum Socket	Send Buffer size		
		You may enter a	description here for	vour reference	

Save

- 4. Click the [Save] button to add this MIB entry.
- 5. Click the [Apply Changes] button.
- 6. The MIB entry is updated successfully.

Enable/Disable a MIB entry:

- 1. Look for the MIB entry to be edited.
- 2. Click the '¹⁰' icon.
- 3. Check the checkbox [Enabled] to enable the MIB. Uncheck it to disable the MIB.

Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
System > S	ettings >	sysctl.com	nf > Save	
General	Password	Email P	roxy SSHI) sysctl.conf
Name		net.inet.tcp.sen	dspace	
		Enter a valid sysc	tl MIB name.	
Value		262144		
		A valid systetl MIE	3 value.	
Comment		Maximum Socket	Send Buffer size	
		Vou may optor a	description here for	vour reference

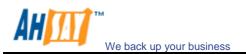
- 4. Click the [Save] button to add this MIB entry.
- 5. Click the [Apply Changes] button.
- 6. The MIB entry is edited successfully.

Delete a MIB entry:

- 1. Look for the MIB entry to be deleted.
- 2. Click the ${}^{(\bigcirc)}$ icon at the row that the MIB entry to be deleted.
- 3. In the alert box, click [OK] to confirm the delete of the entry. Click [Cancel] to abort.
- 4. Click the [Apply Changes] button.
- 5. The MIB entry is deleted successfully.

Delete all MIB entries:

- 1. Click the '[©]' icon next to the '[©]' icon.
- 2. In the alert box, click [OK] to confirm deleting all the MIB entries in the table. Click [Cancel] to abort.
- 3. Click the [Apply Changes] button.



4. All the MIB entries in the table are deleted successfully.

Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server		
System >	Settings >	sysctl.com	nf			
General	Password	Email P	roxy SSHI	D sysctl.conf		
MIB				Value	Comment	
hw.acpi.power_b	utton_state			NONE	Disable power button	98
hw.ata.to				15	ATA disk timeout vis-a-vis power-saving	80
kern.coredump				0	Disable core dump	98
kern.ipc.maxsock	buf			524288	Maximum Socket Buffer size	98
kern.ipc.somaxco	nn			4096	Maximum opened socket	98
kern.maxvnodes				65536	Maximum opened file	98
net.inet.tcp.recvs	space			262144 Maximum Socket Receive Buffe		98
net.inet.tcp.send	Ispace			262144	Maximum Socket Send Buffer size	98
						0

Note: These MIBs will be added to /etc/sysctl.conf. This allow you to make changes to a running system.

8.2.2 Backup/Restore AhsayUBS Settings

The AhsayUBS runtime configuration is stored as a XML file. The XML file contains all settings information available in AhsayUBS WebAdmin.

In this page you can backup or restore the AhsayUBS runtime configuration in XML file format.

8.2.2.1 Backup Configuration

You can download the runtime configuration file of AhsayUBS WebAdmin by clicking the button [Download configuration].



8.2.2.2 Restore Configuration

The configuration can be restored in one of the following situations:

- 1. Adapted a new AhsayUBS with the same configuration of hardware, IP settings
- 2. Mistakenly configure anything wrongly in the AhsayUBS WebAdmin.

The settings can be restored with your last downloaded configuration file:

- 1. Click the [Browse...] button to select the configuration file to restore.
- 2. Click [Restore configuration] button to restore the previous configuration to your AhsayUBS.

Information	System	Network	Storage	Ba		
Custom >	Settings					
System >	Backup/R	estore	վետ			
Now Scl	hec Factory d	efaults	¥			
Are you sure yo	Reboot		Backup/Resto	bre		
Yes No	Shutdown	18				
	System	Network S	torage Backu	p Server		
System > Ba	ckup/Res		torage Backu	p Server		
	ckup/Res	store				
Information System > Ba Backup configura	ckup/Res	store	ownload the system con		at.	
System > Ba	ackup/Res	Store	ownload the system con		at.	
System > Ba	ackup/Res	Click this button to d Download config Open a Ahsay Unive Note:	ownload the system con	figuration in XML form guration XML file and	dick the button belo	ow to restore th
System > Ba	ackup/Res	Click this button to d Download config Open a Ahsay Unive Note:	ownload the system con guration	figuration in XML form guration XML file and	dick the button belo	ow to restore th

Note: AhsayUBS will reboot after the configuration is restored.



8.2.3 Factory Defaults

You can restore AhsayUBS to factory defaults by clicking [Yes] or clicking [No] to cancel.

System > R	Settings			
System > R	Backup/Resto	re		
Now Schee	Factory defau	ults	վետ	
Are you sure you y	Reboot		Ϋ́	
	Reboot Shutdown		Factory defa	ults
Are you sure you v Yes No			Ϋ́	ults
_			Ϋ́	ults
Yes No	Shutdown	ode Stamoo	Factory defa	
_	Shutdown	ork Storage	Ϋ́	
Yes No formation Sys	Shutdown tem Netwo	i.	Factory defa	
Yes No	Shutdown tem Netwo	i.	Factory defa	

Note:

1. The data on the block devices will NOT be erased after AhsayUBS is reset to factory defaults.

2. You can restore the previous settings in AhsayUBS WebAdmin in the page [System] > [Backup/Restore]. Please refer to the section [System] > [Backup/Restore] for details.

3. After resetting AhsayUBS to factory defaults, all iSCSI sessions will be removed in the [Storage] > [iSCSI] page. The status of Expandable Storage will change to "Missing". The Expandable Storage can be reconfigured for use by AhsayUBS:

i. Adding it back the iSCSI session inside the [Storage] > [iSCSI] page.

ii. Import the Expandable Storage. Note that the data in the Expandable Storage will not be erased after "factory defaults". For details, please refer to the [Storage] section.



8.2.4 Reboot

8.2.4.1 Now

Click [Yes] button to reboot your AhsayUBS or [No] to cancel.

WARNING: Please ensure the system's condition is safe for reboot. Otherwise, the backup job could be interrupted if the backup server is in use.

Information	System	Network	Storage
Custom > D	Settings		
System > R	Backup/Rest	ore	
Now Schee	Factory defa	aults	
Are you sure you v	Reboot		վետ
Yes No	Shutdown		Reboot

System > Reboot > Now

 Now
 Scheduled

 Are you sure you want to reboot the system?

 Yes
 No

8.2.4.2 Scheduled

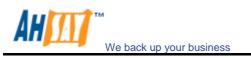
You may check the [Enable] checkbox on the top-right hand corner to enable schedule shutdown and schedule the shutdown time by selection the lists in the table [Scheduled reboot] and click the [Save] button to save your settings.

System > Reboot > Scheduled

Scheduled reboot					🔽 En
Shutdown Time	Minutes	Hours	days	months	week days
	Please Select: I </th <th>Please Select: Please Select: 12 1 13 1 2 14 3 15 4 16 5 17 6 18 7 19 8 20 9 21 10 22 11 2 23 2</th> <th>Please Select: 1 3 4 25 4 2 14 26 3 15 27 4 16 28 5 17 29 6 18 30 7 19 31 9 9 21 10 22 11 23 12 24 9 etert minutes, hours, days, more</th> <th>Please Select: Please Select: Pebruary March April May June July August September October December December</th> <th>Please Select: Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday</th>	Please Select: Please Select: 12 1 13 1 2 14 3 15 4 16 5 17 6 18 7 19 8 20 9 21 10 22 11 2 23 2	Please Select: 1 3 4 25 4 2 14 26 3 15 27 4 16 28 5 17 29 6 18 30 7 19 31 9 9 21 10 22 11 23 12 24 9 etert minutes, hours, days, more	Please Select: Please Select: Pebruary March April May June July August September October December December	Please Select: Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday

Save

WARNING: Please do not select ALL the minutes for reboot, otherwise the AhsayUBS may need to restore to factory default for stopping the endless rebooting system!



8.2.5 Shutdown

8.2.5.1 Now

Click [Yes] button to shutdown the AhsayUBS or [No] to cancel.

WARNING: Please ensure the system's condition is safe for shutdown. Otherwise, the backup job could be interrupted if the backup server is in use.

Information	System	Network	c Storage
System > S	Backup/Resi		
Are you sure you Yes No	Reboot Shutdown		(h) Shutdown
Information	Syst	em	Network

System > Shutdown > Now

Now Scheduled

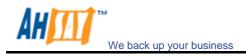
Are you sure you want to shutdown the system?

Yes No

8.2.5.2 Scheduled

You may check the [Enable] checkbox on the top-right hand corner to enable schedule shutdown and schedule the shutdown time by selecting the options in the table [Schedule shutdown] and click the [Save] button to save your settings.

	Shutdowr eduled	n > Schedu	led							
Scheduled shut	:down									▼ Ena
Shutdown Time	e	Minutes			Hours		days		months	week days
		1 13 2 14 3 15 4 16 5 17 6 18 7 19 8 20 9 21 10 22 11 23	 24 ▲ 36 25 37 26 38 27 39 28 40 29 41 30 42 31 43 32 44 33 4 46 ✓ 35 ✓ 47 	49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 57 58 57 58 59	1 13 2 14 3 15 4 16 5 17 6 18 7 19 8 20 9 21 10 22 11 2 23	R	2 14 3 19 4 16 5 17 6 18 7 19 8 20 9 22 10 22 11 22 12 2 24	3 25 4 26 5 27 28 27 29 30 31 1	Please Select: January February March April May June July August September October November December	Please Select: Sunday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday



WARNING: Please do not select ALL the minutes for shutdown, otherwise the AhsayUBS may need to restore to factory default for stopping the endless shutting down system!

8.3 Network

This section shows how to configure network settings, tools for network connectivity in the AhsayUBS through the AhsayUBS WebAdmin.

When the mouse cursor is over the word [Network] in the menu bar, the menu will be shown as below:

U	Ahsay"	" Unive	rsal Bac	:kup Systen
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
Network	> Interface	Interfaces	2	
Interface	Network port	Routes		
LAN	em0 (00:0c:29:fc:a0	Hosts Static Routes		
		Ping/Tracerou	te	

The [Network] menu has been further divided into the following sections:

- Interfaces (Assign the physical device with a configuration setting).
- LAN/OPT1/OPT2 (Configuration for interface LAN/OPT1/OPT2)
- Routes (Current routing information)
- Hosts (User defined Host IP Address mapping)
- Static Routes (User defined routing setting)
- Ping/Traceroute (Network tools)



8.3.1 Interfaces

This page shows a summary of physical network devices in this AhsayUBS. The first column shows the interface name (e.g. LAN). The second column shows the network port's name and its physical address.

By default, there should be at least one network device which will be assigned as LAN in the system.

If there are other network interfaces available in the system, a ' button will be shown next to the table for addition of other network interfaces. The additional network devices will be assigned as "OPT1", "OPT2" incrementally.

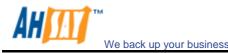
You can assign different network device to the interface name from the dropdown list at the second column. After selecting the interface, press the [Save] button to save your settings.

WARNING: You must select a network interface inside the drop down list after clicking the '•' icon and click the [Save] button before rebooting the AhsayUBS may be unreachable from the network since there are no network interface selection for the LAN and OPT.

Once you have added an OPT1 network interface, a new configuration page [Network] > [Optional1 (OPT1)] will be added to the system after reboot.

The [Network] > [LAN] denotes the network device configuration for the network device which has been assigned at the [network] > [Interface] page. Additional network interfaces OPT1 can be configured at page [Network] > [OPT1] which is similar to the [LAN] interface.

Information	System	Network	Storage	Bac
Network > Interface		Interfaces	ſ.	
Network	<pre>> Interface</pre>	LAN	dm	
Interface	Interface Network port		Interfaces	
LAN		Hosts		
LAN	em0 (00:0c:29:fc:a0	Static Routes		
		Ping/Tracerout	e	



nformation	System	Network
Network	x > Interfac	es
Interface	Network port	

warning:	
After you click "Save", you must reboot Ahsay Universal Ba	ac
access your NAS again:	

In addition, a network interface can be deleted by clicking the '[©]' icon corresponding to the network interface that wants to be deleted. After rebooting the AhsayUBS, the network interface will be deleted successfully.

WARNING: When deleting a network interface, the network settings inside the network interface (e.g. IP address) will also be deleted permanently. You may need to set it again when the network interface is added again.

8.3.2 LAN

This page helps to set the configuration of the network interface labeled LAN in the AhsayUBS.

8.3.2.1 IPv4 Configuration

The fields for this section are listed below:

- **Type:** Select DHCP to obtain the IP address automatically. Select [Static] for entering the IP address manually.
- IP Address: This will be enabled only in STATIC mode. You need to enter the IP address for the AhsayUBS. Please make sure that the IP address entered can be reached from your computer. The drop down list after the "/" is the subnet mask. The value in here represents the number of bits of the subnet mask address. E.g. if the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0 (i.e. in binary form: 1111111.111111111111100000000), the subnet number is 24 bit.
 Gateway: This will be enabled only in STATIC mode. The default
- **Gateway:** This will be enabled only in STATIC mode. The default gateway must be entered correctly.

Note: For additional network interfaces, e.g. OPT1, there will be an additional [Activate] checkbox at the top-right hand corner. You may check this checkbox to enable the corresponding network interface.



8.3.2.2 Advanced Configuration

The fields in this section are listed below:

- **MTU:** Set the maximum transmission unit of the interface to n, the default settings is leave to n, default is interface specific (i.e. blank). The MTU is used to limit the size of packets that are transmitted on an interface. Not all interfaces support setting the MTU, and some interfaces have range restrictions.
- **Device polling:** Device polling is a technique that lets the system periodically poll network devices for new data instead of relying on interrupts. This can reduce CPU load and therefore increase throughput, at the expense of a slightly higher forwarding delay (the devices are polled 1000 times per second). Not all NICs support polling.
- **Type:** Select the speed of network from the drop down list.
- **Extra options:** You can enter extra options for the FreeBSD command "ifconfig" here. For more information of this command, please refer to the FreeBSD documentation.

After the configuration is updated, the page is refreshed. If a reboot message is shown, please click the link [reboot] in the message to reboot the AhsayUBS for the changes to take effect.

WARNING: Before rebooting the AhsayUBS, please make sure the network settings (i.e. the IP address and the default gateway) in the above page(s) are correct. Otherwise, the AhsayUBS may be UNREACHABLE by the network after rebooting.

information	System	Network	Storage	Bac
Network	x > Interface	Interfaces		
Network	<pre>c > Interface</pre>	LAN	վետ	
Second Second		OPT1	LAN	
Interface	Network port	Routes		
LAN	em0 (00:0c:29:fc:a0	Hosts		
OPT1	em1 (00:0c:29:fc:a0	Static Routes		
		Ping/Tracerout	te	

14/-----



Network > LAN

IPv4 Configuration	
Туре	Static 💌
IP address	10.10.3.41 / 16 💌
Gateway	10.10.0.1
Advanced Configura	tion
МТО	Set the maximum transmission unit of the interface to n, default is interface specific. The MTU is used to limit the size of packets that are transmitted on an interface. Not all interfaces support setting the MTU, and some interfaces have range restrictions.
Device polling	Enable device polling Device polling is a technique that lets the system periodically poll network devices for new data instead of relying on interrupts. This can reduce CPU load and therefore increase throughput, at the expense of a slightly higher forwarding delay (the devices are polled 1000 times per second). Not all NICs support polling.
Туре	autoselect
Extra options	Extra options to ifconfig (usually empty).

Save

Warning: After you dick "Save", you may also have to do one or more of the following steps before you can access Ahsay Universal Backup System again:

change the IP address of your computer
 access the webGUI with the new IP address

8.3.3 Routes

This page shows the routing table of your AhsayUBS which is used to trace the network routing to a target network destination.

nformation	System	Network رالی	Storage	Backup Serve
letwork >	> Routes	Interfaces LAN		
Summary	Static Route	Routes Hosts		
IPv4		Ping/Tracerou	te	
Destination		Gatev	vay	Flags
default		10.2.0	254	UGS
10.2.0.0/16		link#1		U
10.2.3.50		link#1		UHS
127.0.0.1		link#3		UH

information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server					
Network 2	> Routes								
Summary	Static Route	25							
Jummary	Static Roact	-9							
IPv4									
		Gatew	vay	Flags	Refs	Use	Mtu	Netif	Expire
Destination		Gatew 10.2.0.		Flags UGS	Refs 4	Use 4665	Mtu 1500	Netif em0	Expire
Destination default				_					Expire
IPv4 Destination default 10.2.0.0/16 10.2.3.50		10.2.0.		UGS	4	4665	1500	emO	Expire



8.3.4 Hosts

This page is for the customization of hosts settings.

Information	System	Network	Storage	Bac
Nahuada	Hasta > C	Interfaces		
Network >	> Hosts > S	LAN		
Summary	Edit Hostname	OPT1		tr
		Routes		-
Hostname Da	tabase	Hosts	ിന	
No hostname and	IP address mapping	Static Routes	Hosts	
		Ping/Traceroute		

8.3.4.1 Summary

It contains a summary of the entire host settings inside the AhsayUBS.

The [Hostname Database] table contains the mapping of the hostname and IP address inside the AhsayUBS.

Here are the fields required for each of the hostname database entry:

- Hostname: The hostname you want to map with IP address in the [IP address] field.
- **IP Address:** The IP address you want to map with the hostname in the [Hostname] field.
- **Description (Optional):** Enter some description of the mapping for your reference.

You may edit the hostname database settings by the page [Network] > [Hosts] > [Edit Hostname Database].

The [Host Access Control] table contains the settings of the access control of the specific daemon.

The basic configuration usually takes the form of "daemon: address action", where daemon name of the service started. The address can be a valid hostname, and IP address enclosed in brackets. The action field can be either allow or deny to grant or deny access appropriately. Keep in mind that configuration works off a first rule match semantic, meaning that the configuration file is scanned in ascending order for a matching rule. When a matching result is found and the rule will be applied. Then, the search process will halt. To get detailed information about TCP wrappers, please refer to the FreeBSD documentation.



The default settings of the [Host Access Control] are:

#ftpd : xxx.xxx.xxx : deny
#sshd : .example.com : deny
#in.tftpd : xxx.xxx.xxx : deny
#bsnmpd : xxx.xxx.xxx : deny
ALL : ALL : allow

Note: If you put the "#" character at the start of a line, then the line will become a comment line.

You may edit the host access control settings by the page [Network] > [Hosts] > [Edit Host Access Control].

Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server	
Network >	Hosts > 9	Summary			
Summary	Edit Hostname	e Database	Edit Host Acces	s Control	
Hostname Data	abase				
Hostname		IP ad	dress		Description
ahsayobm		192.16	8.6.230		ahsayobm
Host Access Co #ftpd : xxx #sshd : .exa #in.tftpd : #bsnmpd : xx ALL : ALL :	.xxx.xxx.xx ample.com : xxx.xxx.xx xx.xxx.xx	deny x.xxx : den;	Y		

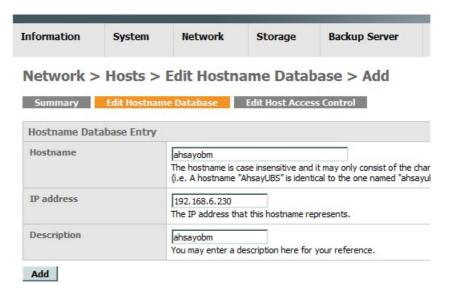


8.3.4.2 Edit Hostname Database

8.3.4.2.1 Add a hostname database entry

To add a hostname to the database, please follow the steps below:

- 1. (Entry Exist) Click the " vicon.
- 2. Fill in the required fields.
- 3. Click the [Add] button.
- 4. A new entry is added successfully into the hostname database.





8.3.4.2.2 Edit a hostname database entry

To edit a hostname stored in the database, please follow the steps below:

- 1. Look for the entry to be edited.
- 2. Click the '¹' icon.
- 3. Edit the fields.
- 4. Click the [Save] button.
- 5. The entry is edited successfully.

Network	> Hosts >	Edit Hostn	ame Data	base > Edit		
Summary	Edit Hoctor	me Database	Edit Host Acce	cc Control		
Summary	Edit Hostila	me Database	Edit nost Acce			
Hostname Da	atabase Entry					
Hostname		ahsayobm				
		The hostname is o		d it may only consist of the char tical to the one named "ahsayu		
IP address		192, 168, 6, 230	_			
		The IP address that this hostname represents.				
Description		ahsayobm				
		and and and and and a standard a s	description here for	r your reference.		
Save System	n Network	Storage Backup Ser	ver			
etwork > Hosts	> Edit Hostnar	ne Database				
ummary Edit Host	tname Database E	dit Host Access Control				
stname Database						
ostname Database ostname	IP addres	8	Description			

8.3.4.2.3 Delete a hostname database entry

To delete a hostname from the database, please follow the steps below:

- 1. Look for the entry to be deleted.
- 2. Click the '[©]' icon.
- 3. The entry is deleted successfully.



8.3.4.3 Edit Host Access Control

Edit the entries in the Host Access Control textarea and click the [Save and Restart] button to update and restart the server. The new settings will take effect after restarting the services.

nformation	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
letwork >	Hosts > E	Edit Host A	ccess Con	trol
Summary	Edit Hostname	Database	Edit Host Acces	s Control
Host Access Cor	ntrol			
<pre>#ftpd : xxx.xx #gshd : .examp</pre>	ple.com : de	ny		
<pre>#in.tftpd : xx #banmpd : xxx ALL : ALL : al</pre>	. xxx . xxx . xxx			

Usage:

The basic configuration usually takes the form of 'daemon : address : action'. Where daemon is the daemo The address can be a valid hostname, an IP address or an IPv6 address enclosed in brackets. The action field can be either allow or deny to grant or deny access appropriately. Keep in mind that configuration works off a first rule match semantic, meaning that the configuration file is When a match is found the rule is applied and the search process will halt. To get detailed informations about TCP Wrappers check the FreeBSD documentation.



8.3.5 Static Routes

This page allows you to customize the static route. If there are several network interfaces in the AhsayUBS, additional routes can be added to allow directing network traffic to other networks.

If you want to add a static route, click the ' • ' icon to continue.

Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server			
Network >	Static Ro						
Interface		Vetwork		Gá	ateway	Description	

The static routes table will then appear on the browser. Here are the rows that you can choose for configuration.

Interface: Select the interface that used for the static route.

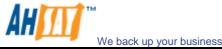
Destination network: The network which the traffic should be directed to via the "Gateway".

Gateway: The IP address of the gateway which has been connected to the destination network.

Description (Optional): Enter some comment related to this static route entry.

Click the [Add] button after completing the table, then click the [Apply change] for the changes to take effect. The message "The changes have been applied successfully." will appear when the entry is added successfully.

System	Network	Storage	Backup Serve
tatic Ro	outes > Ad	d	
	LAN Choose which	interface this rout	e applies to.
rk	10.10.33.0 Destination ne	/ 30 etwork for this stat	
	10.10.33.1 Gateway to b	e used to reach the	e destination network.
			0.33.0/30 e for your reference.
	tatic Ro	Itatic Routes > Ad LAN Choose which rk 10.10.33.0 Destination no 10.10.33.1 Gateway to b	Itatic Routes > Add Itatic Routes > A



Network :	> Static Ro	outes			
Interface	Netwo		Gateway	Description	
LAN	10 10 3	13.0/30	10, 10, 33, 1	Static Route of the Subnet 10.10.33.0/30	17 97 9

AH TT

Now you can click the '^{\circ}' icon to configure the entry or click the '^{\circ} ' icon to remove the entry.

'¹: Edit the entry and click the [Save] -> [Apply changes] button to save the changes.

[•] After clicking this icon, a pop-up dialog will appear to confirm the changes. Clicking the [OK] button to confirm or clicking the [Cancel] button to give up. After the dialog is closed, you need to click the [Apply Changes] button for the changes to take effect. The message of "The changes have been applied successfully." will be shown and it denotes that the entry is removed successfully.



8.3.6 Ping/Traceroute

This page contains the network tools: ping and traceroute. The first page contains the ping tool and the second page contains the traceroute tool.

8.3.6.1 Ping

It is the "ping" command in standard UNIX machines. It tests your AhsayUBS network interface whether is can reach the destination hosts specified. After you have entered the required information in the text box, click the [Ping] button to ping the destination host. The output below the [Ping] button will show the results whether the destination can be reach by the AhsayUBS or not.

Below is an example that the AhsayUBS can reach the destination successfully.

Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server		
Network >	Ping/Tra	ceroute >	Ping			
Ping						
Host		192.168.6.186 Destination host name or IP number.				
Interface LAN Use the following the followi			the following IP address as the source address in outgoing packets.			
Count	Count 3 - Stop after sending (and receiving) N packets.					
Ping						
64 bytes from 64 bytes from 64 bytes from 192.168.6 3 packets tra	6.186 (19) a 192.168. a 192.168. a 192.168. 5.186 ping ansmitted,	5.186: icmp 5.186: icmp 5.186: icmp statistics 3 packets r	<pre>seq=0 ttl=1 seq=1 ttl=1 seq=2 ttl=1 eccived, 0.</pre>	.3.41: 56 data bytes 26 time=20.162 ms 26 time=1.518 ms 26 time=1.135 ms 0% packet loss 0.162/8.881 ms		

Below is an example that the AhsayUBS failed to reach the destination "192.168.6.163".



We back up your business

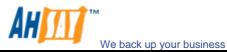
192. 168.6. 163 Destination host name or IP nur	mber.
LAN - Use the following IP address as	the source address in outgoing packet
3 • Stop after sending (and receiving	ng) N packets.
	Destination host name or IP nu LAN V Use the following IP address as

8.3.6.2 Traceroute

It is another tool for testing your AhsayUBS network connection to a destination host you entered in the table below. It also shows the path of the packets travel from the AhsayUBS to the destination host.

Below is an example that the AhsayUBS can reach the destination successfully.

etwork >	> Ping/Tra	aceroute >	Tracerou	te
	ceroute			
Traceroute				
Host		192.168.6.186 Destination host n	ame or IP number.	
Max. TTL		30 💌 Max. time-to-live ((max. number of ho	ps) used in outgoing probe packets
Resolve		Resolve IP ad	ldresses to hostnar	nes
Traceroute				



Below is an example that the AhsayUBS failed to reach the destination.

Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
Network >	Ping/Tra	aceroute >	Tracerout	te
Ping Trac	eroute			
Traceroute				
Host		192.168.6.163 Destination host name or IP number.		
Max. TTL		30 - Max. time-to-live (m	nax. number of ho	ps) used in outgoing probe packets.
Resolve		Resolve IP add	resses to hostnam	nes
5 * * * * 6 * * * * 7 * * * * 9 * * * * 10 * * * * 11 * * * * 12 * * * * 12 * * * * 12 * * * * 14 * * * * 15 * * * * 16 * * * * 17 * * * * 18 * * * * 19 * * * * 19 * * * * 10 * * * * 12 * * * * 21 * * * * 22 * * * * *				
20 * * * 27 * * * 28 * * * 29 * * * 30 * * *				



8.4 Storage

8.4.1 Overview

The [Storage] > [Summary] page shows a summary of the volumes created in this AhsayUBS. There are two types of storage volumes defined on the AhsayUBS:

i. System Storage – This is a core storage volume, which is created during AhsayUBS installation. The system storage contains AhsayUBS system files. Therefore, it cannot be removed or unmounted when AhsayUBS is running.

ii. Additional Storage – can be added when the LSFW storage has run out of space. It is used for storing more backup user account data. As additional storage are not core storage volumes. They can be removed or unmounted when AhsayUBS is running.

Details of the storage model in AhsayUBS can be found in the section [AhsayUBS Storage Concepts].

Under this page, volume information will be shown and the actions can be done include:

- i. add or remove an additional storage
- ii. mount or unmount an additional storage
- iii. filesystem check on a volume
- iv. rebuild degraded LSFW or additional storage inside this AhsayUBS.

The page [Storage] > [iSCSI] shows a summary of the iSCSI session created in this AhsayUBS. The iSCSI session can be created, edited their information, disconnected and removed in this AhsayUBS in this page.

After an iSCSI session is created, it can be used as a provider for the Expandable Storage (a type of Additional Storage).



8.4.2 [Storage] > [Summary]

8.4.2.1 Storage Information in the WebAdmin

A summary of the storages installed in the AhsayUBS will be shown in this page.

Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Serve	er
Storage >	iSCSI			ary	
Target address		Target	Target name		itiator name

The [Storage] > [Summary] shows the summary of the storages inside the AhsayUBS with volume view. Here is the information that will be shown in the volume:

Volume Pie chart - For the volume size distribution:

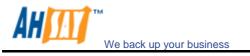
- i. Yellow means the approximate used space in a volume.
- ii. Blue means the approximate the free space available in a volume.



The missing volume pie chart means the volume is not available for the AhsayUBS. It may be due to factors such as:

- i. The volume is exported.
- ii. Some of the providers (block devices or iSCSI session) are missing.





Volume status icons indicate the various statuses of the volume. It is put beyond the volume pie chart. Enclosed is the description of the volume status icons:

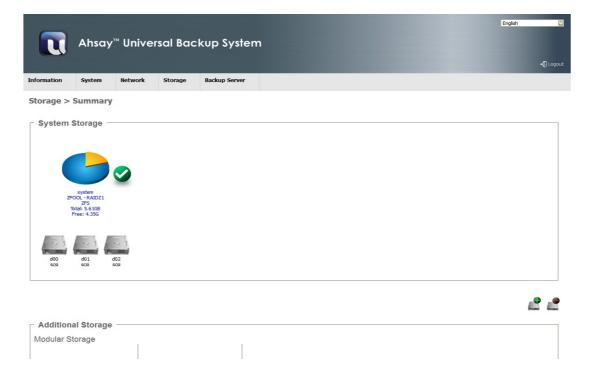
v	Healthy	The volume is healthy.
A	Degraded	The volume is degraded. One or more providers (block devices) of the volume are missing though the volume can still be used. The volume can become healthy again with a rebuild after replacing the missing providers. For details, please refer to the [Troubleshooting] section.
0	Rebuilding	This state will occur after the provider is replaced in the volume. After rebuilding completed, the status will become healthy again. The rebuilding state will not affect the read or write operation of the volume.
8	Critical	The volume is not available. It is better to suspend all I/O activity before the volume has undergone further damage.
Ø	Missing	 The volume is missing. It cannot be accessed by the AhsayUBS. It may be caused by: The volume is exported. The local storage is disconnected. For details, please refer to the [Troubleshooting] section.
8	Disconnected	The corresponding remote disk's connection is lost. Please bring the remote storage host up (e.g. iSCSI initiator) to reconnect the remote disk. In order to prevent any data access to the remote storage, the AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS and OBSR Share service will not be allowed to start. Do not try to access anything before reconnecting the remote volume.

The following volume information that will be shown below the volume pie chart:

- **Volume ID:** 'system' denotes system storage while 'es????' pattern denotes the volume identity.
- **RAID Type:** RAID type of the volume.
- Filesystem Type: Filesystem type of the volume (UFS or ZFS).
- Total: Total size available for the volume.
- Free: Free space available for the volume to use.

The hard disk icons ' below the text shows number of the providers for the volume and its status:

	Healthy	The provider is healthy.
2	Degraded	Part of the provider is not available. It is advised to backup
		the data in the volume and build a new volume again.
2	Rebuilding	The state will occur after the provider is replaced in the volume. After rebuilding completed, the status will become healthy again.
	Disconnected	The connection of the remote disk is lost. Please bring the remote storage host up (e.g. iSCSI initiator) to reconnect the remote disk.



When the volume pie chart icon is clicked, the page will be redirected to the [Storage] > [Summary] > [RAID Information].

- Description: Description of the volume.
- Volume ID: The ID to identify the volume.
- Storage Type: RAID type of the volume.
- Filesystem Type: Filesystem type of the volume (UFS or ZFS).

- Status: State of the volume (ONLINE / DEGRADED / REBUILDING / CRITIAL / DISCONNECTED).

- Total Size: Total size available for the volume.
- Available Size: Free space available for the volume to use.
- Used Size: Used space of the volume.
- Used Percentage: Volume space used percentage.
- Mount Point: Dirpath where the volume is mounted.



Storage > Summary > RAID Information

1000	Details	
	Description	Modular Storage
	Volume ID	esms00
	Storage Type	ZPOOL - STRIPE
	Filesystem Type	zfs
	Status	ONLINE
	Total Size	3.32 GB
	Available Size	2.32 GB
	Used Size	1.00 GB
	Used Percentage	30.12%
	Mount Point	/ubs/mnt/esms00
	Action	
	Unmount Volume	Unmount
	Filesystem check	Scrub

When the hard disk icon is selected, details of each provider will be shown. This page is called [Storage] > [Summary] > [Block Device Information].

Some Block Device Information will be shown in this page:

- Volume ID: 'system' denotes it is a System Storage provider. Others represent the volume it belongs to.

- **Device ID**: The logical ID that identifies the provider.
- Device Name: Physical name of the block device named by the kernel.
- Device Path: Block device physical path in the AhsayUBS.
- Device Type: Connection type of the device. e.g. ata, ide, scsi,
- hwraid, iscsi etc.
- Device Size: Physical size of the device.

Physical device information, such as [Model Family], [Model Name], [Serial Number] and [Device Firmware Version] are shown which is useful for the AhsayUBS admin to identify the physical block device.

Storage > Summary > Block Device Information

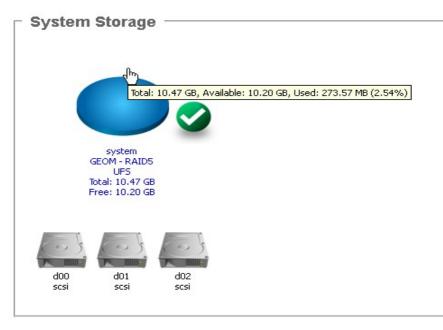
0
m00c00 scsi

Volume ID	esms00	
Device ID	m00c00	
Device Name	da0	
Device Path	/dev/da0	
Device Type	scsi	
Device Size	8.00 GB	
Model Family	1.0	
Model Name	Virtual disk 1.0	

8.4.2.1.1 System Storage

Back

In the page [Storage] > [Summary], only the volume LSFW will be shown.



After clicking the volume pie chart, details of all System Storage will be shown in the page [Storage] > [Summary] > [RAID Information].

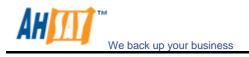
Dotaile



Storage > Summary > RAID Information

Details	
Description	GPT Boot
Volume ID	esgpbt
Storage Type	GEOM - MIRROR
Filesystem Type	ufs
Status	HEALTHY
Details	
Description	Operating System
Volume ID	esosfw
Storage Type	GEOM - MIRROR
Filesystem Type	ufs
Status	HEALTHY
Total Size	171.93 MB
Available Size	108.46 MB
Used Size	62.47 MB
Used Percentage	36.55%
Mount Point	/ubs/mnt/esosfw
Details	
Description	Firmware Module
Volume ID	esfmfw
Storage Type	GEOM - MIRROR
Filesystem Type	ufs
Status	HEALTHY
Total Size	680.89 MB
Available Size	461.77 MB
Used Size	219.12 MB
Used Percentage	32.23%
Mount Point	/ubs/mnt/esfmfw

8.4.2.1.2 Additional Storage



All configured additional storage devices can be found in the page [Storage] > [Summary]. After clicking the volume pie chart icon, details of the additional storage will be displayed.

Additional Storage can be added when master storage LSFW runs out of space. Once created, the additional storage can be used for storing more user accounts data and their backup snapshots of AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS in this AhsayUBS.

Supported types of the Additional Storage in AhsayUBS:

- i. Modular Storage:
 - Supports one or multiple physical block devices for building RAIDO, RAID1 and RAIDZ in ZFS from local storage.
 - Supports one remote disk (i.e. iSCSI target) to build a RAID 0 ZFS remote storage.
- ii. Expandable Storage: Created with an iSCSI initiator session and hardware RAID volumes. One iSCSI initiator session (one provider) can support creating an expandable storage only. Since iSCSI target / hardware RAID volume can be expanded, the entire disk will be consumed by a single ZPOOL. The creation of the expandable storage will not be supported in the current and further releases of AhsayUBS.
- Optional Storages (previously named Optional Labelled Device) in UFS format created in the previous releases of AhsayUBS are also supported, but the creation of new UFS format Optional Storage is not supported as of AhsayUBS v2.1.0.0

8.4.2.2 Create Additional Storage

Additional Storage can be added by clicking the 4 icon in the [Storage] > [Summary] page. If there are no available providers for creating the additional storage, the 4 icon will be hidden.

AhsayUBS admin may either:

i. Shutdown AhsayUBS and insert the block devices. Power on AhsayUBS on again. or

- ii. Connecting to the iSCSI target (Please refer to the section [Storage]
- > [iSCSI] for details.) for the '

The provider which has been used by other AhsayUBS before will not be listed as an empty block device. It should be zero out before putting into this AhsayUBS.

WARNING:

Please note all data in the block device or the iSCSI initiator will be DESTROYED and CANNOT BE RECOVERED again after the additional storage is created.





8.4.2.2.1 Create Modular Storage (Physical Block Devices)

 [Local Storage Provider] Make sure the block devices / hardware RAID volume are connected to the AhsayUBS server. If not, shutdown AhsayUBS. Insert a physical block device(s) / create a hardware RAID before booting to AhsayUBS again.

[Remote Storage Provider] Make sure an iSCSI initiator session is connected and enabled. To verify the existence of an iSCSI initiator, please refer to the section [Storage] > [iSCSI] for details.

- 2. Go to the page [Storage] > [Summary].
- 3. Click the '
- Select the provider(s) included in the volume in the drop down list. Multiple providers can be selected by [Windows] 'Ctrl + Mouse Left Click' / [Mac OS] 'Command + Mouse Left Click'.
- 5. [Local Storage Provider] Select the RAID type of the volume (RAID 0 / RAID 1 / RAID Z).
- 6. Click the button [Done].
- 7. Read the warning message in the alert box carefully. Confirm that 'All of the data will be destroyed in the provider(s)' by clicking [OK] button.
- 8. The page then will be redirected to the page [Storage] > [Summary] when the modular storage is created. A dialog box will show that whether creating modular storage action is done successfully or not. Click [OK] to close the dialog.

8.4.2.3 Remove Additional Storage

Please ensure that the volume is NOT IN USE before removing. Otherwise, the volume removal action will fail.

Please follow these steps for removing the additional storage:

- 1. Go to the page [Storage] > [Summary].
- 2. Click the icon '
- 3. Click the icon ' ${\ensuremath{\overline{\bullet}}}$ ' beyond the volume to be removed.
- 4. Confirm the alert dialog to remove the additional storage.

5. The page will be refreshed. A dialog will be popped up to show that the volume is removed successfully. The volume will no longer exist in the AhsayUBS now.

WARNING:

All the data in the additional storage will be DESTROYED and CANNOT BE RECOVERED again.



8.4.2.4 Mount and Unmount Additional Storage

8.4.2.4.1 Unmount Additional Storage

Note:

System Storage volume is always in use and there cannot be unmounted.
 Please ensure that the volume is NOT IN USE before unmounting. Otherwise, the unmount volume action will fail.

Please follow these steps for unmount a volume:

- 1. Go to the page [Storage] > [Summary].
- 2. Click the volume pie chart icon which is to be unmounted.
- 3. The page is redirected to [Storage] > [Summary] > [RAID Information]. Click the [Unmount] button to unmount the volume.
 4. The page will be refreshed and shows the result that the volume is
- unmounted successfully or not. Click the button [OK] to close the dialog.

8.4.2.4.2 Mount Additional Storage

Storage volumes cannot be used by the AhsayUBS or the AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS when it is not mounted. To use the volume, please follow these steps for mount a volume:

- 1. Go to the page [Storage] > [Summary].
- 2. Click the volume pie chart icon which is to be mounted.
- 3. The page is redirected to [Storage] > [Summary] > [RAID

Information]. Click the [Mount] button to mount the volume.

4. The page will be refreshed and shows the result that the volume is mounted successfully or not. Click the button [OK] to close the dialog.

8.4.2.5 Filesystem Check

To verify the data integrity of the files and recover the filesystem if there are defects inside the file system.

8.4.2.5.1 [ZFS] Scrub

Scrub is the filesystem check process for the ZFS volumes. It can be performed on a volume in either mounted or un-mounted state

Note:

The performance of the mounted volume will be lowered during scrubbing process. Therefore it is recommended to perform ZFS scrubbing operations during off peak hours, when there are no backup jobs running.

To trigger the filesystem check manually, please follow these steps:

1. Go to the page [Storage] > [Summary].

2. Click the volume pie chart icon which is going to scrubbing.

3. The page is redirected to [Storage] > [Summary] > [RAID

Information]. Click the [scrub] button to start the scrubbing.

4. Read the alert dialog message and confirm it to start the scrubbing process.

5. The page will be refreshed. A dialog will be shown whether the scrubbing command can be issued successfully or not. Click the [OK] button to close the dialog.

6. Scrubbing message will be shown and refreshed at the bottom of the page during scrubbing.

	Details		
	Description	Modular Storage	
	Volume ID	esms00	
	Storage Type	ZPOOL - RAIDZ1	
	Filesystem Type	zfs	
	Status	ONLINE	
	Total Size	7.63 GB	
	Available Size	7.63 GB	
	Used Size	91.50 KB	
	Used Percentage	0.00%	
	ZFS Version	3	
	Mount Point	/ubs/mnt/esms00	
	Action		
	Unmount Volume		Unmount
	Filesystem check		Scrub
scrub completed after OhOm with O errors on Tue May 31 04:15:35 2011 Back			

Storage > Summary > RAID Information

8.4.2.5.2 [UFS] fsck

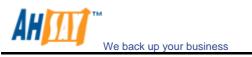
The "fsck" process is the filesystem check process for the UFS volumes. <u>The</u> <u>"fsck" process must be performed when the UFS volume is offline</u>. Therefore, "fsck" checks are only available for [Additional Storage] volumes, as the [System Storage] volumes cannot be unmounted. A "fsck" check for [System Storage] is performed during the AhsayUBS boot process.

Note:

Please make sure the volume is not in use before unmounting the volume. It is also recommended that the AhsayOBSR service is shutdown down before unmounting the volume.

To trigger the "fsck" process manually, please follow these steps:

- 1. Go to the page [Storage] > [Summary].
- 2. Click the volume pie chart icon which is going to start "fsck".



3. If the volume is not unmounted, please refer to the section [Mount and Unmount Additional Storage].

4. After the volume is unmounted, click the button [fsck] to start the "fsck" process.

5. Read the alert dialog message and confirm it to start the "fsck" process.

6. The page will be refreshed. A dialog will be popped up to show that whether the "fsck" is started successfully. Click the [OK] button to close the dialog.

7. "fsck" messages will be shown on the bottom of the page if the "fsck" process is started successfully.

Details Description Optional Storage Volume ID esls00 GEOM - LABEL Storage Type ufs Filesystem Type Status ONLINE Action Mount Mount Volume fsck Filesystem check Command output: ** /dev/label/E5A6D6E1xes1s00
** Last Mounted on /ubs/mmt/es1s00
** Phase 1 - Check Blocks and Sizes
** Phase 2 - Check Pathnames
** Phase 3 - Check Connectivity
** Phase 4 - Check Reference Counts
** Phase 5 - Check Cyl groups
2 files, 2 used, 4061044 free (28 frags, 507627 blocks, 0.0% fragmentation)

Storage > Summary > RAID Information

8.4.2.6 Export and Import Additional Storage (ZFS)

- 1. When the corresponding block devices or the iSCSI target is undergoing maintenance or
- 2. [Expandable Storage] The iSCSI target / hardware RAID volume is expanded, the additional storage is needed to be exported and imported again to recognize the expanded size.

Notes:

- 1. The System Storage cannot be unmounted. So, the volume(s) in System Storage cannot be exported.
- 2. The volume is needed to be unmounted before exporting. Therefore, make sure that the volume is not in use.

8.4.2.6.1 Export the Additional Storage



To export an additional storage:

1. Unmount the volume first if it is mounted. For the steps to unmount a volume, please refer to the section [Mount and Unmount Additional Storage].

- 2. Go to the page [Storage] > [Summary].
- 3. Click the volume pie chart icon which is going to be exported.
 - 4. Click the button [Export].

5. The page will be refreshed and a dialog will be shown that the volume is exported successfully. Click [OK] to close the dialog box.

6. The volume is now exported. So, the volume is missing in the AhsayUBS now.

Storage > Summary > RAID Information

	Details	
	Description	Modular Storage
	Volume ID	esms00
	Storage Type	ZPOOL - RAIDZ1
	Filesystem Type	zfs
	Status	MISSING
	Action	
	Import Volume	Import
Back		

8.4.2.6.2 Import the Additional Storage

The volume needs to be imported again when it is going to be used by the AhsayUBS.

To import a volume:

1. Make sure the corresponding block device(s) (Modular Storage) or the iSCSI connection (Expandable Storage) is connected to the AhsayUBS before importing the volume.

- 2. Go to the page [Storage] > [Summary].
- 3. Click the volume pie chart icon which is going to be imported.
- 4. Click the button [Import].

5. The page will be refreshed and a dialog will be shown that the volume is imported successfully. Click [OK] to close the dialog box.

6. The volume information now can be shown in the AhsayUBS WebAdmin now. It means that the volume can be used again now by the AhsayUBS after mounting it.





Storage > Summary > RAID Information



Details		
Description	Modular Storage	
Volume ID	esms00	
Storage Type	ZPOOL - RAIDZ1	
Filesystem Type	zfs	
Status	ONLINE	
Total Size	7.63 GB	
Available Size	7.63 GB	
Used Size	91.50 KB	
Used Percentage	0.00%	
ZFS Version	3	
Mount Point	/ubs/mnt/esms00	

Action	
Unmount Volume	Unmount
Filesystem check	Scrub

Back

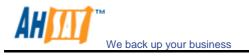




8.4.3 [Storage] > [iSCSI]

Information	System	n Network	Storage	Backu	p Server	
Treformer	tion > C	etom Status	Summary			
Informa	auon > 5	stem Status	iSCSI	Ռո		
System S	tatus Pi	rocesses Netw	ork Soc	kets 🚽	Taph	
				iS	CSI	
				iS	CSI	
				iS	CSI	
	Network Storage	Backup Server		is	CSI	_
	Network Storage	Backup Server		iS	CSI	_
	Network Storage	Backup Server		iS	CSI	
formation System	Network Storage	Backup Server	Comment	Connected	CSI Enable / Disable	
formation System			Comment ubsdsk00		Enable /	98 e
ormation System corage > iSCSI arget address	Target name	Initiator name		Connected	Enable / Disable	- 98 a

In AhsayUBS, iSCSI can only be used for creating the additional storages.



The information that will be shown for each of the iSCSI session entry:

- Target address: The IP address / DNS name to the iSCSI target.
- Target name: The IQN name of the ISCSI target.*
- Initiator name: The IQN to identify the iSCSI target.*
- Port: The port of the iSCSI TARGET. Default value is "3260".
- **Comment:** The description of this entry.

- **Connected:** "Yes" when the iSCSI session is connected. "No" when the iSCSI session is disconnected.

- Enable / Disable: Enable/Disable the iSCSI session.

Note: The IQN should be in "iqn.<yyyy-mm>.<reversed domain name>:<identifier>" format.

8.4.3.1 Rules for enable / disable / delete iSCSI session:

You may enable / disable the iSCSI initiator session for maintenance the iSCSI target server. When the corresponding additional storages are in use, the iSCSI initiator session cannot be disabled.

8.4.3.2 Difference between disable / delete an iSCSI initiator session

Disable:

The iSCSI initiator session entry still exists in the AhsayUBS. Use this function when you want to temporarily disable the session and reconnect it later.

Delete:

The iSCSI initiator session entry will no longer be used in this AhsayUBS.

8.4.3.3 Create a connection to an iSCSI target

Note: Please ensure that the iSCSI target should be greater than 2GB. Otherwise, it cannot be used as the AhsayUBS storage.

- 1. Go to the page [Storage] > [iSCSI]
- 2. Click the ' ^O' icon.
- 3. Enter the required information inside the [iSCSI] TABLE.
- 4. Click the [Add] button.

5. An [iSCSI] initiator session is now enabled. The connected iSCSI disk is now ready to be added as Additional Storage for this AhsayUBS. Please refer to the section [Create Additional Storage] for details.

Note: If the iSCSI initiator session remains for a "Connecting..." state for a long time, incorrect connection information may have been used or the iSCSI target host/service could be down. You may destroy this entry and try again.

Storage > iSCSI

Target name	Initiator name	Comment	Connected	Enable / Disable
iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0	iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0		Yes	Mounted
iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test1	iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test1	-	Yes	Mounted
iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test2	iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test2	-	Yes	Mounted
iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0	iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0		Yes	Mounted
iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test1	iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test1		Yes	Mounted
	iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test1 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test2 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0	iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test1 iqn.2007- iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test1 iqn.2007- iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test1 iqn.2007- iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test2 iqn.2007- iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test2 iqn.2007- iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test2 iqn.2007- iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 iqn.2007- iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 iqn.2007-	iqn.2007- iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test1 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test1 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test2 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test2 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test2 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test2 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 iqn.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0	ign.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 ign.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test1 Yes ign.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test1 ign.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test1 Yes ign.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test2 ign.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test2 Yes ign.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test2 ign.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test2 Yes ign.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 ign.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 Yes ign.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 ign.2007- 09.jp.ne.peach.istgt:test0 Yes

8.4.3.4 Edit the configuration of an iSCSI entry

Note:

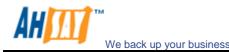
The corresponding additional storage should be exported or removed before proceed. Note that removing the additional storage will erase all the data in the storage. For steps to export an additional storage, please refer to the section [Export and Import Addition Storage]. For steps to remove an additional storage, please refer to the section [Remove Additional Storage].

Please follow the steps below to change the configuration of an iSCSI initiator entry:

- 1. Go to the page [Storage] > [iSCSI]
- 2. Look for the iSCSI initiator entry that is going to be edited.
- 3. Click the icon ' $\mathbf{1}$ '.

4. Edit the fields under the [iSCSI] table. (Only the [Initiator name] and the [Comment] can be edited).

5. Click the [Save] button to save the changes.



nformation	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server		
Storage >	iscsi > e	dit				
iSCSI						
Target addres	5	10.3.0 The IP		ame of the iSCSI target.		
Target name		The for	iqn.2004-04.com. :iscsi.ubsdisk0C The format should be in "iqn. <yyyy-mm>. <reversed domain="" name="">:<identifier> example: iqn.1994-04.org.netbsd.iscsi-target:target0.</identifier></reversed></yyyy-mm>			
Initiator name		The for	mat should be in "	:iscsi.ubsdisk0C iqn. <yyyy-mm>.<reversed domain="" name="">:<identifier> ac.huji.cs:somebody.</identifier></reversed></yyyy-mm>		
Port		3260 The tar	get port of the iSC	CSI initiator. Default port is "3260".		
Comment		ubsdis The de	k00 scription of this en	trv.		

8.4.3.5 Disable an iSCSI initiator entry

Note:

1. The corresponding modular / expandable storage should be exported or optional storage should be unmounted before disabling any iSCSI initiator session. The additional storage removal will result in destruction of all the data on the storage volume. For steps to export an additional storage, please refer to the section [Export and Import Addition Storage]. For steps to remove an additional storage, please refer to the section [Remove Additional Storage].

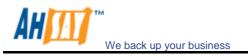
2. The corresponding additional storage should not be DELETED after disabling the iSCSI initiator entry. Otherwise, the data inside the additional storage may not be re-accessible again by this AhsayUBS after re-enabling this iSCSI initiator session.

Please follow the instructions below to disable an iSCSI initiator entry:

- 1. Go to the page [Storage] > [iSCSI]
- 2. Look for the iSCSI initiator entry that going to be disabled.
- 3. Click the [Disable] button.
- 4. The iSCSI initiator entry now disabled successfully.

8.4.3.6 Enable an iSCSI initiator entry

Please follow the steps below to enable an iSCSI initiator entry:



- 1. Go to the page [Storage] > [iSCSI]
- 2. Look for the iSCSI Initiator entry that going to be enabled.
- 3. Click the [Enable] button.
- 4. The iSCSI initiator session has been created successfully.

5. (Optional) The corresponding additional storage can be imported again to use. For details, please refer to the section [Export and Import Additional Storage].

8.4.3.7 Destroy an iSCSI initiator entry

WARNING: Please ensure that all the data in the iSCSI initiator will be erased after it is destroyed.

Please follow the steps below to destroy an iSCSI initiator entry:

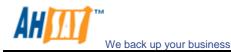
- 1. Go to the page [Storage] > [iSCSI]
- 2. Look for the iSCSI initiator entry that going to deleted.
- 3. Click the icon ' 🤤 '.
- 4. The iSCSI initiator entry is destroyed successfully.

8.4.4 Troubleshooting

8.4.4.1 Rebuild Degraded Storage

When one or more block devices have degraded in a volume, the volume can be rebuilt for recovery. The AhsayUBS administrator can get the latest status of the storage volumes by viewing the page [Storage] > [Summary].

The following example shows the System Storage is degraded:



Information	System	Network	Storage
Storage >	Summary	/	
System S	Storage -		
		<u> </u>	
ZPO	system DOL - RAIDZ1		
	ZFS otal: 5.62GB Free: 5.35G		
	<u>.</u>		
00b	d01	d02	

The volume is degraded when the ' AA ' icon is shown next to the volume.

WARNING: The data inside the rebuilt local block device will be DESTROYED and CANNOT BE RECOVERED.

Notes:

1. The provider which has been used by other AhsayUBS before will not be listed as an empty block device. It should be zero out before put it into this AhsayUBS.

Only two kinds of degraded storage are supported for rebuilding their volume:

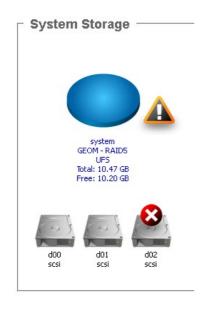
i. System Storage

ii. (Additional) Modular Storage

8.4.4.1.1 Rebuild the System Storage

To rebuild the volume for [System Storage]:

- 1. Go to the page [Storage] > [Summary].
- 2. Note down the volume and block device which are degraded.



Storage > Summary > Block Device Information



Volume ID	system
Device ID	d02
Device Name	da5
Device Path	/dev/da5
Device Type	scsi
Device Size	8.00 GB
Model Family	1.0
Model Name	Virtual disk 1.0

Note: To locate any missing or degraded block devices in AhsayUBS, please refer to [Appendix J – Identifying Physical Local Block Devices on AhsayUBS] for details.

- 3. Shutdown the AhsayUBS in AhsayUBS WebAdmin.
- 4. Replace the block device with a healthy one.
- 5. Power on the AhsayUBS.

6. After the AhsayUBS is booted, login to the AhsayUBS WebAdmin again.

- 7. Go to the page [Storage] > [Summary].
- 8. Inside the degrade storage entry, click the storage icon 🗳
- 9. Select a block device for rebuilt the volume.



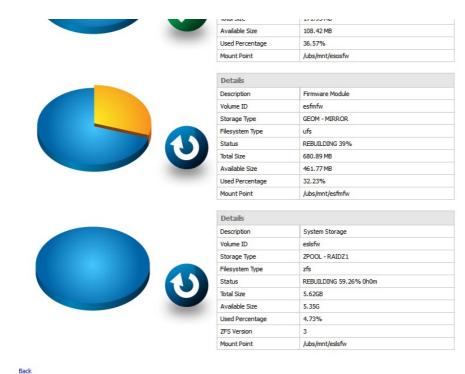
nformation	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server		
Storage >	Summary	> Block D	evice Info	ormation		
				Volume ID	system	
			-	Device ID Device Name	d01 Missing	
Rebuild RAID	do	1				
Select a block	device from the		da1 [4.00 GB] [1.0			Rebuild
ack			da 1 [4.00 GB] [1.0 da 10 [10.00 GB] [1. da 11 [10.00 GB] [1. da 12 [10.00 GB] [1.	0 Virtual disk 1.0] 0 Virtual disk 1.0]		

10. Click the button [Rebuild] to start the rebuild volume process.

11. Warning message will be shown in the alert box. Read it CAREFULLY before proceeds. Click [OK] button to continue the rebuild process. Click [Cancel] to return to the page.

12. After the rebuilding process is started, the page will be redirected to the [Storage] > [Summary] > [RAID Information] page. A dialog will be popped up to shown that the rebuild process is started successfully. Click [OK] button after reading the message.

13. When the block device in the volume is synchronizing, the rebuild



icon '⁹' will be shown in the volume like this:

The healthy icon ' ^v, will be shown again beyond the volume when the volume is synchronized completely.



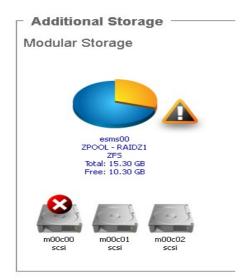
	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	
	Details	
	Description	Firmware Module
	Volume ID	esfmfw
	Storage Type	GEOM - MIRROR
	Filesystem Type	ufs
	Status	HEALTHY
	Total Size	680.89 MB
	Available Size	461.77 MB
	Used Percentage	32.23%
	Mount Point	/ubs/mnt/esfmfw
	Notice and the	
	Details	
	Description	System Storage
	Volume ID	eslsfw
	Storage Type	ZPOOL - RAIDZ1
	Filesystem Type	zfs
	Status	HEALTHY
	Total Size	5.62GB
	Available Size	5.35G
	Used Percentage	4.73%
	ZFS Version	3
	Mount Point	/ubs/mnt/eslsfw
	Action	
	Filesystem check	Scrub
Back		

The block device missing icon ' $\overset{\textcircled{}}{\overset{}}$ ' will be replaced by the block device healthy icon ' $\overset{\textcircled{}}{\overset{}}$ ' since the block device is replaced and it is not missing now.

8.4.4.1.2 Rebuild the Modular Storage

To rebuild the volume for [Modular Storage]:

- 1. Go to the page [Storage] > [Summary].
- 2. Note down the volume and block device which are degraded.



Storage > Summary > Block Device Information

	Volume ID	esms00	
	Device ID	m00c00	
	Device Name	da0	
205	Device Path	/dev/da0	
	Device Type	scsi	
	Device Size	8.00 GB	
m00c00	Model Family	1.0	
scsi	Model Name	Virtual disk 1.0	

Back

For the method to look for the missing or degraded block devices in AhsayUBS, please refer to the [Appendix J – Identifying Physical Local Block Devices on AhsayUBS] for details.

- 3. Shutdown the AhsayUBS in AhsayUBS WebAdmin.
- 4. Replace the block device with a healthy one.
- 5. Power on the AhsayUBS.

6. After the AhsayUBS is booted, login to the AhsayUBS WebAdmin again.

- 7. Go to the page [Storage] > [Summary].
- 8. Inside the degrade storage entry, click the storage icon '
- 9. Select a block device for rebuilt the volume.

Storage > Summary > Block Device Information

select a block device from the list	da0 [8.00 GB] [1.0 Virtual disk 1.0] da0 [8.00 GB] [1.0 Virtual disk 1.0]		Rebuild
ebuild RAID			
m00c00			
	Device Name	Missing	
(\bigcirc)	Device ID	m00c00	
	Volume ID	esms00	

10. Click the button [Rebuild] to start the rebuild volume process.

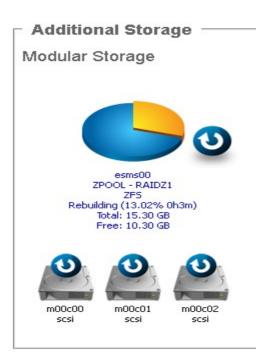
11. Warning message will be shown in the alert box. Read it CAREFULLY before proceeds. Click [OK] button to continue the rebuild process. Click [Cancel] to return to the page.

12. After the rebuilding process is started, the page will be redirected to the [Storage] > [Summary] > [RAID Information] page. A dialog will be popped up to shown that the rebuild process is started successfully. Click [OK] button after reading the message.

13. When the block device in the volume is synchronizing, the rebuild

icon '^O' will be shown in the volume like this:





The healthy icon ' \checkmark ' will be shown again beyond the volume when the volume is synchronized completely.

```
Storage > Summary > RAID Information
```

	Details		
	Description	Modular Storage	
	Volume ID	esms00	
	Storage Type	ZPOOL - RAIDZ1	
	Filesystem Type	zfs	
	Status	ONLINE	
	Total Size	7.63 GB	
	Available Size	7.63 GB	
	Used Size	91.50 KB	
	Used Percentage	0.00%	
	ZFS Version	3	
	Mount Point	/ubs/mnt/esms00	
	Action		
	Unmount Volume		Unmount
	Filesystem check		Scrub
Back			

The block device missing icon ' $\overset{\checkmark}{\overset{\checkmark}}$ ' will be replaced by the block device healthy icon ' $\overset{\checkmark}{\overset{\checkmark}}$ ' since the block device is replaced and it is not missing now.



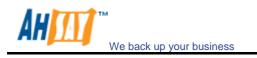


8.4.4.2 Additional Storage(s) in Disconnected State



The additional storage DISCONNECTED state will only appear in the volume which is created on a remote disk (i.e. iSCSI initiator session). This states that the addition storage corresponding remote disk provider (i.e. iSCSI initiator session) is disconnected from the AhsayUBS.

In order to identify disconnected additional storage, an additional schedule job has been added to AhasyUBS. When any additional storage has been detected



in disconnected state, the following actions will be taken in order to prevent further loss of data:

- Service stop and prohibit the service start of the following services:
 - o AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS
 - o Share OBSR
- The enabled additional storage volumes will remain mounted. The system will wait for iSCSI initiator reconnection. In case the iSCSI initiator exits due to session timeout, AhsayUBS administrator may create another iSCSI initiator sessions by the 'Retry' button at page "Storage > iSCSI".
- Email will be sent to AhsayUBS administrator (The 'To email' defined in the 'General email setting').

At this stage,

- the corresponding remote disk's (i.e. the iSCSI initiator session) network connection to this UBS machine is lost.
- though the corresponding additional storage is still mounted, the data in this volume cannot be accessed nor written anything to the storage.

To fix the problem, login the AhsayUBS WebAdmin

- Alert dialog contains the disconnected additional storage and their corresponding iSCSI initiator information will be shown after AhsayUBS WebAdmin login.
- The lost of iSCSI connection may result from network connectivity issue. Try to use "Network > Ping / Traceroute" tool to test if the iSCSI target host is reachable. After resolving the network issue, the iSCSI target host will be reconnected with AhsayUBS machine and the data in the additional storage can be accessed again.
- After resolving the additional storage disconnection issue, service start will be allowed for the following services. Please refer to the section [Backup Server] for details.
 - AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS
 - o Share OBSR

8.4.5 Additional User Storage Migration

8.4.5.1 Introduction

As of AhsayUBS v2.7.0.0, additional user storage migration from an old AhsayUBS machine to new AhsayUBS machine is supported.

AhsayUBS additional user storage migration is performed using a UNIX shell script. The migration process only supports additional user storage volumes, the system storage (firmware) volume, i.e. FreeBSD and AhsayOBS binaries are not supported. After a successful migration, the data on the file system can be used by the AhsayOBS service on the new AhsayUBS server.

Supported Hard Disk Interfaces:

• Local: IDE, SCSI, SATA, Hardware RAID



• Foreign: iSCSI

Supported Additional Storage Types:

The storage migration script only supports the migration of additional storage with only one provider (single hard disk). The storage volume to be migrated must in a healthy state. The support storage types include:

- Optional Storage (GPT Partition 6 with UFS)
- Expandable Storage (No Partition with ZPOOL on entire disk)
- Modular Storage with CLOG only (GPT Partition 7 with ZFS)
- Modular Storage with CLOG & SLOG (GPT Partition 11 / 13 with ZFS)

WARNING:

1. AhsayUBS system storage (esosfw/eslsfw) is NOT supported by the storage migration shell script.

2. After volume migration the original storage label in the migrated storage volume will be updated. The previous AhsayUBS installation will no longer be able to use the migrated storage volume.

3. Since the profile.ini file (/ubs/conf/profile.ini) will be updated by this shell script. DO NOT perform any add or remove storage operations via the AhsayUBS webadmin console when the volume is migration is in progress.

8.4.5.2 Storage Migration Procedure

Assumptions

- 1. The volume to be migrated is in a healthy state.
- 2. There are no disk errors prior to migration.
- 3. SSH is enabled on AhsayUBS

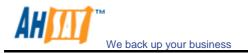
To perform a migration of an existing additional storage volume to a new AhsayUBS server:

1. Connect ONE hard disk containing foreign storage volume to the new AhsayUBS machine.

For local hard disk:

- i. Shutdown the old AhsayUBS machine.
- ii. Remove the specific hard disk from the old AhsayUBS machine.
- iii. Shutdown the new AhsayUBS machine.
- iv. Connect the hard disk to the new AhsayUBS machine.
- v. Power on the new AhsayUBS machine.

Note:



1. If the additional user volume is created on a hardware RAID, then the RAID card along with all the hard drives which make up the RAID logical volume must be installed onto the new AhsayUBS server.

2. After connecting the RAID logical volume on the new AhsayUBS machine, please ensure the logical volume can be detected on the RAID card BIOS.

For iSCSI hard disk:

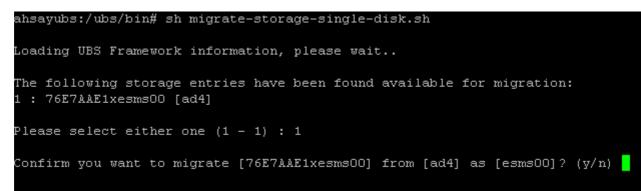
- i. Login to the old AhsayUBS machine webadmin console.
- ii. Umount specific iSCSI volume.
- iii. Disconnect the iSCSI hard disk from the old AhsayUBS machine.
- iv. Power on the new AhsayUBS machine.
- v. Create a new iSCSI session in the AhsayUBS webadmin to connect the iSCSI hard disk.
- 2. Login AhsayUBS via SSH.
- 3. Enter the following command to start the migration the additional storages:

#sh /ubs/bin/migrate-storage-single-disk.sh

The shell script will begin the process of 'discovering' any connected foreign user storage volumes. Once the user storage volume 'discovery' has completed, the storage volumes eligible for migration will be listed.

```
ahsayubs:/ubs/bin# sh migrate-storage-single-disk.sh
Loading UBS Framework information, please wait..
The following storage entries have been found available for migration:
1 : 76E7AAE1xesms00 [ad4]
Please select either one (1 - 1) :
```

Choose from the listed storage entries and input the entry number. The shell script will then prompt to confirm before starting the storage migration. Enter 'y' to confirm and start the storage migration.





After confirming the volume to be migrated, the script will proceed with the migration process. The storage migration result will be shown when the process is completed.

ahsayubs:/ubs/bin# sh migrate-storage-single-disk.sh Loading UBS Framework information, please wait.. The following storage entries have been found available for migration: 1 : 76E7AAE1xesms00 [ad4] Please select either one (1 - 1) : 1 Confirm you want to migrate [76E7AAE1xesms00] from [ad4] as [esms00]? (y/n) y Start migrating modular storage [76E7AAE1xesms00] to [873391A2xesms00] ad4p11 labeled ad4p13 labeled Completed migrating modular storage [76E7AAE1xesms00] to [873391A2xesms00] Successfully updated the profile.ini file on the current system!!! ahsayubs:/ubs/bin#

After completion AhsayUBS will automatically mount the migrated volume.

4. When the storage migration process is completed, please login to AhsayUBS WebAdmin. Go to the [Storage] > [Summary] page to check if the migrated storage is mounted.

5. The migrated storage volume is ready for use. Please update the new user home path in AhsayOBS web console under [Manage System] -> [Server Configuration] -> [System Settings] -> [User Homes].



8.5 Backup Server

When the mouse point is pointed over the wordings [Backup Server] in the menu bar, the menu will be shown as below:

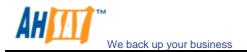
	Ahsay	⁄™ Unive	rsal Bac	:kup System	
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server	
Backup Se	rver > Se	rver Statu	s	Server Status Tape Utility	

8.5.1 Server Status

The page [Backup Server] > [Server Status] allows you to start and stop the AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS. It will show a table named [Online Backup Server and Replication Server] which includes the information of AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS in the AhsayUBS.

Here are the information and settings provided in the table:

- **Status:** Show the service status of the AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS in this AhsayUBS.
- **Http Port:** The http port used by the AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS. Default is 80. *1
- **Https Port:** The https port used by the AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS. Default is 443. *1
- Check Storage Connectivity: The UBS system have included a schedule check on storage connectivity. Upon any disconnected storage scenario, it will shutdown the "AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS" and "Share OBSR" if this option is enabled.
- Access Server Files: For user to access the OBSR_HOME in the AhsayUBS in the client machine. Please follow these steps to access the OBSR_HOME.
 - i. Click the [Share OBSR] button
 - ii. Connect to the shared SAMBA directory.
 - iii. (For WINDOWS and MAC OS only) Type the username and password used in the AhsayUBS WebAdmin.
 - iv. Now you can access the OBSR Home. (NIX: Please access the OBSR home in the directory, /mnt/obsr).
- Tools (Only shown when AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS is started): Click the [WebAdmin] button to open a new window for accessing the AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS in the AhsayUBS.



Note: Please do not set the port to the server port from "9-1023" except port 80 and port 443. Please check the default configuration from chapter 7.3.

To Start/Stop/Restart AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS in this AhsayUBS System, please click the [Start] / [Stop] / [Restart] button.

The following is the screen capture when the AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS is started.

							English	V
	Ahsay"	™ Univer:	sal Bac	kup Svs	em			
	,							
								+灯 Logout
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Serv	Y			
Backup Ser	ver > Ser	ver Status						
Online Backup	Server and Rep	plication Server						
Status		Running						
Http Port		80						
Https Port		443						
Check Storage	Connectivity	Enable	•	Disable	Automatically shut down this service if	any of the storage volume	es has been found disconr	nected.
Access Server F	Files	Share OF	BSR Un	nshare OBSR				
Tools		WebAdm	nin					
		Start		Stop	Restart			

The following is the screen capture when the AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS is stopped.

	Ahsay	[™] Univer:	sal Bac	ckup Syst	em				English	V
										+ Logout
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server						
Backup Ser	ver > Ser	ver Status								
Online Backup S	Gerver and Rep	olication Server								
Status		Stopped								
Http Port		80								
Https Port		443								
Check Storage	Connectivity	Enable	e	Disable	utomatically shut	down this service	if any of the st	orage volumes	has been found disc	onnected.
Access Server F	iles	Share O	BSR	nshare OBSR						
		Start		Stop	Restart					

The following is the screen capture of the failed storage dependency during service start of "AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS" or "Share OBSR" service. It is caused by lost of iSCSI initiator connection of additional storage created on a remote disk provider (i.e. iSCSI initiator session). The failed storage dependency must be resolved before enabling these services. Please refer to the [Storage Summary] > [Troubleshooting] section for details.



	Ahsay'	[™] Univers	al Bac	:kup Sys	tem	n						English		~
														📲 Logout
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Serv	er									
Backup Sei	rver > Ser	ver Status												
Some o	of the storage v	volumes have bee	en found dis	connected. Fail	ed to st	start service								
Online Backup	Server and Rep	olication Server												
Status		Stopped												
Http Port		80												
Https Port		443												
Check Storage	Connectivity	Enable		Disable	Automa	matically shut	down this s	service if a	ny of the s	torage volu	mes has b	een found c	lisconnect	ed.
Access Server I	Files	Share OB	SR	share OBSR										
		Start		Stop	Re	Restart								

8.5.2 Tape Utility

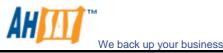
8.5.2.1 Introduction

The AhsayUBS administrator may backup selected user accounts to tape cartridge while the backup server remains online. The AhsayOBS user account data can be restored to the AhsayUBS server either to the original or an alternate location. The tape backup/restore operation is managed from the AhsayUBS webadmin console.

8.5.2.1.1 'User Home' setting in the Backup Server

AhsayOBS stores all user accounts under the 'User Home' directories. When a new user account is being created, AhsayOBS will create a directory with the user's login name under the assigned 'User Home' path. The created user directory is used for storing user configuration and backup files. The list of user names can also be found from the AhsayOBS WebAdmin.

The 'User Home'(s) setting can be viewed from the AhsayOBS WebAdmin [Server Configuration] page:



Manage System | Manage Log | Manage User

Server Configuration | Routine Job | Software License | Replication Config | Other Options

Login Name	: system	
Password	:	
Host Name	: localhost	×.
System Home	: /ubs/module/obsr/system/obsr/system	
User Homes	: 1. /ubs/module/obsr/system/obsr/user	
43	2. /ubs/mnt/esms01	
	New	

8.5.2.1.2 Tape Device and Tape Standards

FreeBSD provides full support for SCSI-I, SCSI-II and SCSI-III tape drives. As AhsayUBS is built on top of the FreeBSD operating system, SCSI tape drives are therefore supported. The 'sa – SCSI Sequential Access device drive' will be used for accessing the tape device.

Note: Tape libraries and tape changers are NOT supported by AhsayUBS.

The following tape drive standards are supported by FreeBSD. Each tape standard has its own maximum data capacity and transfer rate. For each hardware type and supported tape standard, the cost of the tape drive and tape cartridge varies.

- I. DAT Digital Audio Tape (format: DDS Digital Data Storage)
- II. DLT Digital Linear Tape (halted development since 2007)III.LTO Linear Tape Open

Tape Format	Release Date	Tape Drive Type	Media Type (R/W)	Native Capacity (GB)	Transfer Rate (MB/s)
DAT (DDS)	2007	DAT 160	DAT 160	80	6.9
	2009	DAT 320	DAT 320	160	12
DLT – value	2001	DLT VS80	DLT IV	40	3



line	2003	DLT VS160	VS1	80	8
	2005	DLT-V4	VS1	150-160	9-11
DLT –	2002	SDLT 320	SDLT I	160	16
performance	2004	SDLT 600	SDLT II	300	36
line	2006	DLT-S4	S4	800	60
LTO	2000	LTO-1	LTO-1	100	20
	2003	LTO-2	LTO-2, LTO-1	200	40
	2005	LTO-3	LTO-3, LTO-2	400	80
	2007	LTO-4	LTO-3, LTO-4	800	120
	2010	LTO-5	LTO-5, LTO-4	1500	140

Before purchasing a tape drive, please consult your hardware vendor to confirm compatibility of the device with the FreeBSD operating system.

The following factors should also be considered:

- i. Compatible hardware interfaces with the AhsayUBS machine for connecting tape drive.
- ii. Tape cartridge capacity for storing user data.
- iii. Tape transfer rate.

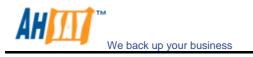
Note: Tape backup/restore on AhsayUBS has been developed and tested using a DELL PowerVault LTO-4 tape drive, connected to a DELL 6GB HBA SAS controller using 800GB LTO-4 tape cartridges.

8.5.2.1.3 Tape Backup/Restore Process via the AhsayUBS WebAdmin

An AhsayUBS administrator may backup/restore user home data to/from tape cartridges via the AhsayUBS webadmin console [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] menu option.

Before using the [Tape Utility] option, the tape device must be:

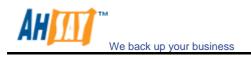
- 1. Connected with the AhsayUBS server.
- 2. The tape device must be powered on.
- 3. AhsayUBS must be able to detect the tape hardware. The identified tape device will be shown in the [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] > [Tape Device] (As shown in the following example).



Ahsay™ Universal Backup System					
nformation	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server	
Backup Se		pe ouncy >	раскар		
	Restore		Dackup		
Backup F		5-0	(IBM ULTRIUM-TE		
Backup F		5a0 5a0	(IBM ULTRIUM-TC (IBM ULTRIUM-TC GB		5B)
Backup F Tape Utility Tape Device	Restore	5a0 Sa0	(IBM ULTRIUM-TC (IBM ULTRIUM-TC GB	4 A23D) e cartridge native data capacity. (e.g. LTO-4 is 800	5B)

In most cases, a single tape cartridge will not be sufficient to store all the data on a user home volume. During a backup operation if the current tape cartridge is full, AhsayUBS will prompt for a new tape cartridge to be inserted into the tape drive. For tape restore operations if the data spans more than one tape cartridge, AhsayUBS will prompt for the insertion of the next tape cartridge.

If a tape device is not supported or no tape drive is installed on the AhsayUBS machine, the AhsayUBS webadmin [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] menu option will be disabled, the following message **"The system cannot find any supported tape device."** (As shown in the following example).



U	Ahsay	/ [™] Unive	rsal Bac	kup System
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server
				Server Status
Backup Se	Ter ter ter ter Ter			

The system cannot find any supported tape device.

Notes:

1. Tape cartridges must be managed, handled, and stored properly. Proper care by trained staff is important to prevent inadvertent errors and media damage.

2. Only ONE tape backup/restore process can be started at a time.

3. Only ONE tape cartridge can be used for tape backup/restore process at a time.Therefore, manual tape cartridge replacement is required when the current tape cartridge full.

4. Only ONE AhsayOBS 'User Home' path can be selected for backup at a time.

5. Only CONSECUTIVE tape cartridge can be used for restore.

6. Any corrupted or damaged intermediate tape cartridge(s) will result in the failure of the entire tape restore process.

7. The AhsayOBS service MUST BE stopped prior to a tape restore, if restoring to an existing AhsayOBS 'User Home' path.



8.5.2.1.4 Tape Backup Process

U	Ahsay	⁄™ Unive	rsal Bac	kup System		
nformation	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server		
Backup Tape Utility	Restore					
Tape Device		sa0	(IBM ULTRIUM-TD	4 A23D) 🔻		
Tape Capacity		800	GB	e cartridge native data capacity, (e.g. LTO-4 is 800GB)		
User Home Dire	ectory	/ub:	s/mnt/eslsfw/obsU	serHome01 💌		
Jser Name ▼ Select All			 ✓ obm.user.04 ✓ obm.user.05 ✓ obm.user.06 			

(Example: tape backup using 800GB LTO-4 tape cartridge)

WARNING: All the data on the tape cartridge(s) will be erased after the tape backup process is started.

- 1. Login to the AhsayUBS webadmin console.
- 2. Go to the [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] > [Backup] page.
- 3. Select the [Tape Device] to be used for the tape backup process.
- 4. Insert a new tape cartridge to the tape device.
- 5. Enter the tape cartridge capacity in GB. (As stated on the tape cartridge) The tape cartridge capacity is used for marking the end of a volume.
- 6. Select an AhsayOBS user home path from the drop down list.
- 7. Choose AhsayOBS user names selectively or select all AhsayOBS user names for backup.
- Click the [Start Backup] button to start the tape backup process. When the tape backup process is started, you will be redirected to the [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] > [Status] page.



U	Ahsay	⁄™ Unive	rsal Bac	:kup System	
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server	

Backup Server > Tape Utility > Status

Tape Utility	
Current Action	Backup
Date	Tue Jan 17 14:26:39 HKT 2012
Tape Device	/dev/sa0
Tape Capacity	745G
Tape Volume Index	1
Utility Status	Performing tape backup with GNU tar utility.

Stop Backup

Note: A tape backup job can be stopped at anytime by pressing the [Stop Backup] button.

- 9. The tape backup process can be monitored from the [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] > [Status] page.
- 10.When the backup tape cartridge reaches its volume size limit, a[Continue] button will be shown in the [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility]> [Status] page.
- 11.Eject the existing tape cartridge from the AhsayUBS server and insert a new tape cartridge.
- 12.Click the [Continue] button on the [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] > [Status] page.
- 13. The tape backup process will continue if there are no errors after the new tape cartridge is inserted. The tape backup process will not continue if an already used tape is inserted.
- 14.Repeat step 9 13.



U	Ahsay	[™] Unive	rsal B	ackup System	
nformation	System	Network	Storag	je Backup Server	
Tape Utility		n has completed		ly	
Current Action			Backup		
Date				17 14:26:48 HKT 2012	
Tape Device			/dev/sat	Tape Utility	
Tape Capacity			745G	The tape backup action has completed successfully,	
then division that	ime(s)		1		
Used Tape Volu			The tape		
Used Tape Volu Utility Status					
			Click her		Yes

15. When the tape backup process is either completed. Press the "Yes" button to continue.

	Ahsay	⁄™ Unive	rsal Bac	kup System	
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server	

Backup Server > Tape Utility > Status

Tape Utility	
Current Action	Backup
Date	Tue Jan 17 15:06:07 HKT 2012
Tape Device	/dev/sa0
Tape Capacity	745G
Used Tape Volume(s)	1
Utility Status	The tape backup action has completed successfully.
Download Log	Click here to download the backup log file.

Complete

 Download the log files from Tape Utility status page (if required)
 Click the [Complete] button to start another Tape Backup/Restore Process.

Note: After pressing the [Complete] button the tape backup/restore logs will be cleared.

8.5.2.1.5 Tape Restore Process

	Ahsay	⁄™ Univer	sal Bac	ckup System		
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server		
	rver > Ta estore	pe Utility >	Restore			
Tape Device		sa0	(IBM ULTRIUM-TE	D4 A23D) 💌		
Restore Path	Restore Path		User Home Directory Alternative Path //ubs/mnt/esls00/obsUserHome02			
Restore Option		F T	lemove directory	content before restore		

WARNING:

- 1. The data in the restore path will be erased or replaced by the data in the tape cartridge(s). Please ensure that the data in the restored directory path can be overwritten.
- 2. Before proceeding with a tape restore to "User Home Directory", it is strongly recommended to stop the AhsayOBS service.
- 1. Login to the AhsayUBS webadmin console.
- 2. Go to the page [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] > [Restore].
- 3. Select the [Tape Device] to be used for the tape restore process.
- 4. Insert the first volume of the tape cartridge restore set into the tape device.

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- 5. Select an AhsayOBS user home path from the drop down list or input an alternative restore path.
- 6. If you want to clean up the restore path, check the 'Remove the directory contents before restore' checkbox. Use with caution.
- Click the [Start Restore] button to start the tape restore process. When the tape restore process is started, you will be redirected to the [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] > [Status] page.

Note: If the AhsayOBS service is still running and restore to "User Home Directory" option is selected. The AhsayOBS service will be stopped before the restore process is initiated. During this stage the [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] > [Status] will be "Stopping backup server". After the tape restore has completed the AhsayOBS service will be automatically restarted again.

U	Ahsay™ Universal Backup System				
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server	

Backup Server > Tape Utility > Status

Tape Utility	
Current Action	Restore
Date	Tue Jan 17 17:30:40 HKT 2012
Tape Device	/dev/sa0
Restore Path	/ubs/mnt/eslsfw/obsr/user
Tape Volume Index	
Utility Status	Stopping backup server.

Stop Restore

Note: A tape restore job can be stopped at anytime by pressing the [Stop Restore] button.

- 8. The tape restore process can be monitored from the [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] > [Status] page.
- 9. When the restore operation on current tape cartridge is completed, a
 [Continue] button will be shown in the [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility]
 > [Status] page.
- 10.Eject the existing tape cartridge and insert the next tape cartridge into the tape device.



- 11.Click the [Continue] button in the [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] > [Status] page.
- 12. The tape restore process will continue if there are no errors after the next tape cartridge is inserted. The tape testore process will not continue if an incorrect tape cartridge is inserted.
- 13.Repeat step 8 12.

U	Ahsay	™ Unive	rsal B	ackup System	
Information	System	Network	Storag	e Backup Server	
Backup Se		oe Utility >			
Tape Utility					
Current Action			Restore		
Date			Tue Jan 1	7 17:20:15 HKT 2012	
Tape Device			/dev/sa(Tape Utility	
Restore Path			/ubs/mn/	The tape restore action has completed successfully.	
Used Tape Volu	me(s)		1		
Utility Status			The tape		
Download Log			Click her		
Complete					Yes

14. When a tape restore process is completed. Press the "Yes" button to continue.



Ahsay™ Universal Backup System					
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server	

Backup Server > Tape Utility > Status

Tape Utility	
Current Action	Restore
Date	Tue Jan 17 17:20:15 HKT 2012
Tape Device	/dev/sa0
Restore Path	/ubs/mnt/esls00/obsUserHome02
Used Tape ¥olume(s)	1
Utility Status	The tape restore action has completed successfully.
Download Log	Click here to download the restore log file.

Complete

- 15. Download the log files from the Tape Utility status page (if required).
- 16.Click the [Complete] button to start another Tape Backup / Restore Process.

Note: After pressing the [Complete] button the tape backup/restore logs will be cleared.

8.5.2.1.6 Stopping Tape Backup/Restore Job



The tape backup/bestore process can be terminated at any time by pressing the [Stop Backup] or [Stop Restore] button at the bottom left corner on the AhsayUBS weadmin console [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] > [Status] page.

Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server	
-------------	--------	---------	---------	---------------	--

Backup Server > Tape Utility > Status

Current Action	Backup
Date	Wed Jan 18 03:25:40 UTC 2012
Tape Device	/dev/md10
Tape Capacity	100M
Tape Volume Index	1
Utility Status	Performing tape backup with GNU tar utility.

Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server	
-------------	--------	---------	---------	---------------	--

Backup Server > Tape Utility > Status

Current Action	Restore	
Date	Wed Jan 18 03:31:12 UTC 2012	
Tape Device	/dev/md10	
Restore Path	/ubs/mnt/eses00	
ape Volume Index	1	
Utility Status	Performing tape restore with GNU tar utility.	

8.5.2.1.7 Start another Tape Backup/Restore Process

When the tape backup/restore job is completed successfully or if the job is terminated unexpectedly, a [Complete] button will be shown at the bottom



left corner on the [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] > [Status] page. The [Complete] button must be pressed in order to start another tape backup/restore Process.

|--|--|--|--|

Backup Server > Tape Utility > Status

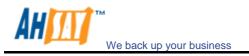
The tape restore action has	s completed successfully.
Tape Utility	
Current Action	Restore
Date	Tue Jan 17 17:20:15 HKT 2012
Tape Device	/dev/sa0
Restore Path	/ubs/mnt/esls00/obsUserHome02
Jsed Tape Volume(s)	1
Jtility Status	The tape restore action has completed successfully.
Download Log	Click here to download the restore log file.

Complete

Note: Once the [Complete] button is pressed the last tape backup/restore log files will be cleared.

8.5.2.1.8 Unsupported Tape Drive

If AhsayUBS cannot detect any tape device, i.e. the connected tape device is not shown on the [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] backup/restore page.



U	Ahsay	⁄™ Unive	rsal Bac	:kup System
Information	System	Network	Storage	Backup Server

Backup Server > Tape Utility

Tape Utility

The system cannot find any supported tape device.

Please check if the:

- 1. Tape device controller card is working properly.
- 2. Tape device is connected to the AhsayUBS hardware interface properly.
- 3. Tape device is powered on after it is connected to the AhsayUBS machine.

In addition, you can verify if the tape device is detected by FreeBSD.

- 1. Login to AhsayUBS using SSH.
- 2. Enter the command "camcontrol devlist". It should return the following results:

<TAPE_DRIVE_DEV_NAME> at scbus0 target 0 lun 0 (pass0,da0)

If a supported tape drive is connected to an AhsayUBS machine and powered on, a device name "sa*" will exist in the device path "/dev". The default device path for a tape device is '"dev/sa0", if the command "Is –Ia /dev/sa0" is entered the device will be listed.

If an installed tape device is not shown in the [Backup Server] > [Tape Utility] page and cannot be located via SSH on FreeBSD, then it may not be a supported tape device. Please contact your hardware vendor for further assistance.

8.5.2.1.9 Tape Cartridge Failure

If the tape cartridge spins continuously and never comes to a stop, the tape cartridge maybe damaged or inserted incorrectly. The tape cartridge should be ejected in order to prevent further damage to the tape device.



To eject the tape cartridge, use the eject button on the tape device. If it does not work, the tape cartridge can be ejected by via commandline using ssh. The following are the steps to issue the force eject command:

- 1. Login the AhsayUBS server via SSH.
- 2. Type the following command to eject the tape cartridge:

mt -f "/dev/\${TAPE_DEV_NAME}" offline

If AhsayUBS is undergoing a:

i. Multiple volume tape backup process, it can be continued by replacing with the existing cartridge with a new one. After that, you may click the [Continue] button to continue the tape backup process.

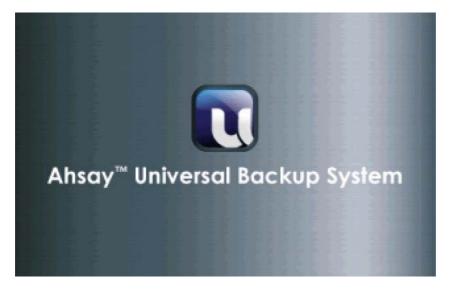
ii. Multiple volume tape restore process, the tape cartridge failure may indicate the break down of restore cartridge chain. It is advised to terminate the tape restore process and seek support from the tape maintenance staff.

8.6 AhsayUBS Firmware Management Console

(For advanced users ONLY)

You can directly access the AhsayUBS the firmware management console by connecting your AhsayUBS server to a monitor and keyboard.

Press [Space] bar or [Shift] key to bypass the following splash screen.



The AhsayUBS Management Console menu:



2 1	Configure Network
	Reset to factory defaults
	Shutdown System
4 1	Reboot System Logout Current Session
L Ø	S <mark>elect> <about></about></mark>

Note:

1. Always press [Esc] to back to the main menu when the data is mistakenly entered.

8.6.1 Configure Network

After choosing this option, the following screen will appear. It will assign IP address to your AhsayUBS LAN network interface. You can set the network either with DHCP or a static IP address.



8.6.1.1 DHCP

To use [DHCP], choose [Yes]. Then the system will automatically determine the network information (IPv4 address, subnet, gateway and DNS server)



itself. It will then display the IP address and the AhsayUBS WebAdmin's URL in the console. You can now use the IP address "http://{SERVER_IP_ADDRESS}:8080" to access the AhsayUBS WebAdmin in the browser.

Finally, choose [OK] to back to the main menu.

8.6.1.2 Static IP

A [Static IP] can be assigned for the AhsayUBS. Choose [No] to set the IP address manually.

Configure Network Interface Card Do you want to use DHCP for this interface?
< Yes > < No >

Enter an IPv4 address for this AhsayUBS. Choose [OK] to continue.

-Configure Network Interface Card Enter new LAN IPv4 address.	
10.10.3.41 COX	

Enter the subnet for this IP Address. Choose [OK] to continue.



	bnet mask. Subnet masks are entered n CIDR notation). e.g.
255.255.255.0 = 2	
255.255.0.0 = 16	- *
255.0.0.0 = 8	
16	
	< 0X >

Enter the gateway for outgoing packet. Choose [OK] to continue.

Configure Network Interface Card Enter IPv4 default gateway. [10.10.0.1] ▲ OK >	Enter IPv4 default gateway. 10.10.0.1		
10.10.0.1	10.10.0.1		
		< 0X >	



Enter the DNS address and choose [OK] to continue.

-Configure Network Interface Card
Enter DNS IPv4 address.
192.168.5.14

After that, the below screen will be shown. Now you can access the AhsayUBS WebAdmin by the URL shown on the screen (i.e. <u>http://10.10.3.41:8080</u> in this example) for continue other configurations.

The LAN IP address has bee	n set to:
IPv4: 10.10.3.41∕16	
You can access the WebGUI	using the following URL
nttp://10.10.3.41:8080	
	K >



8.6.2 Reset AhsayUBS to Factory Defaults

Here is another way for you to reset the AhsayUBS to factory default.

After you choose this option, a confirming dialog will be shown as below. Choose [Yes] to reset the AhsayUBS to factory defaults. Choose [No] to cancel the operation.



Note:

1. The data on the block devices will NOT be erased after AhsayUBS is reset to factory defaults.

2. You can restore the previous settings in AhsayUBS WebAdmin in the page [System] > [Backup/Restore]. Please refer to the section [System] > [Backup/Restore] for details.

3. After resetting AhsayUBS to factory defaults, all iSCSI sessions will be removed in the [Storage] > [iSCSI] page. The status of Expandable Storage will change to "Missing". The Expandable Storage can be reconfigured for use by AhsayUBS:

i. Adding it back the iSCSI session inside the [Storage] > [iSCSI] page.

ii. Import the Expandable Storage. Note that the data in the Expandable Storage will not be erased after "factory defaults". For details, please refer to the [Storage] section.

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8.6.3 Shutdown System

Choose this option for shutting down the AhsayUBS.

Note: You can also shutdown your AhsayUBS inside the AhsayUBS WebAdmin. For more information, please refer to <u>Chapter 8.2.5</u> in this document.

On the below screen, choose [Yes] to reboot the system. Choose [No] to exit and cancel the request.

Shutdown System Do you really want to shutdown the system?
bu you rearry want to shataowin the system?
< Yes > < No >

WARNING:

Please make sure the system is safe for reboot before clicking the [Yes] button. Otherwise, the backup job could be interrupted if the backup server is in use.



8.6.4 Reboot System

Choose this option for reboot the AhsayUBS.

Note: You can also reboot your AhsayUBS in the AhsayUBS WebAdmin. For more information, please refer to <u>Chapter 7.2.4</u>.

On the below screen, choose [Yes] to reboot the system and choose [No] to abort the request.

	: System
Do you really want < Yes >	to reboot the system?

WARNING:

Please make sure the system is safe for reboot before clicking the [Yes] button. Otherwise, the backup job could be interrupted if the backup server is in use.



8.6.5 Customizing AhsayUBS

Customization of the AhsayUBS is separated into two sections:

- 1. Customization of AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS.
- 2. Customization of the AhsayUBS Firmware.



8.7 Customization of the AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS

For the customization of the AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS, please refer to the Ahsay Customization Portal User Guide.

8.8 Customization of AhsayUBS Firmware

AhsayUBS Firmware provides two user interfaces:

- 1. WebAdmin
- 2. System Management Console

The firmware customization includes the following categories:

General:

- 1. the product and vendor detail
- 2. the installer system configuration
- 3. the factory default system configuration

System Management Console:

- 1. dialog color
- 2. console splash screen image

WebAdmin:

- 1. images
- 2. content pages

Important: All the files should be edited by a UNIX-format supported text editor (e.g. Notepad++). Otherwise, the configuration files may contain unsupported characters and the AhsayUBS may fail to startup properly.

The full file paths of the corresponding customizable files are listed below:

General			
Text:	/ubs/factorycustomer.ini		
Deployment Configuration	/ubs/factory/config.xml		
Factory Default Configuration	/ubs/factory/config.xml		
System Management Console			
Dialog Color Customization	/root/.dialogrc		
Console Splash Screen Image	/boot/splash.bmp		
WebAdmin			
Images	/usr/local/www/image/*.*		
Content Pages	/usr/local/www/info_firmware_about.php		
	/usr/local/www/info_help.php		

Ahsay Customization Portal (ACP) now supports the customization of AhsayUBS firmware. ACP will build the AhsayUBS installers in both ISO and IMG formats. The steps are shown in the following:

- 1. Login ACP.
- 2. Customize the AhsayUBS WebAdmin language properties inside the Group "Universal Backup System Firmware". The branding information is



also needed to be customized. Please customize the AhsayACB / AhsayOBM / AhsayOBS & AhsayRPS language properties since the AhsayUBS installer will include these products.

- 3. Upload the customized files to ACP. All of the AhsayUBS Firmware contents will be placed in the directory "custom-ubs".
- 4. Select the format of the AhsayUBS installer to be built in the table (ISO / IMG format).
- 5. Click the "Build" button to start building the AhsayUBS installers.

Please refer to the <u>Ahsay Customization Portal User's Guide</u> for more information of how to use ACP.

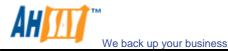
8.8.1 Customizing General Section

8.8.1.1 Text in custom.ini

The file stores the branding information of AhsayUBS which is located in the directory "/ubs/factory".

The data in the file can be edited in the properties inside the Group "Branding Information" in ACP.

Properties in "custom.ini" file	ACP Language Property	Description		
Custom Application Properties				
ubs.product.version	* Remarks: It will be auto- generated by the build engine.	The product version number		
ubs.product.revision		The product revision number.		
ubs.product.buildtime		The build time of the installer image.		
Custom Partner Propertie	S			
ubs.product.name.full	%UBS_FULL_NAME_SYSTEM% (English Only)	The product full name.		
ubs.product.name.acronym	%UBS_SHORT_NAME_SYSTEM% (English Only) Note: The space inside the string is trimmed before use.	The product name acronym.		
ubs.product.comment	%UBS_COMMENTS_SYSTEM% (English Only)	The detail description of the product		
ubs.product.copyright	%UBS_COPYRIGHT%	The product copyright		



		string.
ubs.vendor.name	%COMPANY_NAME_SYSTEM%	The vendor
	(English Only)	name.
ubs.vendor.email	%SUPPORT_EMAIL%	The vendor
		email.
ubs.vendor.url	%COMPANY_URL%	The vendor
		URL
		address.

Note that the product copyright string pattern "Copyright (C)" will be replace as '©' symbol in WebAdmin. The file "custom.ini" will be prepared by ACP. If the file is uploaded to ACP, the file will be replaced by ACP. So, it is better to edit the above properties inside ACP.

8.8.1.2 Installer System Configuration File

The XML config file "/ubs/deploy/config/xml" is used as the system configuration for the install runtime. All system services are disabled by default. PLEASE DO NOT EDIT UNSPECIFIED ITEMS OTHER THAN THOSE STATED BELOW.

XML Tag	Default Value	Description
<hostname></hostname>	ahsayubs	Default system hostname.
<domain></domain>	local	Default system domain name.
<password></password>	ahsayubs	Default admin login password.
<timezone></timezone>	Etc/UTC	Default system timezone. *1
<motd></motd>	QWhzYXkgVW5pdmVyc2Fs1	Default base64 encoded motd

*1 Please refer to Appendix F for the list of available timezones.

Please download the file for customization in the directory [Home > customubs > app > ubs > deploy] inside ACP. Upload it to the directory after customization.



8.8.1.3 Factory default System Configuration File

The XML config file "ubs/factory/config.xml" is used for configuring the AhsayUBS firmware's WebAdmin. The following system settings are customizable:

XML Tag	Default Value	Description
<language></language>	en	Default WebAdmin language. *1
<username></username>	admin	Login name to the AhsayUBS WebAdmin and SSH.
<password></password>	ahsayubs	Default admin login password.
<motd></motd>	QWhzYXkgVW5pdmVyc2FsIEJh Y2t1cCBTeXN0ZW0NCg0K	Default base64 encoded motd message. *2
<hostname></hostname>	ahsayubs	Default system hostname
<domain></domain>	Local	Default system domain name.
<timezone></timezone>	Etc/UTC	Default system timezone. *3
<webgui> <port> </port> <webgui></webgui></webgui>	8080	Default WebAdmin port. *4
<webgui> <protocol> </protocol> </webgui>	http	Default WebAdmin protocol. *5
<sysctl>tl></sysctl>	[multiple values defined in the XML]	Default entries for the "/etc/sysctl.conf. *6

Notes:

1. Please refer to Appendix D for the list of available languages.

2. Please refer to Appendix E for more information about the base64 encoding.

3. Please refer to Appendix F for the list of available timezones.

4. The port number used must be between "1024-65536".

5. If "https" is used for the WebAdmin protocol, the following tags will become effective.

<webgui><certificate></certificate></webgui>

<webgui><privatekey></privatekey></webgui>

6. For more information, please refer to Appendix H.



8.8.2 Customizing System Management Console

8.8.2.1 Shell Dialog Color Customization

The dialog color in the system management console can be customized. In general, colors "black / blue / cyan / magenta / green / red / white / yellow" can be used. For details, please refer to the FreeBSD documentation about the command "cdialog".

Before Customization, the layout of the system management console is:



In order to generate your customized dialog color setting, you may generate a template file for customization with the following command: Cdialog –create-rc <filename>

<filename> is the filename of the template file.

Edit the generated template file. After the file is edited, backup the original "/root/.dialogrc" as "/root/.dialogrc.bak". Rename the template file as "/root/.dialogrc". To review the customization effect, run the command "/ubs/bin/console.sh" inside the shell.



Example after customization:

Ahsay Universal Backup System (1.0.0.0)		
System Management Console (32 bit)- 1 Configure Network 2 Reset to factory defaults 3 Shutdown System 4 Reboot System 5 Switch system to 64 bit 6 Logout Current Session		
KSplect> (About >		

Please download the ".dialogrc" file for customization in the directory [Home > custom-ubs > app > ubs > console] inside ACP. Upload it to the directory after customization.

8.8.2.2 Console Splash Screen Image Customization

A Splash Screen will be shown when the AhsayUBS console is idle. The files should be in:

- i. bitmap format with 1024px x 768px, 8pp (256 color) for 32-bit machine.
- ii. bitmap format with 320px x 200px, 8pp (256 color) for 64-bit machine.

The following is the default splash screen shown in the console screen:

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Please rename the files:



- i. 32-bit machine splash screen file to "splash_1024x768.bmp"
- ii. 64-bit machine splash screen file to "splash_320x200.bmp"

Then upload the files to the directory [Home > custom-ubs > intaller > splash] on ACP after customization.



8.8.3 Customizing WebAdmin

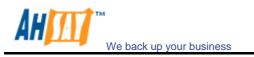
8.8.3.1 Customizing Webadmin Images

All WebAdmin images files are stored in "/ubs/webadmin/www/images". The following are the dimension and description of the customizable images files.

Filename	Dimensions (Width x Height)	Description
bar_begin.png	2рх х 15рх	Start of the percentage bar inside the contents of [CPU usage], [Memory usage], [Swap usage] and [Disk space usage] in the page [Information] > [System Status]
bar_close.png	2рх х 15рх	End of the percentage bar inside the contents of [CPU usage], [Memory usage], [Swap usage] and [Disk space usage] in the page [Information] > [System Status]
bar_free.png	1рх х 15рх	Unused state of the percentage bar inside the contents of [CPU usage], [Memory usage], [Swap usage] and [Disk space usage] in the page [Information] > [System Status]
bar_used.png	1рх х 15рх	Used state of the percentage bar inside the contents of [CPU usage], [Memory usage], [Swap usage] and [Disk space usage] in the page [Information] > [System Status]
favicon.png	41px x 39px	URL icon of the WebAdmin
footer.png	127рх х 42рх	The vendor logo at the bottom in each of the WebAdmin page.
header_bg.png	2400px x 143px	The title bar background image in each of the Webdmin page.
header_logo.png	524px x 143px	The title bar logo with words in each of the WebAdmin page.



	1/.	v v 1/~··	The colorday is a to
icon_calendar.png	160	х х 16рх	The calendar icon to
			choose the [System time]
			in the WebAdmin page
			[System] > [Settings] >
	47	47	[General]
icon_create.png	17p	х х 17рх	Add icon for adding each
	17.0		of the entry in the tables.
icon_delete.png	тр	х х 17рх	Confirming delete icon
			when deleting each of the
			entry before clicking the [Apply] button.
icon odit ppg	170	v v 17pv	
icon_edit.png	i/p	х х 17рх	Icon represents edit action in each of the
			entries in the table.
icon romovo ppg	170	v v 17pv	
icon_remove.png	i/p	х х 17рх	Icon represents delete action in each of the
			entry before clicking the
			[Apply] button.
login bainng	171	рх х 500рх	Background image in the
login_bg.png	4/1	hx x 200hx	login page.
login_logo.pnt	353	рх х 140рх	The logo with title in the
login_logo.pm	505	px x 140px	login page.
logout.png	16n	х х 16рх	Logout icon inside the
logout.prig	TOP	л л төрл	title bar.
msg_alert.png	28n	х х 28рх	The alert message icon
insg_alert.prig	200	X X 200X	inside the alert message
			box after a config change
			is done. (The message
			usually displays in the
			first line of the tables.)
msg_error.png	28p	х х 28рх	The error message icon
5- 1 5	•	, i	inside the alert message
			box after config change is
			done. (The message
			usually displays in the
			first line of the tables.)
msg_warn.png	28p	х х 28рх	The warning message
			icon inside the alert
			message box to alert the
			WebAdmin user in the
			first line of the tables.
tab_l.png		х 36рх	Customization is not
tab_r.png	250	рх х 36рх	supported.
std/disk_status_deg	rad	64рх х 64рх	Block Device state
ed.png			(Degraded) icon inside
ind/disk_status_degrad		128рх х 128рх	the page [Storage] >
ed.png			[Summary].
std/disk_status_healthy 64px x 64px		64px x 64px	Block Device state
.png			(Healthy) icon inside the
ind/disk_status_hea	lthy	128рх х 128рх	page [Storage] >
.png			[Summary].



std/disk_status_missin	64рх х 64рх	Block Device state
g.png		(Missing) icon inside the
ind/disk_status_missin g.png	128рх х 128рх	page [Storage] > [Summary].
std/disk_status_rebuild	64px x 64px	Block Device state
.png		(Rebuilding) icon inside
ind/disk_status_rebuild	128рх х 128рх	the page [Storage] >
.png		[Summary].
std/volume_size_unkno	128рх х 96рх	Volume pie chart
wn.png		(Missing) inside the page
ind/volume_size_unkno	240рх х 180рх	[Storage] > [Summary].
wn.png		
std/volume_status_criti	64рх х 64рх	Volume state (Critical)
cal.png	100 100	icon inside the page
ind/volume_status_criti	128рх х 128рх	[Storage] > [Summary].
cal.png	()	
std/volume_status_deg	64px x 64px	Volume state (Degraded)
raded.png	170ny y 170ny	icon inside the page [Storage] > [Summary].
ind/volume_status_deg	128рх х 128рх	[Storage] > [Summary].
raded.png std/volume_status_heal	64px x 64px	Volume state (Healthy)
thy.png	04px x 04px	icon inside the page
ind/volume_status_heal	128px x 128px	[Storage] > [Summary].
thy.png		
std/volume_status_reb	64px x 64px	Volume state
uild.png		(Rebuilding) icon inside
ind/volume_status_reb	128px x 128px	the page [Storage] >
uild.png		[Summary].
std/volume_step_*.png	128рх х 96рх	Volume pie chart which
ind/volume_step_*.png	240рх х 180рх	showing the available
		and free space of a
		volume where '*' equals
		to 00-20 steps with 5%
		increment from 0% –
		100% inside the page
volumo odd ppg	2204 4 2204	[Storage] > [Summary].
volume_add.png	32рх х 32рх	Add Additional Storage
		icon inside the page [Storage] > [Summary].
volume_delete.png	48px x 48px	Remove volume icon
		which placed beyond the
		left hand side of the
		volume pie chart after
		the "Remove Additional
		Storage icon is clicked in
		the page [Storage] >
		[Summary].
volume_remove.png	32рх х 32рх	Remove Additional
		Storage icon inside the
		page [Storage] >
		[Summary].



Please upload the images to the ACP inside the directory [Home > custom-ubs > app > ubs > webadmin > www > images] after customization.

8.8.3.2 Customizing WebAdmin content pages

The WebAdmin pages will be placed in "/ubs/webadmin/www". The following WebAdmin content pages are customizable:

NOTE: The content in the "info_help.php" page can be customized in the language property "UI_INFO_HELP".

Filename	Usage
info_firmware_about.php	This is the page [Information] > [About] as shown in the WebAdmin. It provides firmware detail and license used in the firmware. Partners
	can customize this page with additional branding information.

Please download the files for customization in the directory [Home > customubs > app > ubs > webadmin > www] inside ACP. Upload them to the directory after customization.

Some of the customizable items inside the WebAdmin pages can be edited as the language properties. Here are the language properties that customize the WebAdmin page:

Filename	Language Property	Usage
info_help.php	UI_INFO_HELP	This is page [Information > Help] as shown in the WebAdmin. It provides help resources to the WebAdmin user. Partners can customize this page with additional help contents.

Please note that only HTML code is supported inside the language property value, no PHP code is allowed.



Appendix



Appendix A – Supported Processors

Ahsay[™] Universal Backup System only supports the "i386" and "amd64" processor architecture.

For processor type "amd64", the following processors are supported:

- AMD Athlon™64 ("Clawhammer").

- AMD Opteron[™] ("Sledgehammer").

- All multi-core Intel Xeon[™] processors except Sossaman have EM64T support.

- The single-core Intel Xeon processors "Nocona", "Irwindale", "Potomac", and "Cranford" have EM64T support.

- All Intel Core 2 (not Core Duo) and later processors

- All Intel Pentium® D processors

- Intel Pentium 4s and Celeron Ds using the "Cedar Mill" core have EM64T support.

- Some Intel Pentium 4s and Celeron Ds using the "Prescott" core have EM64T support. Please read the <u>Intel Processor Spec Finder</u> for the definitive answer about EM64T support in Intel processors.

Note:

AhsayUBS supports a maximum of 32 virtual processor cores. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 <u>Backup System Requirements</u> for details of processor core configuration.

Appendix B - Supported Disk Controllers

For an updated list of supported disk controllers drivers, please refer to the FreeBSD website http://www.freebsd.org/releases/8.3R/hardware.html#DISK

MegaCli support

'MegaCli' is the Command Line Interface for the MegaRAID SAS family of RAID controllers, used to configure and manage connected storage devices. The 'MegaCli' utility files have been prepared by LSI and should be downloaded from the company's website.

1 Go to the following URL, and accept the license agreement http://www.lsi.com/downloads/Public/MegaRAID%20Common%20Files/ 8.02.16_MegaCLI.zip

- 2 Download and extract the '8.02.16_MegaCLI.zip' to a temp directory. Read '8.02.16_MegaCLI.txt' for supported controllers
- 3 Browse 'FREEBSD' folder at the temp directory for 'MegaCli' and 'MegaCli64'
- 4 Login to UBS via SSH
- 5 Enable write option on UBS mount point '/ubs/mnt/esfmfw'

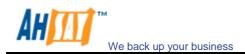
> mount -uw /ubs/mnt/esfmfw

6 Create module directories at '/ubs/mnt/esfmfw' . If you are using an i386 processor, you need to create the path with i386, otherwise you need to create the path amd64.

```
For i386
> mkdir -p /ubs/mnt/esfmfw/module/i386/bin
or
For amd64
> mkdir -p /ubs/mnt/esfmfw/module/amd64/bin
```

7 Copy the 'MegaCli' or 'MegaCli64' files to UBS via WinSCP (if you are using Windows PC)

If you are using i386 processors, copy the file MegaCli to the following path



/ubs/mnt/esfmfw/module/i386/bin/MegaCli

If you are using AMD type processors, rename the file MegaCli64 to MegaCli and copy the file MegaCli to the following path

/ubs/mnt/esfmfw/module/amd64/bin/MegaCli

8 Grant execution permission to the files

```
For i386

> chmod 755 /ubs/mnt/esfmfw/module/i386/bin/MegaCli

or

For amd64

> chmod 755 /ubs/mnt/esfmfw/module/amd64/bin/MegaCli
```

Select the correct command according to your CPU type.

9 Test the 'MegaCli' utility by listing the help option

```
For i386
> /ubs/mnt/esfmfw/module/i386/bin/MegaCli -h -NoLog
or
For amd64
> /ubs/mnt/esfmfw/module/amd64/bin/MegaCli -h -NoLog
```

Select the correct command according to your CPU type.

Note:

For supported LSI products, please download the following document from LSI <u>http://kb.lsi.com/Attachment983.aspx</u>

For the full list of command options, please refere to chapter 5 of the following document <u>http://kb.lsi.com/Attachment902.aspx</u>

Appendix C - Supported Ethernet Interfaces

For an updated list of supported Ethernet interfaces drivers, please refer to the FreeBSD website http://www.freebsd.org/releases/8.3R/hardware.html#ETHERNET



Appendix D – Platform Hardware Test

Ahsay[™] Universal Backup System has been tested installing on the following platform:

Dell PowerEdge R710 Server Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU X5570 @ 2.93GHz (8 thread @ 4 core) Tested Hardware: Broadcom NetXtreme II BCM5709 Qlogic ISP 2432 PCI FC-AL Adapter Dell PERC H700 Integrated Controller Dell Dell USB Keyboard, class 0/0, rev 1.10/3.01, addr 3

Note:

Before installing AhsayUBS v2.3.0.2 or above on a Dell PowerEdge R710 server, it is recommended to check the network card firmware version before deployment. Please verify the network card firmware for the Dell PowerEdge R710 is v6.2.14(A04) or above. As older network card firmware versions may be incompatible with FreeBSD v7.3p6 kernel found in AhsayUBS v2.3.0.2 and could result in system instability.

Dell PowerEdge 1950 Server Tested Hardware: Broadcom NetXtreme II BCM5708

Model: Dell PowerEdge 830 CPU: Intel(R) Pentium(R) D CPU 2.80GHz (2800MHz) (2MB L2 Cache) Tested Hardware: Dell CERC SATA RAID 2 (PCIe x16 Dell CERC SATA 1.5/6ch Hardware Raid card) (aacdu) Dell PERC 5/i Controller SAS (PCIe x4 Dell Expandable RAID Controller) (mfi) Adaptec SATA RAID 2410SA (PCIe x16 Adaptec 2410SA Family Controller) (aacdu) Adaptec AAR-1220SA (PCIe x1 Adaptec 1220SA Family Controller) (ar)



Appendix E – Supported Languages

List of languages

Value in the "config.xml"	Language
bg	Bulgarian
са	Catalan
CS	Czech
da	Danish
de	German
el	Greek
en	English
es	Spanish
eu	Basque
fi	Finnish
fr	French
hu	Hungarian
is	Icelandic
it	Italian
iw	Hebrew
ја	Japanese
ko	Korean
It	Lithuanian
nl	Dutch
no	Norwegian
pl	Polish
pt_BR	Portuguese (Brazil)
pt_PT	Portuguese (Portuguese)
ro	Romanian
ru	Russian
sl	Slovenian
SV	Swedish
th_TH	Thai (Thai Digit)
tr	Turkish
zh_CN	Chinese (Simplified)
zh_TW	Chinese (Traditional)



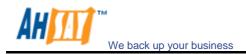
Appendix F – Message of the Day

"motd" stands for "Message of the Day". It is the message displayed just before login in the shell. The default value is: Ahsay Universal Backup System

After base64 decoding, it will become

"QWhxYXkgVW5pdmVyc2FsIEJhY2t1cCBTeXN0ZW0NCg0K". The base64 encoder will preserved the new line character in the message. Therefore, multiple lines can be displayed in the message.

To generate the code and paste it in the XML tag in the config file, please type the motd to the base64 encoder and past the output in the XML tag "<motd>" in the config file.



Appendix G – Supported Timezone

The following is the supported timezone that can be set in <timezone> XML tag.

Africa Africa/Algiers Africa/Luanda Africa/Porto-Novo Africa/Gaborone Africa/Ouagadougou Africa/Bujumbura Africa/Douala Africa/Bangui Africa/Ndjamena Africa/Kinshasa Africa/Lubumbashi Africa/Brazzaville Africa/Abidjan Africa/Djibouti Africa/Cairo Africa/Malabo Africa/Asmera Africa/Addis_Ababa Africa/Libreville Africa/Banjul Africa/Accra Africa/Conakry Africa/Bissau Africa/Nairobi Africa/Maseru Africa/Monrovia Africa/Tripoli Africa/Blantyre Africa/Bamako Africa/Timbuktu Africa/Nouakchott Africa/Casablanca Africa/El_Aaiun Africa/Maputo Africa/Windhoek Africa/Niamey Africa/Lagos Africa/Kigali Africa/Sao Tome Africa/Dakar Africa/Freetown Africa/Mogadishu Africa/Johannesburg Africa/Khartoum Africa/Mbabane Africa/Dar_es_Salaam

Africa/Lome Africa/Tunis Africa/Kampala Africa/Lusaka Africa/Harare Africa/Ceuta America America/Argentina America/Indiana America/Kentucky America/North_Dakota America/Danmarkshavn America/Scoresbysund America/Godthab America/Thule America/New_York America/Chicago America/Denver America/Los_Angeles America/Juneau America/Yakutat America/Anchorage America/Nome America/Adak America/Phoenix America/Boise America/Indianapolis America/Louisville America/Detroit America/Menominee America/St Johns America/Goose_Bay America/Halifax America/Glace_Bay America/Montreal America/Toronto America/Thunder_Bay America/Nipigon America/Rainy_River America/Winnipeg America/Regina America/Swift_Current America/Edmonton America/Vancouver America/Dawson_Creek America/Pangnirtung America/Igaluit

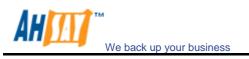




America/Rankin_Inlet America/Cambridge_Bay America/Yellowknife America/Inuvik America/Whitehorse America/Dawson America/Cancun America/Merida America/Monterrey America/Mexico_City America/Chihuahua America/Hermosillo America/Mazatlan America/Tijuana America/Anguilla America/Antigua America/Nassau America/Barbados America/Belize America/Cayman America/Costa_Rica America/Havana America/Dominica America/Santo_Domingo America/El_Salvador America/Grenada America/Guadeloupe America/Guatemala America/Port-au-Prince America/Tegucigalpa America/Jamaica America/Martinique America/Montserrat America/Managua America/Panama America/Puerto_Rico America/St_Kitts America/St_Lucia America/Miquelon America/St_Vincent America/Grand_Turk America/Tortola America/St Thomas America/Aruba America/La_Paz America/Noronha America/Belem America/Fortaleza America/Recife America/Araguaina America/Maceio

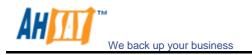
America/Bahia America/Sao Paulo America/Campo_Grande America/Cuiaba America/Porto Velho America/Boa Vista America/Manaus America/Eirunepe America/Rio_Branco America/Santiago America/Bogota America/Curacao America/Guayaquil America/Cayenne America/Guvana America/Asuncion America/Lima America/Paramaribo America/Port_of_Spain America/Montevideo America/Caracas America/Shiprock America/North_Dakota/Center America/Kentucky/Monticello America/Kentucky/Louisville America/Indiana/Marengo America/Indiana/Knox America/Indiana/Vevay America/Indiana/Indianapolis America/Argentina/Buenos_Aires America/Argentina/Cordoba America/Argentina/Tucuman America/Argentina/La_Rioja America/Argentina/San_Juan America/Argentina/Jujuy America/Argentina/Catamarca America/Argentina/Mendoza America/Argentina/ComodRivada via America/Argentina/Rio_Gallegos America/Argentina/Ushuaia Antarctica Antarctica/Casey Antarctica/Davis Antarctica/Mawson Antarctica/DumontDUrville Antarctica/Syowa Antarctica/Vostok Antarctica/Rothera Antarctica/Palmer Antarctica/McMurdo



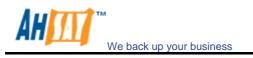


Antarctica/South_Pole Arctic Arctic/Longyearbyen Asia Asia/Kabul Asia/Yerevan Asia/Baku Asia/Bahrain Asia/Dhaka Asia/Thimphu Asia/Brunei Asia/Rangoon Asia/Phnom_Penh Asia/Harbin Asia/Shanghai Asia/Chongqing Asia/Urumqi Asia/Kashgar Asia/Hong_Kong Asia/Taipei Asia/Macau Asia/Nicosia Asia/Tbilisi Asia/Dili Asia/Calcutta Asia/Jakarta Asia/Pontianak Asia/Makassar Asia/Jayapura Asia/Tehran Asia/Baghdad Asia/Jerusalem Asia/Tokyo Asia/Amman Asia/Almaty Asia/Qyzylorda Asia/Aqtobe Asia/Aqtau Asia/Oral Asia/Bishkek Asia/Seoul Asia/Pyongyang Asia/Kuwait Asia/Vientiane Asia/Beirut Asia/Kuala_Lumpur Asia/Kuching Asia/Hovd Asia/Ulaanbaatar Asia/Choibalsan Asia/Katmandu

Asia/Muscat Asia/Karachi Asia/Gaza Asia/Manila Asia/Qatar Asia/Riyadh Asia/Singapore Asia/Colombo Asia/Damascus Asia/Dushanbe Asia/Bangkok Asia/Ashgabat Asia/Dubai Asia/Samarkand Asia/Tashkent Asia/Saigon Asia/Aden Asia/Yekaterinburg Asia/Omsk Asia/Novosibirsk Asia/Krasnoyarsk Asia/Irkutsk Asia/Yakutsk Asia/Vladivostok Asia/Sakhalin Asia/Magadan Asia/Kamchatka Asia/Anadyr Asia/Istanbul Atlantic Atlantic/Cape_Verde Atlantic/St_Helena Atlantic/Faeroe Atlantic/Reykjavik Atlantic/Azores Atlantic/Madeira Atlantic/Canary Atlantic/Bermuda Atlantic/Stanley Atlantic/South_Georgia Atlantic/Jan_Mayen Australia Australia/Darwin Australia/Perth Australia/Brisbane Australia/Lindeman Australia/Adelaide Australia/Hobart Australia/Melbourne Australia/Sydney Australia/Broken_Hill



Australia/Lord_Howe	Europe/Sofia
CET	Europe/Prague
CST6CDT	Europe/Copenhagen
EET	Europe/Tallinn
EST	Europe/Helsinki
EST5EDT	Europe/Paris
Etc	Europe/Berlin
Etc/GMT	Europe/Gibraltar
Etc/UTC	Europe/Athens
Etc/UCT	Europe/Budapest
Etc/GMT-14	Europe/Rome
Etc/GMT-14 Etc/GMT-13	Europe/Riga
Etc/GMT-12	Europe/Vaduz
Etc/GMT-11	Europe/Vilnius
Etc/GMT-10	Europe/Luxembourg
Etc/GMT-9	Europe/Malta
Etc/GMT-8	Europe/Chisinau
Etc/GMT-7	Europe/Monaco
Etc/GMT-6	Europe/Amsterdam
Etc/GMT-5	Europe/Oslo
Etc/GMT-4	Europe/Warsaw
Etc/GMT-3	Europe/Lisbon
Etc/GMT-2	Europe/Bucharest
Etc/GMT-1	Europe/Kaliningrad
Etc/GMT+1	Europe/Moscow
Etc/GMT+2	Europe/Samara
Etc/GMT+3	Europe/Belgrade
Etc/GMT+4	Europe/Madrid
Etc/GMT+5	Europe/Stockholm
Etc/GMT+6	Europe/Zurich
Etc/GMT+7	Europe/Istanbul
Etc/GMT+8	Europe/Kiev
Etc/GMT+9	Europe/Uzhgorod
Etc/GMT+10	
Etc/GMT+11	Europe/Zaporozhye
Etc/GMT+12	Europe/Simferopol
	Europe/Nicosia
Etc/Universal	Europe/Mariehamn
Etc/Zulu	Europe/Vatican
Etc/Greenwich	Europe/San_Marino
Etc/GMT-0	Europe/Ljubljana
Etc/GMT+0	Europe/Sarajevo
Etc/GMT0	Europe/Skopje
Europe	Europe/Zagreb
Europe/London	Europe/Bratislava
Europe/Belfast	Factory
Europe/Dublin	GMT
Europe/Tirane	HST
Europe/Andorra	Indian
Europe/Vienna	Indian/Comoro
Europe/Minsk	Indian/Antananarivo
Europe/Brussels	Indian/Mauritius



Indian/Mayotte Indian/Reunion Indian/Mahe Indian/Kerguelen Indian/Chagos Indian/Maldives Indian/Christmas Indian/Cocos MET MST MST7MDT PST8PDT Pacific Pacific/Rarotonga Pacific/Fiji Pacific/Gambier Pacific/Marquesas Pacific/Tahiti Pacific/Guam Pacific/Tarawa Pacific/Enderbury Pacific/Kiritimati Pacific/Saipan Pacific/Majuro Pacific/Kwajalein Pacific/Yap Pacific/Truk Pacific/Ponape Pacific/Kosrae Pacific/Nauru Pacific/Noumea Pacific/Auckland Pacific/Chatham Pacific/Niue Pacific/Norfolk Pacific/Palau Pacific/Port_Moresby Pacific/Pitcairn

Pacific/Pago_Pago Pacific/Apia Pacific/Guadalcanal Pacific/Fakaofo Pacific/Tongatapu Pacific/Palau Pacific/Port_Moresby Pacific/Pitcairn Pacific/Pago_Pago Pacific/Apia Pacific/Guadalcanal Pacific/Fakaofo Pacific/Tongatapu Pacific/Funafuti Pacific/Johnston Pacific/Midway Pacific/Wake Pacific/Efate Pacific/Wallis Pacific/Honolulu Pacific/Easter Pacific/Galapagos **SystemV** SystemV/AST4ADT SystemV/EST5EDT SystemV/CST6CDT SystemV/MST7MDT SystemV/PST8PDT SystemV/YST9YDT SystemV/AST4 SystemV/EST5 SystemV/CST6 SystemV/MST7 SystemV/PST8 SystemV/YST9 SystemV/HST10 WET

v



Appendix H – Example of config.xml

The following is one of the default sysctl entries in the factory default config file "/ubs/factory/config.xml".

Where:

XML Tag	Description
<param/>	start / end tag of an entry
<enable></enable>	The entry is enabled. If the tag is missing, the entry is disabled.
<uuid></uuid>	The unique id for the WebAdmin. ******
<name></name>	The variable name of the entry
<value></value>	The value of the entry
<comment></comment>	Description of the entry

For the variable name in the "/etc/sysctl.conf", please refer to FreeBSD documentation.



Appendix I – Example of uuid.php

The following is the php script for generating a new uuid. You may save it as the "/root/uuid.php". Run it in the AhsayUBS shell command prompt:

"php/root/uuid.php"

A new uuid will be generated. Copy it and paste it in the "<uuid></uuid>" tag.

```
<?php
require("util.inc");
echo uuid()."\n";
?>
```

An example output:

```
X-Powered-By: PHP/5.2.8
Content-type: text/html
```

e52e9dbb-e772-40a0-9426-d17fd4d17c23



Appendix J – Identifying Physical Local Block Devices on AhsayUBS

Method 1: Serial Number

The "Serial Number" is the unique identifier for a block device. Thus, the block device can be found physically in the machine by its serial number.

Here are the steps to look for the serial number in the AhsayUBS WebAdmin:

1. In the page [Storage] > [Summary], click on the block device icon

'L' that looking for. The page then will be redirected to [Storage] > [Summary] > [Block Device Information].

2. If the "Serial Number" can be retrieved by the block device, the row "Serial Number" will exist in the table.

Storage > Summary > Block Device Information



Volume ID	system	
Device ID	d01	
Device Name	ad0	
Device Path	/dev/ad0	
Device Type	ata	
Device Size	1,000,204,886,016 bytes	
Model Family	Seagate Barracuda ES.2	
Model Name	ST31000340N5	
Serial Number	9QJ44DZX	
Device Firmware Version	SN06	

Back

Method 2: Device name

If a block device is connected to a specific controller e.g. 'ad' for ATA or 'da' for SCSI. The connector will be named and ordered starting from 0, e.g. ad0, ad1, da0, da1 ... etc. Therefore, the block device can be identified according to the controller name and the connector number.

To look for the device name, please follow the steps below:

1. In the page [Storage] > [Summary], click on the block device icon ', that looking for. The page then will be redirected to [Storage] > [Summary] > [Block Device Information].

2. The "Device Name" exists in the information table.



Storage > Summary > Block Device Information



Volume ID	esms00
Device ID	m00c00
Device Name	da0
Device Path	/dev/da0
Device Type	scsi
Device Size	8.00 GB
Model Family	1.0
Model Name	Virtual disk 1.0

Back



Appendix K – SNMP OID List

The following OIDs are supported by AhsayUBS. By importing corresponding MIB definition files, those OID values are visible via MIB browser and Network Management Software (NMS). For the complete list of OIDs, please refer to the following MIB documentation:

U.C. Davis http://www.net-snmp.org/docs/mibs/ucdavis.html

Fokus Begemot (Mib-II)

http://www.freebsd.org/cgi/man.cgi?query=snmp_mibII&sektion=3&manpath=F reeBSD+8.3-RELEASE+and+Ports

Fokus Begemot (Host Resource) http://www.freebsd.org/cgi/man.cgi?query=snmp_hostres&sektion=3&manpath =FreeBSD+8.3-RELEASE+and+Ports

Fokus Begemot (NetGraph) http://www.freebsd.org/cgi/man.cgi?query=snmp_netgraph&sektion=3&manpat h=FreeBSD+8.3-RELEASE+and+Ports

Notes: Please refer to the page [System] > [Settings] > [SNMP] for a simplified OID list.

Trap string	ubs
	Trap string.
SNMP Modules	Download MIB files

Save and Restart

The following OIDs are supported by the FreeBSD SNMP service. By importing the corresponding MIB definition files, the OID values can be retrieved by MIB browser and Network Management Software (NMS).

System Information	
OID Prefix	iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-2.system.
OID Name	OID Description
sysDescr	A textual description of the this node. It is denoted by the CPU and kernel information.
sysContact	The textual identification of the contact person for this managed node, together with information on how to contact this person. It is denoted by the above 'Contact' text field.
sysName	An administratively-assigned name for this managed node. It is denoted by the fully-qualified domain name.
sysLocation	The physical location of this node. It is denoted by the above 'Location' text field.
CPU Statistics	
OID Prefix	iso.org.dod.internet.private.enterprises.ucdavis.systemStats.
OID Name	OID Description
ssCpuUser	The percentage of CPU time spent processing user-level code over the last minute.
ssCpuSystem	The percentage of CPU time spent processing system-level code over the last minute.
ssCpuIdle	The percentage of CPU time spent idle over the last minute.



System	
OID Prefix: iso.	org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-2.system.
sysName	An administratively-assigned name for this managed node. By convention, this is the node's fully-qualified domain name.
sysDescr	A textual description of the node. This value should include the full name and version identification of the system's hardware type, software operating-system, and networking software. It is mandatory that this only contain printable ASCII characters.
sysLocation	The physical location of this node (e.g., 'telephone closet, 3rd floor').
sysContact	The textual identification of the contact person for this managed node, together with information on how to contact this person.

Memory	
OID Prefix: iso.c	prg.dod.internet.private.enterprises.ucdavis.memory.
memTotalReal	The total amount of physical memory (kBytes) installed on this host.
memAvailReal	The amount of physical memory (kBytes) currently available.
memTotalSwap	The total amount of swap space (kBytes) configured for this host.
memAvailSwap	The amount of swap space (kBytes) currently available.
memTotalFree	The total amount of memory (kBytes) available for use on this host.

Storage

Each storage entry in the AhsayUBS system has been indexed by the 'dskIndex' attribute (which is located in the attribute suffix). The corresponding 'dskPath', 'dskDevice', 'dskTotal', 'dskAvail', 'dskUsed' and 'dskPercent' attributes will be mapped by the same index.

e.g. 'dskIndex.1' implies 'dskPath.1', 'dskDevice.1', 'dskTotal.1', 'dskAvail.1', 'dskUsed.1' and 'dskPercent.1'

OID Prefix: iso.org.dod.internet.private.enterprises.ucdavis.dskTable.dskEntry.		
dskIndex	Integer reference number (row number) for the disk MIB.	
dskPath	Logical path where the disk is mounted.	
dskDevice	Logical path of the device for the partition.	
dskTotal	Total size of the disk (kBytes).	
dskAvail	Available space on the disk (kBytes).	
dskUsed	Used space on the disk (kBytes).	



We back up your business

dskPercent	Percentage of space used on disk.	
Each storage entry in the UBS system has been indexed by the 'hrStorageIndex' attribute (which is located in the attribute suffix). The corresponding 'hrStorageDescr', 'hrStorageSize' and 'hrStorageUsed' attributes will be mapped by the same index. e.g. 'hrStorageIndex.1' implies 'hrStorageDescr.1', 'hrStorageSize.1' and 'hrStorageUsed.1'		
OID Prefix: iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib- 2.host.hrStorage.hrStorageTable.hrStorageEntry.		
hrStorageIndex	A unique key assigned by the MIB to represent a storage area in the host.	
hrStorageDescr	A description of the type and instance of the storage described by this entry.	
hrStorageSize	The storage size in units of 'hrStorageAllocationUnits'.	
hrStorageUsed	Used storage space in units of 'hrStorageAllocationUnits'.	

Network

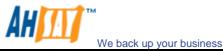
Each network interface in the AhsayUBS system has been indexed by the 'ifIndex' attribute (which is located in the attribute suffix).

The 'ifIndex' and 'ifAdEntIfIndex' correspond to the same indexed interface.

The corresponding 'ifDescr', 'ifSpeed', 'ifPhysAddress', 'ifAdEntAddr' and 'ifAdEntNetMask' attributes will be mapped by the same index. e.g. 'ifIndex.1' implies 'ifDescr.1', 'ifSpeed.1', 'ifPhysAddress.1', 'ifAdEntAddr.1' and 'ifAdEntNetMask.1'

OID Prefix: iso.o	org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-2.interfaces.ifTable.ifEntry.		
ifIndex	A unique key assigned to each interface from MIB. Its value ranges between 1 and the value of 'ifNumber'. The value for each interface must remain constant at least from one re-initialization of the entity's network management system to the next re-initialization.		
ifDescr	A textual string containing information about the interface. This string should include the name of the manufacturer, the product name and the version of the hardware interface.		
ifSpeed	An estimate of the interface's current bandwidth in bits per second. For interfaces which do not vary in bandwidth or for those where no accurate estimation can be made, this object should contain the nominal bandwidth.		
ifPhysAddress	The interface's address at the protocol layer immediately 'below' the network layer in the protocol stack. For interfaces which do not have such an address (e.g., a serial line), this object should contain an octet string of zero length.		
OID Prefix: iso.o	OID Prefix: iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-2.ip.ipAddrTable.ipAddrEntry.		

OID Prefix: iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-2.ip.ipAddrTable.ipAddrEntry.



ipAdEntIfIndex	The index value which uniquely identifies the interface. The value is the same as 'ifIndex'.
ipAdEntAddr	IP address assigned to the interface.
ipAdEntNetMask	The subnet mask associated with the IP address to the interface. The value of the mask is an IP address with all the network bits set to 1 and all the hosts bits set to 0.

Routing	Routing						
This entity's IP Routi	This entity's IP Routing table.						
OID Prefix: iso.org.d	OID Prefix: iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-2.ip.ipForward.ipCidrRouteTable.						
ipCidrRouteIfIndex	The 'ifIndex' value that identifies the local interface through which the next hop of this route should be reached.						
ipCidrRouteNextHop	On remote routes, the address of the next system enroute; Otherwise, 0.0.0.0.						

CPU Statistics

The following attributes provide measure to CPU usage in number of 'ticks' (typically 1/100s).

On a multi-processor system, the counter values are cumulative over all CPUs, so their sum will typically be N*100 (for N processors).

		-						-							
State	stem	is sv	ucdavi	rises	nterr	te e	nriva	net	inter	hob	ora	isn	Prefix:		
2	Steme	IS.SV	ucuav	nses.	nterr	ie.e	DLIVS	net.	inter	.aoa.	. Or Q.	ISO	Prenx:	OID	

ssCpuRawWait	The number of 'ticks' spent waiting for I/O.
ssCpuRawKern el	The number of 'ticks' spent processing in the kernel over the last minute.
ssCpuRawSyst em	The number of 'ticks' spent processing system-level code over the last minute. This object may sometimes be implemented as the combination of the 'ssCpuRawWait(54)' and 'ssCpuRawKernel(55)' counters, so care must be taken when summing the overall raw counters.
ssCpuRawUser	The number of 'ticks' spent processing user-level code over the last minute.
ssCpuRawIdle	The number of 'ticks' spent idle over the last minute.

Disk I/O Statistics

Each storage device in the AhsayUBS system has been indexed by the 'diskIOIndex' attribute.

The corresponding 'diskIODevice', 'diskIONRead' and 'diskIOWritten' attributes will be mapped by the same index.

e.g. 'diskIOIndex.1' implies 'diskIODevice.1', 'diskIONRead.1' and



'diskIOWritten.1'

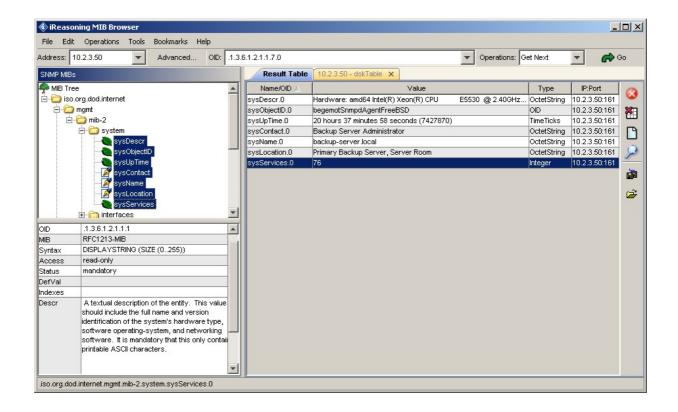
OID Prefix: iso.org.dod.internet.private.enterprises.ucdavis.ucdExperimental.ucdDiskIOMIB .diskIOTable.diskIOEntry.					
diskIOIndex	Reference index for each observed device.				
diskIODevice	The name of the device we are counting / checking.				
diskIONRead	The number of bytes read from this device since boot.				
diskIOWritten	The number of bytes written to this device since boot.				

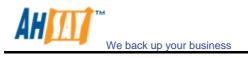


Appendix L - MIB Browser

MIB Browser allows administrators to load MIB definition files and connects to SNMP enabled network devices and applications. Some MIB browsers provide both text view and table view for the retrieved MIB values. In the following, we are going to demonstrate with the 'iReasoning MIB Browser Personal Edition'. (http://ireasoning.com/downloadmibbrowserfree.php)

- 1. The MIB Browser GUI includes the following views:
 - Address and Advanced (menu bar, for SNMP agent connection configuration)
 - MIB Tree (top left panel, presenting the supported MIB entities)
 - MIB Description (bottom left panel, presenting the MIB entity detail)
 - Result Table (top right panel, presenting the OID query result)





 Additional MIB definition files can be loaded to the MIB Browser. Download and extract the MIB archive from UBS [System -> Settings -> SNMP].

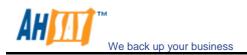
Simple Network Managemen	t Protocol
Status	Running
Location	Primary Backup Server, Server Room Location information, e.g. physical location of this system: 'Floor of building, Room xyz'.
Contact	Backup Server Administrator Contact information, e.g. name or email of the person responsible for this system.
Community	public Enter read community string here.
Traps	✓ Enable traps.
Trap host	alex-cheng.ahsayhqt.local Enter trap host name.
Trap port	162 Enter the port to send the traps to (default 162).
Trap string	ubs Zup-scring:
SNMP Modules	Download MIB files
Save and Restart	

Click on 'File -> Load MIBs' to load the following MIB definition files:

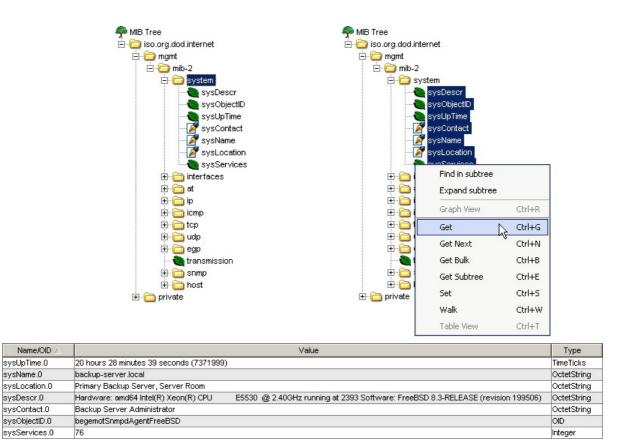
- BEGEMOT-HOSTRES-MIB.txt
- BEGEMOT-IP-MIB.txt
- BEGEMOT-MIB.txt
- BEGEMOT-MIB2-MIB.txt
- BEGEMOT-NETGRAPH.txt
- BEGEMOT-SNMPD.txt
- FOKUS-MIB.txt
- HOST-RESOURCES-MIB.txt
- RFC1213-MIB.txt
- UCD-SNMP-MIB.txt

🚯 Open		×
Look in:	💼 mibs 🗾 😰 🖽 📰	
My Recent Documents Desktop My Documents	 BEGEMOT-HOSTRES-MIB.txt BEGEMOT-IP-MIB.txt BEGEMOT-MIB.txt BEGEMOT-MIB2-MIB.txt BEGEMOT-NETGRAPH.txt BEGEMOT-SNMPD.txt FOKUS-MIB.txt HOST-RESOURCES-MIB.txt RFC1213-MIB.txt UCD-SNMP-MIB.txt 	
My Computer	File name: Open Files of type: All Files Cance	

3. SNMP 'Get' and 'Walk' operation



By selecting specific OID entities, the SNMP 'Get' operation will retrieve the selected OID values. The OID entities will be mapped with the corresponding name defined in the MIB files. For example, we may retrieve the all entity values under the OID 'iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-2.system' via the MIB Browser.



On the other hand, the MIB Browser may walk through the entire MIB Tree by the SNMP 'Walk' operation. All OID entities will be retrieved from the SNMP agent. If the corresponding MIB definition file is not found, the retrieved OID will be displayed in numeric format.

rg.doc :-	Final in subtran		Name/OID 🛆	Value	Туре	
mgmt Find in subtree		sysDescr.0	Hardware: amd64 Intel(R) Xeon(R) C	OctetString		
🔵 mik	Expand subtree		sysObjectID.0	begemotSnmpdAgentFreeBSD	OID	
	Graph View	Ctrl+R	sysUpTime.0	17 minutes 48 seconds (106863)	TimeTicks	
- 🔁	Graphi view	CUITR	sysContact.0	Backup Server Administrator	OctetString	
	Get Next	Ctrl+N	sysName.0	backup-server.local	OctetString	
	Get Bulk	Ctrl+B	sysLocation.0	Primary Backup Server, Server Room	OctetString	
			sysServices.0	76	Integer	
	Get Subtree	Ctrl+E	.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.8.0	180 milliseconds (18)	TimeTicks	
	Walk 🔓	Ctrl+W	.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.9.1.2.1	begemotSnmpdTransUdp	OID	
	Table View	Ctrl+T	.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.9.1.2.2	begemotSnmpdTransLsock	OID	
4		.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.9.1.2.3	.1.3.6.1.6.3.1	OID		
	nmp		.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.9.1.2.4	begemotSnmpd	OID	
	ost		.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.9.1.2.5	.1.3.6.1.2.1.31	OID	
9 4 - 10	prises		.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.9.1.2.6	.1.3.6.1.2.1.48	OID	
	prises cdavis		.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.9.1.2.7	.1.3.6.1.2.1.49	OID	
_	okus		.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.9.1.2.8	.1.3.6.1.2.1.50	OID	
. 1	JINUS		.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.9.1.2.9	.1.3.6.1.2.1.4.24	OID	

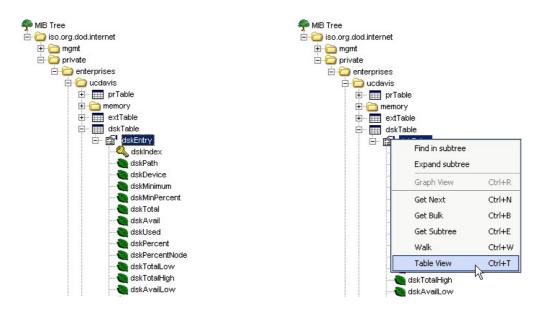
4. MIB Browser Table View



Some OID may exist as customized entry type. Multiple instances of entity value may exist under certain OID. For example, a system may contain multiple disks that each disk could be indexed by a unique index value. In such case, the MIB Browser may provide the 'Table View' that all supported entity values can be presented in table format.

Name	dskEntry	
OID	.1.3.6.1.4.1.2021.9.1	
MIB	UCD-SNMP-MIB	
Syntax	DskEntry	
Access	not-accessible	
Status	current	
DefVal		
Indexes	dskindex	
Descr	An entry containing a disk and its statistics.	

From OID 'iso.org.dod.internet.private.ucdavis.dskTable.dskEntry', we may retrieve the system disk detail in table view with the corresponding 'dskPath', 'dskDevice', 'dskTotal', 'dskUsed' and 'dskPercent' entity values.



	dskindex	dskPath	dskDevice	dskTotal	dskAvail	dskUsed	dskPercent	dskPercentNode
1	1	1	/dev/md0	126702	29324	97378	77	11
2	2	/dev	devfs	1	0	1	100	100
3	3	/ubs/mnt/esfmfw	/dev/mirror/48555C78xesfmfw	756748	485064	211146	30	2
4	4	/ubs/mnt/esisfw	esisfwx48555C78	5515483	5220355	295128	5	0
5	5	Mar	/dev/md1	15598	14178	174	1	2
6	6	/ubs/mnt/esosfw	/dev/mirror/48555C78xesosfw	190252	83140	91892	53	0



Appendix M – VMware Tools Support

Since AhsayUBS 2.9.0.0, we have added the support on the VMware tools. Please refer to the following link on the usage.

http://sourceforge.net/apps/mediawiki/open-vm-tools/index.php?title=Packaging